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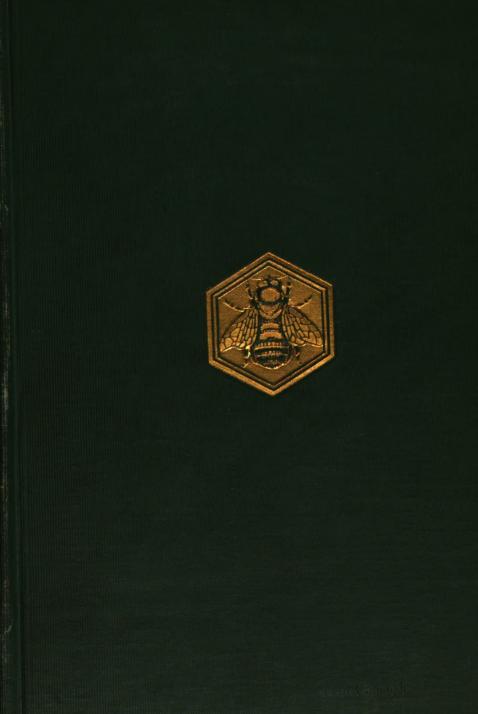
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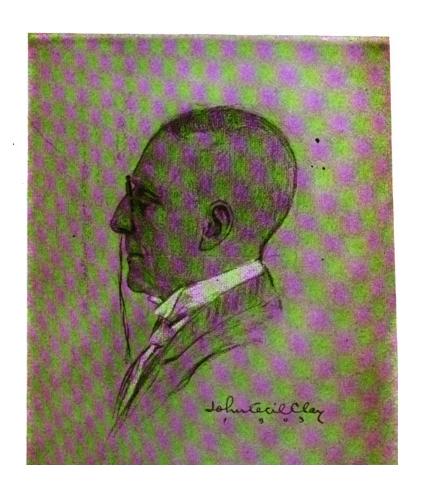


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THE COMPLETE WORKS

OF

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY

IN WHICH THE POEMS, INCLUDING A NUMBER HERETOPORE UNPUBLISHED,
ARE ARRANGED IN THE ORDER IN WHICH THEY WERE WRITTEN,
TOGSTHER WITH PHOTOGRAPHS, BIBLIOGRAPHIC NOTES,
AND A LIFE SKETCH OF THE AUTHOR

COLLECTED AND EDITED BY
EDMUND HENRY EITEL

BIOGRAPHICAL EDITION
VOLUME FIVE

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JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY



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THE COMPLETE WORKS OF JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY IN SIX VOLUMES

"THEM OLD CHEERY WORDS"

PAP he allus ust to say,
"Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"
Liked to hear him thataway,
In his old split-bottomed cheer
By the fireplace here at night—
Wood all in,—and room all bright,
Warm and snug, and folks all here:
"Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"

Me and 'Lize, and Warr'n and Jess
And Eldory home fer two
Weeks' vacation; and, I guess,
Old folks tickled through and through,
Same as we was,—"Home onc't more
Fer another Chris'mus—shore!"
Pap 'ud say, and tilt his cheer,—
"Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"

Mostly Pap was ap' to be
Ser'ous in his "daily walk,"
As he called it; giner'ly
Was no hand to joke er talk.
Fac's is, Pap had never be'n
Rugged-like at all—and then
Three years in the army had
Hepped to break him purty bad.

Never flinched! but frost and snow
Hurt his wownd in winter. But
You bet Mother knowed it, though!—
Watched his feet, and made him putt
On his flannen; and his knee,
Where it never healed up, he
Claimed was "well now—mighty near—
Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"

"Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"

Pap 'ud say, and snap his eyes

Row o' apples sputter'n' here

Mother tuk most comfort in

Jes' a-he'ppin' Pap: She'd fill

His pipe fer him, er his tin

O' hard cider; er set still

And read fer him out the pile

O' newspapers putt on file

Whilse he was with Sherman—(She

Knowed the whole war-history!)

Sometimes he'd git het up some.—
"Boys," he'd say, "and you girls, too,
Chris'mus is about to come;
So, as you've a right to do,
Celebrate it! Lots has died,
Same as Him they crucified,
That you might be happy here.
Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"

Missed his voice last Chris'mus—missed
Them old cheery words, you know!
Mother helt up tel she kissed
All of us—then had to go

"Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"—
"Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"
Over, over, still I hear,
"Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"
Yit, like him, I'm goin' to smile
And keep cheerful all the while:
Allus Chris'mus There—And here
"Chris'mus comes but onc't a year!"

A DUBIOUS "OLD KRISS"

US-FOLKS is purty pore—but Ma She's waitin'—two years more—tel Pa He serves his term out. Our Pa he— He's in the Penitenchurrie!

Now don't you tell!—'cause Sis,
The baby, she don't know he is.—
'Cause she wuz only four, you know,
He kissed her last an' hat to go!

Pa alluz liked Sis best of all Us childern.—'Spect it's 'cause she fall When she 'uz ist a *child*, one day— An' make her back look thataway.

Pa—'fore he be a burglar—he's A locksmiff, an' maked locks, an' keys, An' knobs you pull fer bells to ring, An' he could ist make anything!—

Pa's out o' work when Chris'mus come One time, an' stay away from home, An' 's drunk an' 'buse our Ma, an' swear They ain't no "Old Kriss" anywhere!

An' Sis she alluz say they wuz
A' Old Kriss—an' she alluz does.
But ef they is a' Old Kriss, why,
When's Chris'mus, Ma she alluz cry?

This Chris'mus now, we live here in Where Ma's rent's alluz due ag'in—An' she "ist slaves"—I heerd her say She did—ist them words thataway!

An' th'other night, when all's so cold An' stove's 'most out—our Ma she rolled Us in th' old feather-bed an' said, "To-morry's Chris'mus—go to bed,

"An' thank yer blessed stars fer this— We don't 'spect nothin' from old Kriss!" An' cried, an' locked the door, an' prayed, An' turned the lamp down. . . . An' I laid I sleeped nen.—An' wuz dreamin' some When I waked up an' mornin' 's come,— Fer our Ma she wuz settin' square Straight up in bed, a-readin' there

Some letter 'at she'd read, an' quit, An' nen hold like she's huggin' it.— An' diamon' ear-rings she don't know Wuz in her ears tel I say so—

An' wake the rest up. An' the sun In frue the winder dazzle-un Them eyes o' Sis's, wiv a sure-Enough gold chain Old Kriss bringed to 'er!

An' all of us git gold things!—Sis,
Though, say she know it "ain't Old Kriss—
He kissed her, so she waked an' saw
Him skite out—an' it wuz her Pa."

YOUR HEIGHT IS OURS

TO RICHARD HENRY STODDARD, AT THE STODDARD BANQUET BY THE AUTHORS CLUB, NEW YORK, MARCH 25, 1897

Of gifts divinely sent,—
Your own!—nor envy anywhere,
Nor voice of discontent.

Though, of ourselves, all poor are we, And frail and weak of wing, Your height is ours—your ecstasy— Your glory, when you sing.

Most favored of the gods, and great In gifts beyond our store, We covet not your rich estate, But prize our own the more.—

HYMN EXULTANT

FOR EASTER

VOICE of Mankind, sing over land and sea—
Sing, in this glorious morn!
The long, long night is gone from Calvary—
The cross, the thong and thorn;
The sealed tomb yields up its saintly guest,
No longer to be burdened and oppressed.

Heart of Mankind, thrill answer to His own,
So human, yet divine!
For earthly love He left His heavenly throne—
For love like thine and mine—
For love of us, as one might kiss a bride,
His lifted lips touched death's, all satisfied.

Soul of Mankind, He wakes—He lives once more!
O soul, with heart and voice
Sing! sing!—the stone rolls chorus from the door—
Our Lord stands forth.—Rejoice!

"O LIFE! O BEYOND!"

STRANGE—strange, O mortal Life,
The perverse gifts that came to me from you!
From childhood I have wanted all good things:
You gave me few.

You gave me faith in One—
Divine—above your own imperious might,
O mortal Life, while I but wanted you
And your delight.

I wanted dancing feet,
And flowery, grassy paths by laughing streams;
You gave me loitering steps, and eyes all blurred
With tears and dreams.

I wanted love,—and, lo!
As though in mockery, you gave me loss.
O'erburdened sore, I wanted rest: you gave
The heavier cross.

Now, at the last vast verge
Of barren age, I stumble, reel, and fling
Me down, with strength all spent and heart athirst
And famishing.

Yea, now, Life, deal me death,—
Your worst—your vaunted worst! . . . Across
my breast
With numb and fumbling hands I gird me for
The best.

OUR QUEER OLD WORLD

Fer them 'at's here in airliest infant stages, It's a hard world:

Fer them 'at gits the knocks of boyhood's ages, It's a mean world:

Fer them 'at nothin's good enough they're gittin', It's a bad world:

Fer them 'at learns at last what's right and fittin', It's a good world.

-THE HIRED MAN

It's a purty hard world you find, my child—
It's a purty hard world you find!
You fight, little rascal! and kick and squall,
And snort out medicine, spoon and all!
When you're here longer you'll change your mind
And simmer down sort o' half-rickonciled.

But now—Jee!My!-mun-nee!
It's a purty hard world, my child!

It's a purty mean world you're in, my lad—
It's a purty mean world you're in!
We know, of course, in your schoolboy-days
It's a world of too many troublesome ways
Of tryin' things over and startin' ag'in,—

Yit your chance beats what your parents had.

But now—Oh!

Fire-and-tow!

It's a purty mean world, my lad!

It's a purty bad world you've struck, young chap—
It's a purty bad world you've struck—
But study the cards that you hold, you know,
And your hopes will sprout and your mustache
grow,

And your store-clothes likely will change your luck,

And you'll rake a rich ladybird into your lap!

But now—Doubt

All things out.—

It's a purty bad world, young chap!

It's a purty good world this is, old man—
It's a purty good world this is!

For all its follies and shows and lies—
Its rainy weather, and cheeks likewise,
And age, hard-hearin' and rheumatiz.—

We're not a-faultin' the Lord's own plan—
All things 's jest
At their best.—

It's a purty good world, old man!

ON A YOUTHFUL PORTRAIT OF STEVENSON

A FACE of youth mature; a mouth of tender,
Sad, human sympathy, yet something stoic
In clasp of lip: wide eyes of calmest splendor,
And brow serenely ample and heroic:—
The features—all—lit with a soul ideal . . .
O visionary boy! what were you seeing,
What hearing, as you stood thus midst the real
Ere yet one master-work of yours had being?

Is it a foolish fancy that we humor—
Investing daringly with life and spirit
This youthful portrait of you ere one rumor
Of your great future spoke that men might hear
it?—

Is it a fancy, or your first of glories,

That you were listening, and the camera drew you

Having the prices of your until stories.

RUBÁIYÁT OF DOC SIFERS

PROEM

- We found him in that Far-away that yet to us seems near—
- We vagrants of but yesterday when idlest youth was here,—
- When lightest song and laziest mirth possessed us through and through,
- And all the dreamy summer-earth seemed drugged with morning dew:
- When our ambition scarce had shot a stalk or blade indeed:
- Yours,—choked as in the garden-spot you still deferred to "weed":
- Mine,—but a pipe half-cleared of pith—as now it fiats and whines
- In sympathetic cadence with a hiccough in the lines.
- 'Ay, even then—O timely hour!—the High Gods did confer
- In our behalf:—And, clothed in power, lo, came their Courier—
- Not winged with flame nor shod with wind,—but ambling down the pike,
- Horseback, with saddle-bags behind, and guise all human-like.

'And it was given us to see, beneath his rustic rind, A native force and mastery of such inspiring kind, That half unconsciously we made obeisance.—Smiling, thus

His soul shone from his eyes and laid its glory

over us.

Though, faring still that Far-away that yet to us seems near,

His form, through mists of yesterday, fades from the vision here.

Forever as he rides, it is in retinue divine,—

The hearts of all his time are his, with your hale heart and mine.

RUBÁIYÁT

OF

DOC SIFERS

I

IF you don't know Doc Sifers I'll jes' argy, here and now,

You've bin a mighty little while about here, anyhow,

'Cause Doc he's rid these roads and woods—er swum 'em, now and then—

And practised in this neighborhood sence hain't no tellin' when!

TT

In radius o' fifteen mil'd, all p'ints o' compass round, No man er woman, chick er child, er team, on top o' ground,

But knows him—yes, and got respects and likin' fer him, too,

Fer all his so-to-speak dee-fects o' genius showin' through!

19

III

Some claims he's absent-minded; some has said they wuz afeard

To take his powders when he come and dosed 'em out, and 'peared '

To have his mind on somepin' else—like County Ditch, er some

New way o' tannin' mussrat-pelts, er makin' butter come.

IV

He's cur'ous—they hain't no mistake about it!—but he's got

Enough o' extry brains to make a jury—like as not. They's no describin' Sifers,—fer, when all is said and done,

He's jes' hisse'f Doc Sifers—ner they hain't no other one!

V

Doc's allus sociable, polite, and 'greeable, you'll find—

Pervidin' ef you strike him right and nothin' on his mind,—

Like in some hurry, when they've sent fer Sifers quick, you see,

To 'tend some sawmill-accident, er picnic jamboree;

. VI

Er when the lightin' 's struck some harebrained harvest-hand; er in

Some 'tempt o' suicidin'—where they'd ort to try ag'in!

I've knowed Doc haul up from a trot and talk a' hour er two

When railly he'd a-ort o' not a-stopped fer "Howdy-do!"

VII

And then, I've met him 'long the road, a-lopin', starin' straight

Ahead,—and yit he never knowed me when I hollered "Yate,

Old Saddlebags!" all hearty-like, er "Who you goin' to kill?"

And he'd say nothin'—only hike on faster, starin' still!

VIII

I'd bin insulted, many a time, ef I jes' wuzn't shore Doc didn't mean a thing. And I'm not tetchy any more

Sence that-air day, ef he'd a-jes' a-stopped to jaw with me,

They'd bin a little dorter less in my own fambily!

IX

Times now, at home, when Sifers' name comes up, I jes' let on,

You know, 'at I think Doc's to blame, the way he's bin and gone

And disapp'inted folks—'L1-jee-mun-nee! you'd ort to then

Jes' hear my wife light into me—"ongratefulest o' men!"

X

'Mongst all the women—mild er rough, splendiferous er plain,

Er them with sense, er not enough to come in out the rain,—

Jes' ever' shape and build and style o' women, fat er slim—

They all like Doc, and got a smile and pleasant word fer him!

XI

Ner hain't no horse I've ever saw but what'll neigh and try

To sidle up to him, and paw, and sense him, ear-

XII

- And same with dogs,—take any breed, er strain, er pedigree,
- Er racial caste 'at can't concede no use fer you er me,—
- They'll putt all predju-dice aside in *Doc's* case and go in
- Kahoots with him, as satisfied as he wuz kith-and-kin!

XIII

- And Doc's a wonder, trainin' pets!—He's got a chicken-hawk,
- In kind o' half-cage, where he sets out in the gyarden-walk,
- And got that wild bird trained so tame, he'll loose him, and he'll fly
- Clean to the woods!—Doc calls his name—and he'll come, by and by!

XIV

- Some says no money down 'ud buy that bird o'
 Doc.—Ner no
- Inducement to the bird, says I, 'at he'd let Sifers go!
- And Doc he say 'at he's content—long as a bird o' prey
- Kin 'bide him, it's a compliment, and takes it thataway.

XV

- But, gittin' back to docterin'—all the sick and in distress,
- And old and pore, and weak and small, and lone and motherless,—
- I jes' tell you I 'preciate the man 'at's got the love To "go ye forth and ministrate!" as Scriptur' tells us of.

XVI

- Dull times, Doc jes' mianders round, in that old rig o' his:
- And hain't no tellin' where he's bound ner guessin' where he is;
- He'll drive, they tell, jes' thataway fer maybe six er eight
- Days at a stretch; and neighbers say he's bin clean round the State.

XVII

- He picked a' old tramp up, one trip, 'bout eighty mil'd from here,
- And fetched him home and k-yored his hip, and kep' him 'bout a year;
- And feller said—in all his ja'nts round this terreschul ball
- 'At no man wuz a circumstance to Doc!—he topped 'em all!—

XVIII

- Said, bark o' trees 's a' open book to Doc, and vines and moss
- He read like writin'—with a look knowed ever' dot and cross:
- Said, stars at night wuz jes' as good's a compass: said, he s'pose
- You couldn't lose Doc in the woods the darkest night that blows!

XIX

- Said, Doc'll tell you, purty clos't, by underbresh and plants,
- How fur off warter is,—and 'most perdict the sort o' chance
- You'll have o' findin' fish; and how they're liable to bite.
- And whether they're a-bitin' now, er only after night.

$\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}$

- And, whilse we're talkin' fish,—I mind they formed a fishin'-crowd
- (When folks could fish 'thout gittin' fined, and seinin' wuz allowed!)
- O' leadin' citizens, you know, to go and seine "Old Blue"—
- But hadn't no big seine, and so—w'y, what wuz they to do? . . .

XXI

And Doc he say he thought 'at he could knit a stitch er two—

"Bring the materials to me—'at's all I'm astin' you!"
And down he sets—six weeks, i jing! and knits
that seine plum done—

Made corks too, brails and ever'thing—good as a boughten one!

XXII

Doc's public sperit—when the sick's not takin' all his time

And he's got some fer politics—is simple yit sublime:—

He'll talk his principles—and they air honest;—but the sly

Friend strikes him first, election-day, he'd 'commodate, er die!

XXIII

And yit, though Doc, as all men knows, is square straight up and down,

That vote o' his is—well, I s'pose—the cheapest one in town:—

XXIV

- You kin corrupt the ballot-box—corrupt yourse'f, as well—
- Corrupt some neighbers,—but old Doc's as oncorruptible
- As Holy Writ. So putt a pin right there!—Let Sifers be,
- I jucks! he wouldn't vote ag'in' his own worst inimy!

XXV

- When Cynthy Eubanks laid so low with fever, and Doc Glenn
- Told Euby Cynth 'ud haf to go—they sends fer Sifers then!...
- Doc sized the case: "She's starved," says he, "fer warter—yes, and meat!
- The treatment 'at she'll git from me's all she kin drink and eat!"

XXVI

- He orders Euby then to split some wood, and take and build
- A fire in kitchen-stove, and git a young spring-

XXVII

- And biled that chicken-broth, and got that dinner—all complete
- And clean and crisp and good and hot as mortal ever eat!
- And Cynth and Euby both'll say 'at Doc'll git as good
- Meals-vittles up, jes' any day, as any woman could!

XXVIII

- Time Sister Abbick tuk so bad with striffen o' the lung,
- P'tracted Meetin', where she had jes' shouted, prayed, and sung
- All winter long, through snow and thaw,—when Sifers come, says he:
- "No, M'lissy; don't poke out your raw and cloven tongue at me!—

XXIX

- "I know, without no symptoms but them injarubbershoes
- You promised me to never putt a fool-foot in ner use
- At purril o' your life!" he said. "And I won't save you now,
- Onless—here on your dyin' bed—you consecrate your vow!"

XXX

- Without a-claimin' any creed, Doc's rail religious views
- Nobody knows—ner got no need o' knowin' whilse he choose
- To be heerd not of man, ner raise no loud, vainglorious prayers
- In crowded marts, er public ways, er—i jucks, anywheres!—

XXXI

- 'Less'n it is away deep down in his own heart, at night,
- Facin' the storm, when all the town's a-sleepin' snug and tight—
- Him splashin' hence from scenes o' pride and sloth and gilded show,
- To some pore sufferer's bedside o' anguish, don't you know!

IIXXX

- Er maybe dead o' winter—makes no odds to Doc,—he's got
- To face the weather ef it takes the hide off! 'cause he'll not
- Lie out o' goin' and p'tend he's sick hisse'f—like some
- 'At I could name 'at folks might send fer and they'd never come!

XXXIII

- Like pore Phin Hoover—when he goes to that last dance o' his!
- That Chris'mus when his feet wuz froze—and Doc saved all they is
- Left of 'em—"'Nough," as Phin say now, "to track me by, and be
- A advertisement, anyhow, o' what Doc's done fer me!—

XXXIV

- "When he come—knife-and-saw"—Phin say, "I knowed, ef I'd the spunk,
- 'At Doc 'ud fix me up some way, ef nothin' but my trunk
- Wuz left, he'd fasten casters in, and have me, spick-and-span,
- A-skootin' round the streets ag'in as spry as any man!"

XXXV

- Doc sees a patient's got to quit—he'll ease him down serene
- As dozin' off to sleep, and yit not dope him with morbheen.—

XXXVI

And, mind ye now !—it's not in scoff and scorn, by long degree,

'At Doc gits things like that-un off: it's jes' his shority

And total faith in Life to Come,—w'y, "from that Land o' Bliss."

He says, "we'll haf to chuckle some, a-lookin' back at this!"

XXXVII

And, still in p'int, I mind, one night o' 'nitiation at Some secert lodge, 'at Doc set right down on 'em, square and flat,

When they mixed up some Scriptur' and wuz funnin'-like—w'y, he

Lit in 'em with a rep'imand 'at ripped 'em, A to Z!

XXXVIII

And onc't—when gineral loafin'-place wuz old Shoe-Shop—and all

The gang 'ud git in there and brace their backs

XXXIX

There wuz Sloke Haines and old Ike Knight and Coonrod Simmes—all three

Ag'inst the Bible and the Light, and scoutin' Deity. "Science," says Ike, "it DIMonstrates—it takes nobody's word—

Scriptur' er not,—it 'vestigates ef sich things could occurred!"

XL

- Well, Doc he heerd this,—he'd drapped in a minute, fer to git
- A tore-off heel pegged on ag'in,—and, as he stood on it
- And stomped and grinned, he says to Ike, "I s'pose now, purty soon
- Some lightin'-bug, indignant-like, 'll 'vestigate the moon! . . .

XLI

- "No, Ike," says Doc, "this world hain't saw no brains like yourn and mine
- With sense enough to grasp a law 'at takes a brain divine.—
- I've bared the thoughts of brains in doubt, and felt their finest pulse,—
- And mortal brains jes' won't turn out omnipotent results!"

XLII

- And Doc he's got respects to spare the rich as well as pore—
- Says he, "I'd turn no millionnaire onsheltered from my door."—
- Says he, "What's wealth to him in quest o' honest friends to back
- And love him fer hisse'f?—not jes' because he's made his jack!"

XLIII

- And childern.—Childern? Lawzy-day! Doc worships 'em!—You call
- Round at his house and ast 'em!—they're a-swarmin' there—that's all!—
- They're in his Lib'ry—in best room—in kitchen—fur and near,—
- In office too, and, I p'sume, his operatin'-cheer!

XLIV

- You know they's men 'at bees won't sting?—They's plaguy few,—But Doc
- He's one o' them.—And same, i jing! with childern;—they jes' flock
- Round Sifers natchurl!—in his lap, and in his pockets, too,
- And in his old fur mitts and cap, and heart as warm and true!

XLV

- It's cur'ous, too,—'cause Doc hain't got no childern of his own—
- 'Ceptin' the ones he's tuk and brought up, 'at's bin left alone
- And orphans when their father died, er mother, and Doc he
- Has he'pped their dyin' satisfied.—"The child shall live with me

XLVI

- "And Winniferd, my wife," he'd say, and stop right there, and cle'r
- His th'oat, and go on thinkin' way some motherhearts down here
- Can't never feel their own babe's face a-pressin' 'em, ner make
- Their naked breasts a restin'-place fer any baby's sake.

XLVII

- Doc's Lib'ry—as he calls it,—well, they's ha'f-a-dozen she'ves
- Jam-full o' books—I couldn't tell how many—count yourse'ves!

XLVIII

- And Plutarch's Lives—and life also o' Dan'el Boone, and this-
- Here Mungo Park, and Adam Poe—jes' all the lives they is!
- And Doc's got all the *novels* out,—by Scott and Dickison
- And Cooper.—And, I make no doubt, he's read 'em ever' one!

XLIX

- Onc't, in his office, settin' there, with crowd o' eight er nine
- Old neighbers with the time to spare, and Doc a-feelin' fine,
- A man rid up from Rollins, jes' fer Doc to write him out
- Some blame' p'scription—done, I guess, in minute, nigh about.—

L

- And I says, "Doc, you 'pear so spry, jes' write me that recei't
- You have fer bein' happy by,—fer that 'ud shorely beat
- Your medicine!" says I.—And quick as s'cat! Doc

ı

LI

And then, "A-talkin' furder 'bout that line o' thought," says he,

"Ef we'll jes' do the work cut out and give' to you and me,

We'll lack no joy, ner appetite, ner all we'd ort to eat,

And sleep like childern ever' night—as puore and ca'm and sweet."

LII

Doc has bin 'cused o' offishness and lack o' talkin' free

And extry friendly; but he says, "I'm 'feard o' talk," says he,—

"I've got," he says, "a natchurl turn fer talkin' fit to kill.—

The best and hardest thing to learn is trick o' keepin' still."

LIII

Doc kin smoke, and I s'pose he might drink licker—jes' fer fun.

He says, "You smoke, you drink all right; but I don't—neether one"—

Says, "I like whisky—'good old rye'—but like it in its place,

Like that-air warter in your eye, er nose there on your face."

LIV

Doc's bound to have his joke! The day he got that off on me

I jes' had sold a load o' hay at "Scofield's Livery,"

And tolled Doc in the shed they kep' the hears't in, where I'd hid

The stuff 'at got me "out o' step," as Sifers said it did,

LV

Doc hain't, to say, no "rollin' stone," and yit he hain't no hand

Fer 'cumulatin'.—Home's his own, and scrap o' farmin'-land—

Enough to keep him out the way when folks is tuk down sick

The suddentest—'most any day they want him 'special quick.

LVI

And yit Doc loves his practise; ner don't, wilful, want to slight

No call—no matter who—how fur away—er day er night.—

He loves his work—he loves his friends—June, Winter, Fall, and Spring:

His lovin'—facts is—never ends; he loves jes' ever'thing. . . .

LVII

- 'Cept—keepin' books. He never sets down no accounts.—He hates,
- The worst of all, collectin' debts—the worst, the more he waits.—
- I've knowed him, when at last he had to dun a man, to end
- By makin' him a loan—and mad he hadn't more to lend.

LVIII

- When Pence's Drug Store ust to be in full blast, they wuz some
- Doc's patients got things frekantly there, charged to him, i gum!—
- Doc run a bill there, don't you know, and allus when he squared,
- He never questioned nothin',—so he had his feelin's spared.

LIX

- Now sich as that, I hold and claim, hain't 'scusable
 —it's not
- Perfessional!—It's jes' a shame 'at Doc hisse'f hain't got
- No better business-sense! That's why lots 'd respect

LX

- This-here Doc Glenn, fer instance; er this little jack-leg Hall;—
- They're business—folks respects 'em fer their business more'n all
- They ever knowed, er ever will, 'bout medicine.—Yit they
- Collect their money, k-yore er kill.—They're business, anyway!

LXI

- You ast Jake Dunn;—he's worked it out in figgers.—He kin show
- Stastistics how Doc's airnt about three fortunes in a row,—
- Ever' ten-year' hand-runnin' straight—three of 'em—thirty year'
- 'At Jake kin count and 'lucidate o' Sifer's practise here.

LXII

- Yit—"Praise the Lord," says Doc, "we've got our little home!" says he—
- "(It's railly Winniferd's, but what she owns, she sheers with me.)
- We' got our little gyarden-spot, and peach and apple trees,
- And stable, too, and chicken-lot, and eighteen hive' o' bees."

LXIII

You call it anything you please, but it's witchcraft—the power

'At Sifers has o' handlin' bees!—He'll watch 'em by the hour—

Mix right amongst 'em, mad and hot and swarmin'!

—yit they won't

Sting him, er want to—'pear to not,—at least I know they don't.

LXIV

With me and bees they's no p'tense o' socialbility—A dad-burn bee 'ud climb a fence to git a whack at me!

I s'pose no thing 'at's got a sting is railly satisfied It's sharp enough, ontel, i jing! he's honed it on my hide!

LXV

And Doc he's allus had a knack inventin' things.— Dee-vised

A windlass wound its own se'f back as it run down: and s'prised

LXVI

And onc't, I mind, in airly Spring, and tappin' sugar trees,

Doc made a dad-burn little thing to sharpen spiles with—these-

Here wood'-spouts 'at the peth's punched out, and driv' in where they bore

The auger-holes. He sharpened bout a million spiles er more!

LXVII

And Doc's the first man ever swung a bucket on a tree

Instid o' troughs; and first man brung grained sugar—so's 'at he

Could use it fer his coffee, and fer cookin', don't you know.—

Folks come clean up from Pleasantland 'fore they'd believe it, though!

LXVIII

And all Doc's stable-doors onlocks and locks theirse'ves—and gates

The same way;—all rigged up like clocks, with pulleys, wheels, and weights,—

So to Doo some "Deliving ... an in thewill about

LXIX

And Doc 'ud made a mighty good detective.— Neighbers all

Will testify to that—er could, ef they wuz legal call: His theories on any crime is worth your listenin' to.—

And he has hit 'em, many a time, long 'fore established true.

LXX

At this young druggist Wenfield Pence's trial fer his life,

On primy faishy evidence o' pizonin' his wife, Doc's testimony saved and cle'red and 'quitted him and freed

Him so's he never even 'peared cog-nizant of the deed!

LXXI

The facts wuz—Sifers testified,—at inquest he had found

The stummick showed the woman died o' pizon, but had downed

The dos't herse'f,—because amount and cost o' drug imployed

No druggist would, on no account, 'a' lavished and distroyed!

LXXII

- Doc tracked a blame-don burglar down, and nailed the scamp, to boot,
- But told him ef he'd leave the town he wouldn't prosecute.
- He traced him by a tied-up thumb-print in fresh putty, where
- Doc glazed it. Jes' that's how he come to track him to his lair!

LXXIII

- Doc's jes' a *leetle* too inclined, *some* thinks, to overlook
- The criminal and vicious kind we'd ort to bring to book
- And punish, 'thout no extry show o' sympathizin', where
- They hain't showed none fer us, you know. But he takes issue there:

LXXIV

- Doc argies 'at "The Red-eyed Law," as he says, "ort to learn
- To lay a mighty leenient paw on deeds o' sich

LXXV

Doc even holds 'at murder hain't no crime we got a right

To hang a man fer—claims it's taint o' lunacy, er quite.—

"Hold sich a man responsibul fer murder," Doc says,—"then,

When he's hung, where's the rope to pull them sound-mind jurymen?

LXXVI

"It's in a nutshell—all kin see," says Doc,—"it's cle'r the Law's

As ap' to err as you er me, and kill without a cause: The man most innocent o' sin *I've* saw, er 'spect to see,

Wuz servin' a life-sentence in the penitentchury."

LXXVII

And Doc's a whole hand at a fire!—directin' how and where

To set your ladders, low er higher, and what first duties air,—

Like formin' warter-bucket-line; and best man in the town

To chop holes in old roofs, and mine defective chimblies down:

LXXVIII

Er durin' any public crowd, mass-meetin', er big day,

Where ladies ortn't be allowed, as I've heerd Sifers say,—

When they's a suddent rush somewhere, it's Doc's voice, ca'm and cle'r,

Says, "Fall back, men, and give her air!—that's all she's faintin' fer."

LXXIX

The sorriest I ever feel fer Doc is when some show Er circus comes to town and he'll not git a chance to go.

'Cause he jes' natchurly delights in circuses—clean down

From tumblers, in their spangled tights, to trickmule and Old Clown.

LXXX

And ever'body knows it, too, how Doc is, thataway! . . .

I mind a circus onc't come through—wuz there

LXXXI

- "Of this vast audience, I fain would make inquiry cle'r,
- And learn, find out, and ascertain—Is Doctor Sifers here?"
- And when some fool-voice bellers down: "He is!

 He's settin' in
- Full view o' ye!" "Then," says the Clown, "the circus may begin!"

LXXXII

- Doc's got a temper; but, he says, he's learnt it which is boss,
- Yit has to watch it, more er less. . . . I never seen him cross
- But onc't, enough to make him swear;—milch-cow stepped on his toe,
- And Doc ripped out "I doggies!"—There's the only case I know.

LXXXIII

Doc says that's what your temper's fer—to hold back out o' view,

And learn it never to occur on out ahead o' you.—
"You lead the way," says Sifers—"git your temper

LXXXIV

- He hates contentions—can't abide a wrangle er dispute
- O' any kind; and he 'ull slide out of a crowd and skoot
- Up some back-alley 'fore he'll stand and listen to a furse
- When ary one's got upper-hand and t'other one's got worse.

LXXXV

- Doc says: "I 'spise, when pore and weak and awk'ard talkers fails,
- To see it's them with hardest cheek and loudest mouth pervails.—
- A' all-one-sided quarr'l 'll make me biassed, mighty near,—
- 'Cause ginerly the side I take's the one I never hear."

LXXXVI

What 'peals to Doc the most and best is "seein' folks agreed,

And takin' ekal interest and universal heed
O' ever'body else's words and idies—same as we
Wuz glad and chirary as the hinds iso' as we'd

Wuz glad and chirpy as the birds—jes' as we'd ort to be!"

LXXXVII

And paterotic! Like to git Doc started, full and fair, About the war, and why 't'uz fit, and what wuz 'complished there;

"And who wuz wrong," says Doc, "er right, 't'uz waste o' blood and tears,

All prophesied in *Black* and *White* fer years and years and years!"

LXXXVIII

And then he'll likely kind o' tetch on old John Brown, and dwell

On what his warnin's wuz; and ketch his breath and cough, and tell

On down to Lincoln's death. And then—well, he jes' chokes and quits

With "I must go now, gentlemen!" and grabs his hat, and gits!

LXXXIX

Doc's own war-rickord wuzn't won so much in line o' fight

As line o' work and nussin' done the wownded, day

XC

- His wuz the face they saw the first—all dim, but smilin' bright,
- As they come to and knowed the worst, yit saw the old Red-White-
- And-Blue where Doc had fixed it where they'd see it wavin' still,
- Out through the open tent-flap there, er 'crost the winder-sill.

XCI

- And some's a-limpin' round here yit—a-waitin' Last Review,—
- 'Ud give the pensions 'at they git, and pawn their crutches, too,
- To he'p Doc out, ef he wuz pressed financial' same as he
- Has allus he'pped them when distressed—ner never tuk a fee.

XCII

- Doc never wuz much hand to pay attention to p'tense
- And fuss-and-feathers and display in men o' prominence:
- "A railly great man," Sifers 'lows, "is not the out'ard dressed—
- All uniform, salutes and bows, and swellin' out his chest.

XCIII

- "I met a great man onc't," Doc says, "and shuk his hand," says he,
- "And he come 'bout in one, I guess, o' disapp'intin'
 me—
- He talked so common-like, and brought his mind so cle'r in view
- And simple-like, I purt' nigh thought, 'I'm best man o' the two!"

XCIV

- Yes-sir! Doc's got convictions and old-fashioned kind o' ways
- And idies 'bout this glorious Land o' Freedom; and he'll raise
- His hat clean off, no matter where, jes' ever' time he sees
- The Stars and Stripes a-floatin' there and flappin' in the breeze.

XCV

And tunes like old "Red-White-and-Blue" 'll fairly drive him wild,

XCVI

And yit, that very man we see all trimbly, pale and wann,

Give him a case o' surgery, we'll see another man!— We'll do the trimblin' then, and we'll git white around the gills—

He'll show us *nerve* o' nerves, and he 'ull show us skill o' skills!

XCVII

Then you could toot your horns and beat your drums and bang your guns,

And wave your flags and march the street, and charge, all Freedom's sons!—

And Sifers then, I bet my hat, 'ud never flinch a hair.

But, stiddy-handed, 'tend to that pore patient layin' there.

XCVIII

And Sifers' eye's as stiddy as that hand o' his He'll shoot

A' old-style rifle, like he has, and smallest bore, to boot,

With any fancy rifles made to-day, er expert shot 'At works at shootin' like a trade—and all some of 'em's got!

XCIX

Let 'em go right out in the woods with Doc, and leave their "traps"

And blame' glass-balls and queensware-goods, and see how Sifers draps

A squirrel out the tallest tree.—And 'fore he fires he'll say

Jes' where he'll hit him—yes, sir-ee! And he's hit thataway!

C

Let 'em go out with him, i jucks! with fishin'-pole and gun,—

And ekal chances, fish and ducks, and take the rain, er sun,

Jes' as it pours, er as it blinds the eyesight; then I guess

'At they'd acknowledge, in their minds, their disadvantages.

CI

And yit he'd be the last man out to flop his wings and crow

CII

Doc gits off now and then and takes a huntin'-trip somewhere

'Bout Kankakee, up 'mongst the lakes—sometimes'll drift round there

In his canoe a week er two; then paddle clean on back

By way o' old Wabash and Blue, with fish—all he kin pack,—

CIII

And wild ducks—some with feathers on 'em yit, and stuffed with grass.

And neighbers—all knows he's bin gone—comes round and gits a bass—

A great big double-breasted "rock," er "black," er maybe pair

Half fills a' ordinary crock. . . . Doc's fish'll give out there

CIV

Long 'fore his ducks!—But folks'll smile and blandish him, and make Him tell and tell things!—all the while enjoy 'em

CV

He's jes' a child, 's what Sifers is! And-sir, I'd ruther see

That happy, childish face o' his, and puore simplicity,

Than any shape er style er plan o' mortals otherwise—

With perfect faith in God and man a-shinin' in his eyes.

MÀMAT

WHERE THE CHILDREN USED TO PLAY

THE old farm-home is Mother's yet and mine,
And filled it is with plenty and to spare,—
But we are lonely here in life's decline,
Though fortune smiles around us everywhere:
We look across the gold
Of the harvests, as of old—
The corn, the fragrant clover, and the hay;
But most we turn our gaze,
As with eyes of other days,
To the orchard where the children used to play.

O from our life's full measure
And rich hoard of worldly treasure
We often turn our weary eyes away,
And hand in hand we wander
Down the old path winding yonder
To the orchard where the children used to play.

Our sloping pasture-lands are filled with herds;
The barn and granary-bins are bulging o'er;
The grove's a paradise of singing birds—
The woodland brook leaps laughing by the door;
Yet lonely, lonely still,
Let us prosper as we will,

55

56 WHERE THE CHILDREN USED TO PLAY

Our old hearts seem so empty every way—
We can only through a mist
See the faces we have kissed
In the orchard where the children used to play.

O from our life's full measure
And rich hoard of worldly treasure
We often turn our weary eyes away,
And hand in hand we wander
Down the old path winding yonder
To the orchard where the children used to play.

MR. FOLEY'S CHRISTMAS

There's nothing sweet in the city
But the patient lives of the poor.

—John Boyle O'Reilly

I

SINCE pick av them I'm sore denied
'Twixt play or work, I say,
Though it be Christmas, I decide
I'll work whilst others play:
I'll whustle, too, wid Christmas pride
To airn me extry pay.—
It's like the job's more glorified
That's done a-holiday!

Dan, dip a coal in dad's pipe-bowl; Kate, pass me dinner-can: Och! Mary woman, save yer sowl,

II

Whisht, Kate an' Dan!—ten thousan' grates
There's yon where ne'er a charm
Av childer-faces sanctuates
The city-homes from harm:
It's cold out there the weather waits
An' bitter whirls the storm,
But, faith! these arms av little Kate's
'Ll kape her fayther warm!

Ay, Danny, tight me belt a mite,—
Kate, aisy wid the can!—
Sure, I'd be comin' home to-night
A hungry workin'-man—
D'ye moind, this Christmas avenin'—
A howlin'-hungry man!

III

It's sorry for the boss I be, Wid new conthracts to sign An' hire a sub to oversee Whilst he lave off an' dine: It's sorry for the Company That owns the Aarie LineThere, Katy! git me t'other mitt,
An' fetch me yon from Dan—
(Wid aich one's "Christmas" hid in it!)
Lave go me dinner-can!—
Ye'll have me docked this mornin'—
This blessed Christmas mornin',—
A dishgraced workin'-man!

TO SANTA CLAUS

MOST tangible of all the gods that be, O Santa Claus—our own since Infancy!— As first we scampered to thee—now, as then, Take us as children to thy heart again.

Be wholly good to us, just as of old; As a pleased father, let thine arms infold Us, homed within the haven of thy love, And all the cheer and wholesomeness thereof.

Thou lone reality, when O so long Life's unrealities have wrought us wrong: Ambition hath allured us,—fame likewise, And all that promised honor in men's eyes.

Throughout the world's evasions, wiles, and shifts,

Thou only bidest stable as thy gifts:— A grateful king re-ruleth from thy lap, Crowned with a little tinseled soldier-cap:

A mighty general—a nation's pride— Thou givest again a rocking-horse to ride, The sculptor's chisel, at thy mirth's command, Is as a whistle in his boyish hand;
The painter's model fadeth utterly,
And there thou standest,—and he painteth
thee:—

Most like a winter pippin, sound and fine And tingling-red that ripe old face of thine, Set in thy frosty beard of cheek and chin As midst the snows the thaws of spring set in.

Ho! Santa Claus—our own since Infancy—Most tangible of all the gods that be!—As first we scampered to thee—now, as then, Take us as children to thy heart again.

CHRISTMAS ALONG THE WIRES

Scene-Hoosier railway station, Washout Glen

Night—Interior of Telegraph Office—Single operator's table in some disorder—lunch-basket, litter of books and sheet-music—a flute and a guitar—Rather good-looking young man, evidently in charge, talking to commercial traveler.

JUNCTION-Station—Pilot Knob—Say "the operator there
Is a girl—with auburn hair
And blue eyes, and purty, too,
As they make 'em!"—That'll do!—
They all know her 'long the Line—Railroad men, from President
Of the road to section-hand!—
And she knows us—the whole mob
Of us lightnin'-slingers—Shoo!—
Brownie's got us all down fine!
Though she's business, understand,
Brownie she just beats the band!
Brownie she's held up that job

The whole road decided now Was no time for nothin' small,— It was Brownie's job! Since ten Years of age she'd been with him In the office. Now, I guess, She was sixteen, more or less— Just a girl, but strong and trim, And as independent, too, And reliable clean through As the old man when he died Two mile' up the track beside His red-light, one icy night When the line broke down-and yet He got there in time, you bet, To shut off a wreck all right! Yes, some life here, and romance— Pilot Knob, though, and Roachdale, And this little eight-by-ten Dinky town of Washout Glen Have to pool inhabitants Even for enough young men To fill out a country dance,-All chip in on some joint-date, And whack up and pony down And combine and celebrate.— Say, on Decoration Day-Fourth o' July-Easter, or

64 CHRISTMAS ALONG THE WIRES

Roachdale is herself again! Like *last* Christmas, when all three Towns collogued, and far and near Billed things for a Christmas-Tree At old Roachdale. Now mark here:-I had leave, last Holidays, And was goin' home, you see, Two weeks-and the Company Sent a man to fill my place— An old chum of mine, in fact, I'd been coaxin' to arrange Tust to have his dressin'-case And his latest music packed And come on here for a change. He'd been here to visit me Once before—in summer then.— Come to stay "just two or three Days," he said—and he stayed ten. When he left here then—Well, he Was clean gone on Brownie-wild And plum silly as a child! Name-MacClintock. Most young men Stood 'way back when Mac was round. Fact is, he was fine, you know— Silver-tenor voice that went Up among the stars, and sent

And smelt right; and used to blow A smooth flute—And a guitar No man heard till he heard him!— Say, some midnight serenade— Oomh! how drippin'-sweet he played! Boys, though, wasn't stuck on Mac So blame' much,—especially Roachdale operator.—He Kind o' had the inside-track On all of us, as to who Got most talk from Brownie, when She had nothin' else to do But to buzz us now and then Up and down the wires, you know; And we'd jolly back again Bout some dance—and "Would she go With us or her Roachdale beau?" (Boys all called him "Roachy"—see?)— Wire her, "Was she 'Happy now'?" And "How's 'Roachy,' anyhow?" Or, "Say, Brownie, who's the jay You was stringin' yesterday?" 'And I've sat here when this key Shot me like a battery. Tust 'cause Brownie wired to say That "That box o' fruit or flowers.

'Course he'd sent 'em—no mistake! Lord, she kept that man awake! Yet he kept her fooled: His cheek And pure goody-goody gall Hid from her—if not from all— A quite vivid "yellow streak."-Awful' jealous, don't you see?— Felt he had a right to be. Maybe, bein' engaged.—And they Were engaged—that's straight.—"G A!"*-Well: MacClintock when he come Down from York to take this job, And stopped off at Pilot Knob For "instructions," there was some Indications of unrest At Roachdale right from the start.— "Roachy" wasn't awful' smart, Maybe, but he done his best-With such brains as he possessed.— Anyway he made one play That was brilliant—of its kind— And maintained it.—From the day That MacClintock took my key And I left on Number Three. "Roachy" opened up on Mac And just loved him !- purred and whined 'Cross the wires how tickled he Was to hear that Mac was back, And how glad the girls would be

As he'd reason to believe,—
And how, even then, they were
"Shapin' things at old Roachdale
For a blow-out, Christmas-eve,
That would turn all others pale!—
First a Christmas-Tree, at old
Armory Hall, and then the floor
Cleared, and—"

"Come in out the cold!"
Breaks MacClintock—"Don't I know?—
Dancin', say, from ten till four—
Maybe daylight 'fore we go!—
With Ben Custer's Band to pour
Music out in swirlin' rills
And back-tides o' waltz-quadrilles
Level with the window-sills!—
Roachy, you're a bird!—But, say,—
How am I to get away
From the office here?"

Well, then
"Roachy" wires him back again:—
"That's O. K.,—I call a man
Up from Dunkirk; got it all
Fixed.—So Christmas-eve, you can
Collar the seven-thirty train
For Roachdale—the same that he
Comes on.—Leave your office-key
In the door: he'll do the rest."
Then "old Roachy" rattled through
A long list of who'd be there,—
Boys and girls that Mac knew best—

68 CHRISTMAS ALONG THE WIRES

One name, though, that had no bare Little mention anywhere!
Then he shut off, as he said,
For his supper. . . . About ten
Minutes Mac was called again—
With a click that flushed him red
As the signal-flag—and then
Came like music in the air—
"Yes, and Brownie will be there!"

Folks tell me, that Christmas-Tree,
Dance and whole blame' jamboree,
Looked like it was goin' to be
A blood-curdlin' tragedy.
People 'long the roads, you know—
Well, they've had experience
With all sorts of accidents,
And they've learnt some things,—and so
When an accident or wreck
Happens, they know some man's "break"
Is responsible, and hence—
Well—they want to break his neck!
So it happened. Christmas-eve.

On the general crowd; and when Purty soon the rumor spread-Wreck had probably occurred— Some one said somebody said That he'd heard somebody say, "Operator at the Glen Was to blame for the delay— Fact is, he had run away From his office—Even then Was in Roachdale—there to be Present at the Christmas-Tree And the 'shindig' afterward, Wreck or no wreck!" . . . Mac sat up. Whiter than the shavin'-cup. . . Back of his face in the glass He stared into he could see A big crowd there—and, alas! Not in all that threatening throng One friend's face of sympathy— One friend knowin' right from wrong! He got on his feet-erect-Nervy :- faced the crowd, and then Said: "I am MacClintock from The Glen-office, and I've come To your Christmas festival By request of one that all Of you honor, gentlemen,-Your most trusted citizen-Your own operator here At the station-office—where He'll acquit me of neglect,

CHRISTMAS ALONG THE WIRES

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And will make it plain and clear Who the sub. is he sent there To my office at the Glen—Or, if not one there,—who then Is indeed the criminal? . . . I am going now to call On him.—Join me, gentlemen—I insist you come with me." Well, a sense of some respect Caught 'em,—and they followed, all, Silently, though sullenly.

Fortunately, half a square
Brought 'em to the station and
The crowd there that packed the small
Waiting-room on every hand,
With a kind o' general stand
Round the half-door window through
Which "old Roachy," in full view,
Sat there, smilin' in a sick
Sort o' way, yet gloryin', too,
In the work he had to do.
Mac worked closer, breathin' quick
At the muttered talk of some
Of the toughest of the crowd;

Glen's fool-operator here— What's-his-name?—MacClintock.—Fear Mob will hang him.—Mob knows he Left his office.—And no doubt Wreck there on account of it. People worked-up here-and shout Now and then to 'Take him out!'-'Hang him!'—and so forth." . . . Mac lit Through the half-door window at "Roachy's" table like a cat:-He was white, but "Roachy's" face Made a brunette out o' his! . . . Mac had pinned him in his chair Helpless-and a message there Clickin' back from Pilot Knob .--"Tell these people, word-for-word," Mac says, "what this message is !-"Tell 'em.—Hear me?" "Roachy" heard And obeyed:—"'We sized your job On MacClintock.—Knob here sent A sub. there.—And all O. K. At Glen-office.—Tie-up here-One hour's wait—all fault of mine. "Hang MacClintock," did you say? "Hang MacClintock?"—Certainly,— Hang him on the Christmas-Tree, With a label on for me.— I'll be there on Number Nine."

TO THE BOY WITH A COUNTRY

DAN WALLINGFORD

DAN WALLINGFORD, my jo Dan!—
Though but a child in years,
Your patriot spirit thrills the land
And wakens it to cheers,—
You lift the flag—you roll the drums—
We hear the bugle blow,—
Till all our hearts are one with yours,
Dan Wallingford, my jo!

10-ALMON KEEFER HIS first book that & ever Kier Was read about to me by you. . Friend of my boyhood, therefore uns It back from me, for old-times batte boyhood, therefore take The selfsame Tales" first read to me, Under the old sweet apple tree, Fire I myself and mad such great Big words, but historide all clate, At your interporting, until Brain, heart and soul were all athrill With wonder, are, and sheep excess Of mildret childish happiness. So turn the book again - Forget All else, - long years, lost hopes, regret; Sighs for the Joys we nier attain, Prayers we have lifted all in vaint Tears for the faces seen no more, Once us the roses at the door! Take the Enchanted book - And, lo, On grassy swards of Irong Ago, Spran Cout again, brheath the shade The breeze old=home orchard made, The veriest barefoot boy indeed. And I will listen as you read. Cames Whiteoms Helry (= mag

AT CROWN HILL

TEAVE him here in the fresh greening grasses and trees

And the symbols of love, and the solace of these-The saintly white lilies and blossoms he keeps In endless caress as he breathlessly sleeps. The tears of our eyes wrong the scene of his rest, For the sky's at its clearest—the sun's at its best— The earth at its greenest—its wild bud-and-bloom At its sweetest—and sweetest its honey'd perfume. Home! home!—Leave him here in his lordly

estate.

And with never a tear as we turn from the gate!

Turn back to the home that will know him no more.—

The vines at the window—the sun through the door.-

Nor sound of his voice, nor the light of his face! . .

But the birds will sing on, and the rose, in his place, Will tenderly smile till we daringly feign He is home with us still, though the tremulous rain Of our tears reappear, and again all is bloom, And all prayerless we sob in the long-darkened room.

Heaven portions it thus—the old mystery dim,— It is midnight to us—it is morning to him.

SNOW IN THE AIR

SNOW is in the air—
Chill in blood and vein,—
Winter everywhere
Save in heart and brain!
Ho! the happy year will be
Mimic as we've found it,—
Head of it—and you, and me—
With the holly round it!

Frost and sleet, alack!—
Wind as bleak as wrath
Whips our faces back
As we foot the path;—
But the year—from there to here—
Copy as we've found it,—
Heart up—like the head, my dear,
With the holly round it!

THE NAME OF OLD GLORY

1898

I

OLD Glory! say, who,
By the ships and the crew,
And the long, blended ranks of the gray and the
blue,—

Who gave you, Old Glory, the name that you bear With such pride everywhere
As you cast yourself free to the rapturous air
And leap out full-length, as we're wanting you

Who gave you that name, with the ring of the same, And the honor and fame so becoming to you?—
Your stripes stroked in ripples of white and of red, With your stars at their glittering best overhead—
By day or by night

Their delightfulest light

Laughing down from their little square heaven of blue!—

Who gave you the name of Old Glory?—say, who— Who gave you the name of Old Glory?

TT

Old Glory,—speak out!—we are asking about
How you happened to "favor" a name, so to say,
That sounds so familiar and careless and gay
As we cheer it and shout in our wild breezy way—
We—the crowd, every man of us, calling you that—
We—Tom, Dick, and Harry—each swinging his hat
And hurrahing "Old Glory!" like you were our kin,
When—Lord!—we all know we're as common as
sin!

And yet it just seems like you humor us all
And waft us your thanks, as we hail you and fall
Into line, with you over us, waving us on
Where our glorified, sanctified betters have gone.—
And this is the reason we're wanting to know—
(And we're wanting it so!—
Where our own fathers went we are willing to
go.)—

Who gave you the name of Old Glory—Oho!—
Who gave you the name of Old Glory?

The old flag unfurled with a billowy thrill For an instant, then wistfully sighed and was still.

III

As salt as a tear;—
And seeing you fly, and the boys marching by,
There's a shout in the throat and a blur in the eye
And an aching to live for you always—or die,
If, dying, we still keep you waving on high.
And so, by our love
For you, floating above,
And the scars of all wars and the sorrows thereof,
Who gave you the name of Old Glory, and why

Then the old banner leaped, like a sail in the blast, And fluttered an audible answer at last.—

Are we thrilled at the name of Old Glory?

IV

And it spake, with a shake of the voice, and it said:—

By the driven snow-white and the living blood-red Of my bars, and their heaven of stars overhead—By the symbol conjoined of them all, skyward cast, As I float from the steeple, or flap at the mast, Or droop o'er the sod where the long grasses nod,—My name is as old as the glory of God.

ONE WITH A SONG

FRANK L. STANTON

HE sings: and his song is heard,
Pure as a joyous prayer,
Because he sings of the simple things—
The fields, and the open air,
The orchard-bough, and the mocking-bird,
And the blossoms everywhere.

He sings of a wealth we hold
In common ownership—
The wildwood nook, and the laugh of the brook,
And the dewdrop's drip and drip,
The love of the lily's heart of gold,
And the kiss of the rose's lip.

The universal heart
Leans listening to his lay
That glints and gleams with the glimmering
dreams
Of children at their play—
A lay as rich with unconscious art
As the first song-bird's of May.

Ours every rapturous tone
Of every song of glee,
Because his voice makes native choice
Of Nature's harmony—
So that his singing seems our own,
And ours his ecstasy.

Steadfastly, bravely glad
Above all earthly stress,
He lifts his line to heights divine,
And, singing, ever says,—
This is a better world than bad—
God's love is limitless.

He sings: and his song is heard,
Pure as a joyous prayer,
Because he sings of the simple things—
The fields, and the open air,
The orchard-bough, and the mocking-bird,
And the blossoms everywhere,

INDIANA

Our Land—our Home!—the common home indeed

Of soil-born children and adopted ones—
The stately daughters and the stalwart sons

Of Industry:—All greeting and godspeed!

O home to proudly live for, and, if need
Be, proudly die for, with the roar of guns
Blent with our latest prayer.—So died men once. . . .

Lo, Peace! . . . As we look on the land They freed—

Its harvests all in ocean-overflow

Poured round autumnal coasts in billowy gold—

Its corn and wine and balmed fruits and
flow'rs.—

We know the exaltation that they know Who now, steadfast inheritors, behold The Land Elysian, marveling "This is ours!"

CHRISTMAS AFTERTHOUGHT

AFTER a thoughtful, almost painful pause, Bub sighed, "I'm sorry fer old Santy Claus:— They wus no Santy Claus, ner couldn't be, When he wuz ist a little boy like me!"

THE CHRISTMAS LONG AGO

OME, sing a hale Heigh-ho
For the Christmas long ago!—
When the old log-cabin homed us
From the night of blinding snow,
Where the rarest joy held reign,
And the chimney roared amain,
With the firelight like a beacon
Through the frosty window-pane.

Ah! the revel and the din
From without and from within,
The blend of distant sleigh-bells
With the plinking violin;
The muffled shrieks and cries—
Then the glowing cheeks and eyes—
The driving storm of greetings,
Gusts of kisses and surprise.

EXCEEDING ALL

LONG life's a lovely thing to know,
With lovely health and wealth, forsooth,
And lovely name and fame—But O
The loveliness of Youth!

CLAUDE MATTHEWS

STEADFASTLY from his childhood's earliest hour—

From simplest country life to state and power— His worth has known advancement,—each new height

A newer glory in his fellow's sight.

So yet his happy fate—though mute the breath
Of thronging multitudes and thundrous cheers,—
Faith sees him raised still higher, through our
tears,

By this divine promotion of his death.

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THE SERMON OF THE ROSE

WILFUL we are, in our infirmity
Of childish questioning and discontent.
Whate'er befalls us is divinely meant—
Thou Truth the clearer for thy mystery!
Make us to meet what is or is to be
With fervid welcome, knowing it is sent
To serve us in some way full excellent,
Though we discern it all belatedly.
The rose buds, and the rose blooms, and the rose
Bows in the dews, and in its fulness, lo,
Is in the lover's hand,—then on the breast
Of her he loves,—and there dies.—And who knows
What fate of all a rose may undergo
Is fairest, dearest, sweetest, loveliest?

Nay, we are children: we will not mature.

A blessed gift must seem a theft; and tears
Must storm our eyes when but a joy appears
In drear disguise of sorrow; and how poor
We seem when we are richest,—most secure
Against all poverty the lifelong years
We yet must waste in childish doubts and fears
That, in despite of reason, still endure!

Alas! the sermon of the rose we will

Not wisely ponder; nor the sobs of grief

Lulled into sighs of rapture, nor the cry

Of fierce defiance that again is still.

Be patient—patient with our frail belief,

And stay it yet a little ere we die.

O opulent life of ours, though dispossessed
Of treasure after treasure! Youth most fair
Went first, but left its priceless coil of hair—
Moaned over, sleepless nights, kissed and caressed
Through drip and blur of tears the tenderest.
And next went Love—the ripe rose glowing
there,

Her very sister! . . . It is here, but where
Is she, of all the world the first and best?
And yet how sweet the sweet earth after rain—
How sweet the sunlight on the garden-wall
Across the roses—and how sweetly flows
The limpid yodel of the brook again!
And yet—and yet how sweeter, after all,
The smoldering sweetness of a dead red rose!

THE ONWARD TRAIL

MYRON W. REED, DENVER, JANUARY 30, 1899

JUST as of old,—with fearless foot And placid face and resolute, He takes the faint, mysterious trail That leads beyond our earthly hail.

We would cry, as in last farewell, But that his hand waves, and a spell Is laid upon our tongues: and thus He takes unworded leave of us.

And it is fitting:—As he fared Here with us, so is he prepared For any fortuning the night May hold for him beyond our sight. So, never parting word nor cry:—
We feel, with him, that by and by
Our onward trails will meet and then
Merge and be ever one again.

TO LESLEY

BURNS sang of bonny Lesley
As she gaed o'er the border,—
Gaed like vain Alexander,
To spread her conquests farther.

I sing another Lesley, Wee girlie, more alluring, Who stays at home, the wise one, Her conquests there securing.

A queen, too, is my Lesley, And gracious, though blood-royal, My heart her throne, her kingdom, And I a subject loyal.

Long shall you reign, my Lesley, My pet, my darling dearie, For love, oh, little sweetheart, Grows never old or weary.

THE NATURALIST

OLIVER DAVIE

In gentlest worship has he bowed
To Nature. Rescued from the crowd
And din of town and thoroughfare,
He turns him from all worldly care
Unto the sacred fastness of
The forests, and the peace and love
That breathes there prayer-like in the breeze
And coo of doves in dreamful trees—
Their tops in laps of sunshine laid,
Their lower boughs all slaked with shade.

With head uncovered has he stood, Hearing the Spirit of the Wood—Hearing aright the Master speak In trill of bird, and warbling creek; In lisp of reeds, or rainy sigh Of grasses as the loon darts by—Hearing aright the storm and lull, And all earth's voices wonderful,—Even this hail an unknown friend Lifts will he hear and comprehend.

HER WAITING FACE

In some strange place
Of long-lost lands he finds her waiting face—
Comes marveling upon it, unaware,
Set moonwise in the midnight of her hair.

BLOOMS OF MAY

BUT yesterday!
O blooms of May,
And summer roses—Where-away?
O stars above,
And lips of love
And all the honeyed sweets thereof!

O lad and lass
And orchard pass,
And briered lane, and daisied grass!
O gleam and gloom,
And woodland bloom,
And breezy breaths of all perfume!—

No more for me
Or mine shall be
Thy raptures—save in memory,—
No more—no more—
Till through the Door
Of Glory gleam the days of yore.

A SONG OF THE ROAD

O I will walk with you, my lad, whichever way you fare,

You'll have me, too, the side o' you, with heart as light as air;

No care for where the road you take's a-leadin' anywhere,—

It can but be a joyful ja'nt the whilst you journey there.

The road you take's the path o' love, an' that's the bridth o' two—

And I will walk with you, my lad—O I will walk with you.

Ho! I will walk with you, my lad,
 Be weather black or blue
 Or roadsides frost or dew, my lad—
 O I will walk with you.

Ay, glad, my lad, I'll walk with you, whatever winds

And brave I'll be, abreast o' you, the Saints and Angels know!

With loyal hand in loyal hand, and one heart made o' two,

Through summer's gold, or winter's cold, it's I will walk with you.

Sure, I will walk with you, my lad,
As love ordains me to,—
To Heaven's door, and through, my lad,
O I will walk with you.

THE ENDURING

AMISTY memory—faint, far away
And vague and dim as childhood's long-lost
day—

Forever haunts and holds me with a spell
Of awe and wonder indefinable:—
A grimy old engraving tacked upon
A shoe-shop wall.—An ancient temple, drawn
Of crumbling granite, sagging portico,
And gray, forbidding gateway, grim as woe;
And o'er the portal, cut in antique line,
The words—cut likewise in this brain of mine—
"Wouldst have a friend?—Wouldst know what
friend is best?

Have GOD thy friend: He passeth all the rest."

Again the old shoemaker pounds and pounds Resentfully, as the loud laugh resounds

The while a barefoot boy more gravely heeds
The quaint old picture, and tiptoeing reads
There in the rainy gloom the legend o'er
The lowering portal of the old church door—
"Wouldst have a friend?—Wouldst know what
friend is best?
Have GOD thy friend: He passeth all the rest."

So older—older—older, year by year,
The boy has grown, that now, an old man here,
He seems a part of Allegory, where
He stands before Life as the old print there—
Still awed, and marveling what light must be
Hid by the door that bars Futurity:—
Though, ever clearer than with eyes of youth,
He reads with his old eyes—and tears forsooth—
"Wouldst have a friend?—Wouldst know what
friend is best?
Have GOD thy friend: He passeth all the rest."

A HUMBLE SINGER

AMODEST singer, with meek soul and heart,
Sat, yearning that his art
Might but inspire and suffer him to sing
Even the simplest thing.

And as he sang thus humbly, came a Voice:—
"All mankind shall rejoice,
Hearing thy pure and simple melody
Sing on immortally."

THE NOBLEST SERVICE

DR. WYCKLIFFE SMITH, LATE SURGEON IÓIST REGI-MENT INDIANA VOLUNTEERS, DELPHI, DECEMBER 29, 1899

IF all his mourning friends unselfishly
Might speak, high over grief, in one accord,
What voice of joy were lifted to the Lord
For having lent our need such ministry
As this man's life has ever proved to be!
Yea, even through battle-crash of gun and sword
His steadfast step still found the pathway toward
The noblest service paid Humanity.
O ye to whose rich firesides he has brought
A richer light! O watcher at the door
Of the lone cabin! O kindred! Comrades!—
all!

Since universal good he dreamed and wrought, Be brave, to pleasure him, as, on before,

OLD MAN WHISKERY-WHEE-KUM-WHEEZE

LD Man Whiskery-Whee-Kum-Wheeze Lives 'way up in the leaves o' trees. An' wunst I slipped up-stairs to play In Aunty's room, while she 'uz away; An' I clumbed up in her cushion-chair An' ist peeked out o' the winder there; An' there I saw—wite out in the trees—Old Man Whiskery-Whee-Kum-Wheeze!

An' Old Man Whiskery-Whee-Kum-Wheeze Would bow an' bow, with the leaves in the breeze, An' waggle his whiskers an' raggledy hair, An' bow to me in the winder there! An' I'd peek out, an' he'd peek in An' waggle his whiskers an' bow ag'in, Ist like the leaves 'u'd wave in the breeze—Old Man Whiskery-Whee-Kum-Wheeze!

OLD MAN WHISKERY-WHEE-KUM-WHEEZE 101

An' "Um-yum, honey!" wuz last he said, An' waggled his whiskers an' bowed his head; An' I yells, "Gimme some, won't you, please, Old Man Whiskery-Whee-Kum-Wheeze?"

LITTLE-GIRL-TWO-LITTLE-GIRLS

I'M twins, I guess, 'cause my Ma say
I'm two little girls. An' one o' me
Is Good little girl; an' th' other 'n' she
Is Bad little girl as she can be!
An' Ma say so, 'most ever' day.
An' she's the funniest Ma! 'Cause when
My Doll won't mind, and I ist cry,
W'y, nen my Ma she sob an' sigh,
An' say, "Dear Good little girl, good-by!—
Bad little girl's comed here again!"

Last time 'at Ma act' thataway,
I cried all to myse'f a while
Out on the steps, an' nen I smile,
An' git my Doll all fix' in style,
An' go in where Ma's at, an' say:
"Morning to you, Mommy dear!
Where's that Bad little girl wus here?
Bad little girl's goned clean away,
An' Good little girl's comed back to stay."

THE PENALTY OF GENIUS

WHEN little 'Pollus Morton he's
A-go' to speak a piece, w'y, nen
The Teacher smiles an' says 'at she's
Most proud, of all her little men
An' women in her school—'cause 'Poll
He allus speaks the best of all.

An' nen she'll pat him on the cheek,
An' hold her finger up at you

Before he speak'; an' when he speak'
It's ist some piece she learn' him to!
'Cause he's her favor-ite. . . . An' she
Ain't pop'lar as she ust to be!

When 'Pollus Morton speaks, w'y, nen
Ist all the other childern knows
They're smart as him an' smart-again!—
Ef they can't speak an' got fine clo'es,
Their Parunts loves 'em more'n 'PollUs Morton, Teacher, speech, an' all!

A PARENT REPRIMANDED

SOMETIMES I think 'at Parunts does
Things ist about as bad as us—
Wite 'fore our vurry eyes, at that!
Fer one time Pa he scold' my Ma
'Cause he can't find his hat;
An' she ist cried, she did! An' I
Says, "Ef you scold my Ma
Ever again an' make her cry,
W'y, you shan't be my Pa!"
An' nen he laugh' an' find his hat
Ist wite where Ma she said it's at!

IN FERVENT PRAISE OF PICNICS

DICNICS is fun 'at's purty hard to beat.

I purt' nigh ruther go to them than eat.—

I purt' nigh ruther go to them than go
With our Charlotty to the Trick-Dog Show!

THE HOME-VOYAGE

GENERAL HENRY W. LAWTON—FELL AT SAN MATEO, DECEMBER 19, 1899. IN STATE, INDIAN-APOLIS, FEBRUARY 6, 1900

BEAR with us, O Great Captain, if our pride
Show equal measure with our grief's excess
In greeting you in this your helplessness
To countermand our vanity or hide
Your stern displeasure that we thus had tried
To praise you, knowing praise was your distress:
But this home-coming swells our hearts no less—
Because for love of home you proudly died.
Lo! then, the cable, fathoms 'neath the keel
That shapes your course, is eloquent of you;
The old flag, too, at half-mast overhead—
We doubt not that its gale-kissed ripples feel
A prouder sense of red and white and blue,—
The stars—Ah, God, were they interpreted!

And as you felt your final duty done,
We feel that glory thrills your spirit yet,—
When at the front, in swiftest death, you met
The patriot's doom and best reward in one.
And so the tumult of that island war,
At last, for you, is stilled forevermore—
Its scenes of blood blend white as ocean foam
On your rapt vision as you sight afar
The sails of peace, and from that alien shore
The proud ship bears you on your voyage
home.

Or rough or smooth the wave, or lowering day
Or starlit sky—you hold, by native right,
Your high tranquillity—the silent might
Of the true hero—so you led the way
To victory through stormiest battle-fray,
Because your followers, high above the fight,
Heard your soul's lightest whisper bid them smite
For God and man and space to kneel and pray.
And thus you cross the seas unto your own
Beloved land, convoyed with honors meet,
Saluted as your home's first heritage—
Nor salutation from your State alone,
But all the States, gathered in mighty fleet,
Dip colors as you move to anchorage.

TO THE QUIET OBSERVER

AFTER HIS LONG SILENCE

DEAR old friend of us all in need
Who know the worth of a friend indeed,
How rejoiced are we all to learn
Of your glad return.

We who have missed your voice so long— Even as March might miss the song Of the sugar-bird in the maples when They're tapped again.

Even as the memory of these Blended sweets,—the sap of the trees

And the song of the birds, and the old camp too,

We think of you.

Hail to vou. then, with welcomes deep

PROEM TO "HOME-FOLKS"

YOU Home-Folks:—Aid your grateful guest—

Bear with his pondering, wandering ways:
When idlest he is busiest,
Being a dreamer of the days.

Humor his silent, absent moods—
His restless quests along the shores
Of the old creek, wound through the woods,
The haws, papaws, and sycamores:

The side-path home—the back-way past
The old pump and the dipper there;
The afternoon of dreamy June—
The old porch, and the rocking-chair.

Yea, bear with him a little space— His heart must smolder on a while Ere vet it flames out in his face

OUR BOYHOOD HAUNTS

HO! I'm going back where
We were youngsters.—Meet me there, Dear old barefoot chum, and we Will be as we used to be,-Lawless rangers up and down The old creek beyond the town-Little sunburnt gods at play, Just as in that far-away:— Water nymphs, all unafraid. Shall smile at us from the brink Of the old mill-race and wade Tow'rd us as we kneeling drink At the spring our boyhood knew, Pure and clear as morning-dew: And, as we are rising there, Doubly dow'r'd to hear and see, We shall thus be made aware Of an eery piping, heard High above the happy bird In the hazel: And then we, Just across the creek, shall see (Hah! the goaty rascal!) Pan

Hoof it o'er the sloping green, Mad with his own melody, Ay, and (bless the beasty man!) Stamping from the grassy soil Bruisèd scents of fleur-de-lis, Boneset, mint, and pennyroyal.

UNCLE SIDNEY'S LOGIC

PA wunst he scold' an' says to me,—
"Don't play so much, but try
To study more, and nen you'll be
A great man, by an' by."
Nen Uncle Sidney says, "You let
Him be a boy an' play.—
The greatest man on earth, I bet,
'Ud trade with him to-day!"

HIS LOVE OF HOME

"Er stars and stripes a-wavin' overhead, Er nearest kith-and-kin, er daily bread, A Hoosier's love is fer the old homestead."

TO "UNCLE REMUS"

We're all Miss Sally's Little Boys,
Climbin' your knee,
In ecstasy,
Rejoicin' in your Creeturs' joys
And trickery.

The Lord who made the day and night, He made the Black man and the White;
So, in like view,
We hold it true
That He hain't got no favorite—
Onless it's you.

THE BALLADE OF THE COMING RAIN

WHEN the morning swoons in its highest heat,
And the sunshine dims, and no dark shade
Streaks the dust of the dazzling street,
And the long straw splits in the lemonade;
When the circus lags in a sad parade,
And the drum throbs dull as a pulse of pain,
And the breezeless flags hang limp and frayed—
O then is the time to look for rain.

When the man on the watering-cart bumps by,
Trilling the air of an old fife-tune,
With a dull, soiled smile, and one shut eye,
Lost in a dream of the afternoon;
When the awning sags like a lank balloon,
And a thick sweat stands on the window-pane,
And a five-cent fan is a priceless boon—
O then is the time to look for rain.

When the goldfish tank is a grimy gray,
And the dummy stands at the clothing-store
With a cap pulled on in a rakish way,
And a rubber-coat with the 'hind before;

TO THE JUDGE

A VOICE FROM THE INTERIOR OF OLD HOOP-POLE TOWNSHIP

RIEND of my earliest youth,

Can't you arrange to come down

And visit a fellow out here in the woods—

Out of the dust of the town?

Can't you forget you're a Judge

And put by your dolorous frown

And tan your wan face in the smile of a friend—

Can't you arrange to come down?

Can't you forget for a while

The arguments prosy and drear,—

To lean at full-length in indefinite rest
In the lap of the greenery here?

Can't you kick over "the Bench,"
And "husk" yourself out of your gown

To dangle your legs where the fishing is good—

Can't you arrange to come down?

Bah! for your office of State!

Pick between peasant and king,—
Poke your bald head through a crown
Or shadow it here with the laurels of Spring!—
Can't you arrange to come down?

"Judge it" out here, if you will,—
The birds are in session by dawn;
You can draw, not complaints, but a sketch of the
hill

And a breath that your betters have drawn;
You can open your heart, like a case,
To a jury of kine, white and brown,
And their verdict of "Moo" will just satisfy you!—
Can't you arrange to come down?

Can't you arrange it, old Pard?—
Pigeonhole Blackstone and Kent!—
Here we have "Breitmann," and Ward,
Twain, Burdette, Nye, and content!
Can't you forget you're a Judge
And put by your dolorous frown
And tan your wan face in the smile of a friend—
Can't you arrange to come down?

A WHOLLY UNSCHOLASTIC OPINION

PLAIN hoss-sense in poetry-writin'
Would jes' knock sentiment a-kitin'!
Mostly poets is all star-gazin'
And moanin' and groanin' and paraphrasin'!

A SHORT'NIN' BREAD SONG—PIECED OUT

BEHINE de hen-house, on my knees, Thought I hearn a chickin sneeze— Sneezed so hard wi' de whoopin'-cough I thought he'd sneeze his blame' head off.

Chorus

Fotch dat dough fum the kitchin-shed— Rake dem coals out hot an' red— Putt on de oven an' putt on de led,— Mammy's gwineter cook some short'nin' bread.

O I' got a house in Baltimo'— Street-kyars run right by my do'— Street-kyars run right by my gate, Hit's git up soon an' set up late.

(CHORUS)

De raincrow hide in some ale tree

120 A SHORT'NIN' BREAD SONG-PIECED OUT

Ole man Toad, on High-low Hill, He steal my dram an' drink his fill,— Heels in the path, an' toes in the grass— Hit ain't de fus' time an' shain't be de las'!

(CHORUS)

When corn-plantin' done come roun', Blackbird own de whole plowed-groun',— Corn in de grain, as I've hearn said, Dat's de blackbird's short'nin' bread.

(CHORUS)

De sweetes' chune what evah I heard Is de sairanade o' de mockin'-bird; Whilse de mou'nfullest an' de least I love Is de Sund'y-song o' de ole woods-dove.

(CHORUS)

I nevah ain't know, outside o' school, A smartah mare dan my ole mule,— I holler "Wo," an' she go "gee," Des lak, de good Lord chast'nin' me.

(Chorus)

A SHORT'NIN' BREAD SONG-PIECED OUT 121

I hangs a hoss-shoe ovah my head, An' I keeps a' ole sieve under de bed, So, quinchiquently, I sleep soun', Wid no ole witches pester'n' roun'.

(CHORUS)

I jine de chu'ch las' Chuesday night, But when Sis' Jane ain't treat me right I 'low her chu'ch ain' none o' mine, So I 'nounce to all I done on-jine.

(CHORUS)

THE UNHEARD

Ι

NE in the musical throng
Stood forth with his violin;
And warm was his welcome, and long
The later applause and the din.—
He had uttered, with masterful skill,
A melody hailed of men;
And his own blood leapt a-thrill,
As they thundered again.

II

Another stood forth.—And a rose
Bloomed in her hair—likewise
One at her tremulous throat—

III

One sat apart and alone,

Her lips clasped close and straight,

Uttering never a tone

That the World might hear, elate—

Uttering never a low

Murmurous verse nor a part

Of the veriest song—But O

The song in her heart!

EQUITY-?

THE meanest man I ever saw
Allus kep' inside o' the law;
And ten-times better fellers I've knowed
The blame' gran'-jury's sent over the road.

MOONSHINER'S SERENADE

THE night's blind-black, an' I 'low the stars's
All skeered at that-air dog's bow-wows!
I sensed the woods-road, clumb the bars,
An' arrove here, tromplin' over cows.
The mist hangs thick enough to cut,
But there's her light a-glimmerin' through
The mornin'-glories, twisted shut—
An' shorely there's her shadder too!

Ho! hit's good night,
My Beauty-Bright!
The moon cain't match your can'le-light—
Your can'le-light with you cain't shine,
Lau-ree! Lady-love! tiptoe-fine!

Oomh! how them roses soaks the air!—
These drenched with mist an' renched with dew!

They's a smell o' plums, too, 'round somewhere—An' I kin smell ripe apples, too.

Ho! hit's good night,
My Beauty-Bright!
Primp a while, an' blow out the light—
Putt me in your prayers, an' then
I'll be twic't as good-again!

THE EDGE OF THE WIND

YE stars in ye skies seem twinkling
In icicles of light,
And ye edge of ye wind cuts keener
Than ever ye sword-edge might;
Ye footsteps crunch in ye courtway,
And ye trough and ye cask go "ping!"—
Ye china cracks in ye pantry,
And ye crickets cease to sing.

THE HIRED MAN'S FAITH IN CHILDREN

BELIEVE all childern's good, Ef they're only understood,— Even bad ones, 'pears to me, 'S jes' as good as they kin be!

THE LOVELY HUSBAND



THE LOVELY HUSBAND



II

He answered at her least command:
He fanned her, if she would be fanned;
He vanished when she willed it.—And
He always coughed behind his hand.
She held him in such high esteem

She held him in such high esteem
She let him dope her face with
"Cream,"—

He'd chink the wrinkles seam-by-seam, And call her "lovely as a dream!"

CHORUS

Hot

Bun!

Wasn't he a lovey-dovey?

What

Fun

She could plot and plan!

Not

One

Other such a dovey-lovey
As this love-ly man!

III

Her lightest wishes he foreknew
And fell up-stairs to cater to:
He never failed to back from view,
Nor mispronounced Don't () you "Doan chu."

He only sought to fill such space As her friends left;—he knew his place:— He praised the form she could not lace.— He praised her face before her face!

CHORUS

Shot

Gun!

Wasn't he a lovely fellow?

What

Fun

She could plot and plan!

Not

One

Lonesome little streak of yellow In this love-ly man!

THREE SEVERAL BIRDS

The Romancer, the Poet, and the Bookman

I

THE ROMANCER

THE Romancer's a nightingale,—
The moon wanes dewy-dim
And all the stars grow faint and pale
In listening to him.—
To him the plot least plausible
Is of the most avail,—
He simply masters it because
He takes it by the tale.

O he's a nightingale,—
His theme will never fail—
It gains applause of all—because
He takes it by the tale!

So, glad or sad, he ever draws
Our best godspeed and hail;
He highest lifts his theme—because
He takes it by the tale.

O he's a nightingale,—
His theme will never fail—
It gains applause of all—because
He takes it by the tale!

II

THE POET

The bobolink he sings a single song,
Right along,—
And the robin sings another, all his own—
One alone;
And the whippoorwill, and bluebird,
And the cockadoodle-doo-bird;—
But the mocking-bird he sings in every tone
Ever known,
Or chirrup-note of merriment or moan.

So the Poet he's the mocking-bird of men,—
He steals his songs and sings them o'er again;
And yet beyond believing
They're the sweeter for his thieving.—
So we'll howl for Mister Mocking-bird
And have him out again!

It's mighty fond we are of bobolinks,

And chewinks;

And we dote on dinky robins, quite a few—

Yes, we do;

And we love the dove, and bluebird,

And the cockadoodle-doo-bird,—

But the mocking-bird's the bird for me and you,

Through and through,

Since he sings as everybody wants him to.

Ho! the Poet he's the mocking-bird of men,— He steals his songs and sings them o'er again; And yet beyond believing They're the sweeter for his thieving.— So we'll howl for Mister Mocking-bird And have him out again!

III

BOOKMAN'S CATCH

The Bookman he's a humming-bird—
His feasts are honey-fine,—
(With hi! hilloo!
And clover-dew
And roses lush and rare!)
His roses are the phrase and word

The Bookman he's a humming-bird,—
He steals from song to song—
He scents the ripest-blooming rhyme,
And takes his heart along
And sacks all sweets of bursting verse
And ballads, throng on throng.
(With ho! and hey!
And brook and brae,
And brinks of shade and shine!)

A humming-bird the Bookman is—
Though cumbrous, gray and grim,—
(With hi! hilloo!
And honey-dew
And odors musty-rare!)
He bends him o'er that page of his
As o'er the rose's rim
(With hi! and ho!
And pinks aglow
And roses everywhere!)
Ay, he's the featest humming-bird,—
On airiest of wings
He poises pendent o'er the poem
That blossoms as it sings—

THE BED

I

"THOU, of all God's gifts the best,
Blessèd Bed!" I muse, and rest
Thinking how it havened me
In my dazèd Infancy—
Ere mine eyes could bear the kind
Daylight through the window-blind,
Or my lips, in yearning quest,
Groping found the mother-breast,
Or mine utterance but owned
Minor sounds that sobbed and moaned.

II

Gracious Bed that nestled me
Even ere the mother's knee,—
Lulling me to slumber ere
Conscious of my treasure there—
Save the tiny palms that kept
Fondling, even as I slept,
That rare dual-wealth of mine,—
Softest pillow—sweetest wine!—
Gentlest cheer for mortal guest,
'And of Love's fare lordliest.

III

By thy grace, O Bed, the first
Blooms of Boyhood-memories burst:—
Dreams of riches, swift withdrawn
As I, wakening, find the dawn
With its glad Spring-face once more
Glimmering on me as of yore:
Then the bluebird's limpid cry
Lulls me like a lullaby,
Till falls every failing sense
Back to sleep's sheer impotence.

IV

Or, a truant, home again,—
With the moonlight through the pane,
And the kiss that ends the prayer—
Then the footsteps down the stair;
And the close hush; and far click
Of the old clock; and the thick
Sweetness of the locust-bloom
Drugging all the enchanted room
Into darkness fathoms deep
As mine own pure childish sleep.

V

Sacredness no words express,— Lo, the young wife's fond caress Of her first-born, while beside Bends the husband, tearful-eyed, Marveling of kiss and prayer Which of these is holier there.

VI

Trace the vigils through the long, Long nights, when the cricket's song Stunned the sick man's fevered brain, As he tossed and moaned in pain Piteous—till thou, O Bed, Smoothed the pillows for his head, And thy soothest solace laid Round him, and his fever weighed Into slumber deep and cool, And divinely merciful.

VII

Thus, O Bed, all gratefully
I would ever sing of thee—
Till the final sleep shall fall
O'er me, and the crickets call
In the grasses where at last
I am indolently cast
Like a play-worn boy at will.—

HOME-FOLKS

HOME-FOLKS!—Well, that-air name, to me, Sounds jis the same as poetry— That is, ef poetry is jis As sweet as I've hearn tell it is!

Home-Folks—they're jis the same as kin—All brung up, same as we have bin, Without no overpowerin' sense
Of their oncommon consequence!

They've bin to school, but not to git The habit fastened on 'em yit So as to ever interfere With *other* work 'at's waitin' here:

Home-Folks has crops to plant and plow, Er lives in town and keeps a cow; But whether country-jakes er town-, They know when eggs is up er down! And can't you hear their "Howdy!" clear As a brook's chuckle to the ear, And allus find their laughin' eyes As fresh and clear as morning skies?

And can't you—when they've gone away— Jis feel 'em shakin' hands, all day? And feel, too, you've bin higher raised By sich a meetin'?—God be praised!

Oh, Home-Folks! you're the best of all 'At ranges this terreschul ball,—
But, north er south, er east er west,
It's home is where you're at your best.—

It's home—it's home your faces shine, In-nunder your own fig and vine— Your fambly and your neighbers 'bout Ye, and the latch-string hangin' out.

Home-Folks—at home,—I know o' one Old feller now 'at hain't got none.—
Invite him—he may hold back some—
But you invite him, and he'll come.

'AMERICA'S THANKSGIVING

1900

FATHER all bountiful, in mercy bear
With this our universal voice of prayer—
The voice that needs must be
Upraised in thanks to Thee,
O Father, from Thy children everywhere.

A multitudinous voice, wherein we fain
Wouldst have Thee hear no lightest sob of pain—
No murmur of distress,
Nor moan of loneliness,
Nor drip of tears, though soft as summer rain.

And, Father, give us first to comprehend,
No ill can come from Thee; lean Thou and lend
Us clearer sight to see
Our boundless debt to Thee,
Since all thy deeds are blessings, in the end.

So, let us thank Thee, with all self aside,
Nor any lingering taint of mortal pride;
As here to Thee we dare
Uplift our faltering prayer,
Lend it some fervor of the glorified.

We thank Thee that our land is loved of Thee The blessed home of thrift and industry,
With ever-open door
Of welcome to the poor—
Thy shielding hand o'er all abidingly.

Ever thus we thank Thee for the wrong that grew Into a right that heroes battled to,

With brothers long estranged,

Once more as brothers ranged

Beneath the red and white and starry blue.

Ay, thanks—though tremulous the thanks
expressed—
Thanks for the battle at its worst, and best—
For all the clanging fray
Whose discord dies away
Into a pastoral-song of peace and rest.

TO EDMUND CLARENCE STEDMAN

THE AUTHORS' CLUB RECEPTION, NEW YORK, DECEMBER 6, 1900

IT is a various tribute you command,
O Poet-seer and World-sage in one!—
The scholar greets you; and the student; and
The stoic—and his visionary son:
The painter, harvesting with quiet eye
Your features; and the sculptor, dreaming, too,
A classic marble figure, lifted high
Where Fame's immortal ones are waiting you.

The man of letters, with his wistful face;
The grizzled scientist; the young A.B.;
The true historian, of force and grace;
The orator, of pure simplicity;
The journalist—the editor, likewise;
The young war-correspondent; and the old
War-seasoned general, with sagging eyes,
And nerve and hand of steel, and heart of gold.

These—these, and more, O favored guest of all,
Have known your benefactions, and are led
To pay their worldly homage, and to call
Down Heaven's blessings on your honored head.

Ideal, to the utmost plea of art—
As real, to labor's most exacting need,—
Your dual services of soul and heart
Enrich the world alike in dream and deed:
For you have brought to us, from out the mine
Delved but by genius in scholastic soil,
The blended treasures of a wealth divine,—
Your peerless gift of song—your life of toil.

WHEN WE FIRST PLAYED "SHOW"

WASN'T it a good time,
Long Time Ago—
When we all were little tads
And first played "Show"!—
When every newer day
Wore as bright a glow
As the ones we laughed away—
Long Time Ago!

Calf was in the back-lot;
Clover in the red;
Bluebird in the pear tree;
Pigeons on the shed;
Tom a-chargin' twenty pins
At the barn; and Dan
Spraddled out just like "The
'Injarubber'-Man!"

Me and Bub and Rusty,

Jamesy on the slack-rope
In a wild retreat,
Grappling back, to start again—
When he chalked his feet!

Wasn't Eck a wonder,
In his stocking-tights?
Wasn't Dunk—his leaping lion—
Chief of all delights?
Yes, and wasn't "Little Mack"
Boss of all the Show,—
Both Old Clown and Candy-Butcher—
Long Time Ago!

Sid the Bareback-Rider;
And—oh-me-oh-my!—
Bub, the spruce Ring-Master,
Stepping round so spry!—
In his little waist-and-trousers
All made in one,
Was there a prouder youngster
Under the sun!

And Now—who will tell me,—
Where are they all?

Dunk's a sanatorium doctor,
Up at Waterfall;

Sid's a city street-contractor;
Tom has fifty clerks;

And Jamesy he's the "Iron Magnate"
Of "The Hecla Works."

148 WHEN WE FIRST PLAYED "SHOW"

And Bub's old and bald now,
Yet still he hangs on,—
Dan and Eck and "Little Mack,"
Long, long gone!
But wasn't it a good time,
Long Time Ago—
When we all were little tads
And first played "Show"!



From a photograph taken when fifty-five years old

WILLIAM PINKNEY FISHBACK

SAY first he loved the dear home-hearts, and then

He loved his honest fellow citizen— He loved and honored him, in any post Of duty where he served mankind the most.

All that he asked of him in humblest need Was but to find him striving to succeed; All that he asked of him in highest place Was justice to the lowliest of his race.

When he found these conditions, proved and tried, He owned he marveled, but was satisfied—Relaxed in vigilance enough to smile And, with his own wit, flay himself a while.

Often he liked real anger—as, perchance, The summer skies like storm-clouds and the glance Of lightning—for the clearer, purer blue Of heaven, and the greener old earth, too. That which had been a task to hardiest minds To him was as a pleasure, such as finds The captive-truant, doomed to read throughout The one lone book he really cares about.

Study revived him: Howsoever dim And deep the problem, 'twas a joy to him To solve it wholly; and he seemed as one Refreshed and rested as the work was done.

And he had gathered, from all wealth of lore That time has written, such a treasure-store, His mind held opulence—his speech the rare Fair grace of sharing all his riches there—

Sharing with all, but with the greatest zest Sharing with those who seemed the neediest; The young he ever favored; and through these Shall he live longest in men's memories.

A GOOD MAN

Ι

AGOOD man never dies—
In worthy deed and prayer
And helpful hands, and honest eyes,
If smiles or tears be there:
Who lives for you and me—
Lives for the world he tries
To help—he lives eternally.
A good man never dies.

II

Who lives to bravely take

His share of toil and stress,
And, for his weaker fellows' sake,
Makes every burden less,—
He may, at last, seem worn—
Lie fallen—hands and eyes
Folded—yet, though we mourn and mourn,
A good man never dies.

JOHN CLARK RIDPATH

TO the lorn ones who loved him first and best, And knew his dear love at its tenderest, We seem akin—we simplest friends who knew His fellowship, of heart and spirit too:

We who have known the happy summertide Of his ingenuous nature, glorified With the inspiring smile that ever lit The earnest face and kindly strength of it;

His presence, all-commanding, as his thought Into unconscious eloquence was wrought Until the utterance became a spell That awed us as a spoken miracle.

Learning, to him was native—was, in truth, The earliest playmate of his lisping youth, Likewise throughout a life of toil and stress; It was as laughter, health and happiness;

And so he played with it—joyed at its call—Ran rioting with it, forgetting all Delights of childhood, and of age and fame,—A devotee of learning, still the same!

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The skies, the stars, the mountains and the sea, He worshiped as their high divinity—
Nor did his reverent spirit find one thing
On earth too lowly for his worshiping.

The weed, the rose, the wildwood or the plain, The teeming harvest, or the blighted grain,—All—all were fashioned beautiful and good, As the soul saw and senses understood.

Thus broadly based, his spacious faith and love Enfolded all below as all above—
Nay, ev'n if overmuch he loved mankind,
He gave his love's vast largess as designed.

Therefore, in fondest, faithful service, he Wrought ever bravely for humanity—
Stood, first of heroes for the Right allied—
Foes, even, grieving, when (for them) he died.

This was the man we loved—are loving yet, And still shall love while longing eyes are wet With selfish tears that well were brushed away, Remembering his smile of yesterday.—

For, even as we knew him, smiling still, Somewhere beyond all earthly ache or ill, He waits with the old welcome—just as when We met him smiling, we shall meet again.

HIS HEART OF CONSTANT YOUTH

And I never hear the drums beat that I do not think of him.

—Major Charles L. Holstein

TURN through his life, each word and deed Now sacred as it is— How helped and soothed we are to read A history like his!

To turn the years, in far review, And find him—as To-day— In orchard-lands of bloom and dew Again a boy at play:

The jeweled grass—the sumptuous trees And flower and fragrance there, With song of birds and drone of bees And Spring-time everywhere:

Turn any chapter that we will, Read any page, in sooth, We find his glad heart owning still The freshness of his youth.

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With such a heart of tender care
He loved his own, and thus
His home was, to the loved ones there,
A temple glorious.

And, ever youthful, still his love Enshrined, all manifold, The people—all the poor thereof, The helpless and the old.

And little children—Ah! to them His love was as the sun Wrought in a magic diadem That crowned them, every one.

And ever young his reverence for The laws: like morning-dew He shone as counsel, orator, And clear logician, too.

And, as a boy, his gallant soul Made answer to the trill Of battle-trumpet and the roll Of drums that echo still:

His comrades—as his country, dear—

156 HIS HEART OF CONSTANT YOUTH

He marched with them, in tireless tramp— Laughed, cheered and lifted up The battle-chorus, and in camp Shared blanket, pipe and cup.

His comrades! . . . When you meet again, In anguish though you bow, Remember how he loved you then, And how he loves you now.

THE PATHS OF PEACE

MAURICE THOMPSON-FEBRUARY 15, 1901

HE would have holiday—outworn, in sooth, Would turn again to seek the old release,—The open fields—the loved haunts of his youth—The woods, the waters, and the paths of peace.

The rest—the recreation he would choose
Be his abidingly! Long has he served
And greatly—ay, and greatly let us use
Our grief, and yield him nobly as deserved.

Perchance—with subtler senses than our own
And love exceeding ours—he listens thus
To ever nearer, clearer pipings blown
From out the lost lands of Theocritus.

Or haply, he is beckoned from us here,

By knight or yeoman of the bosky wood,

Or chained in roses haled a prisoner

Or, mayhap, Chaucer signals, and with him And his rare fellows he goes pilgriming; Or Walton signs him, o'er the morning brim Of misty waters midst the dales of Spring.

Ho! wheresoe'er he goes, or whosoe'er
He fares with, he has bravely earned the boon.
Be his the open, and the glory there
Of April-buds, May-blooms and flowers of June!

Be his the glittering dawn, the twinkling dew,

The breathless pool or gush of laughing streams—
Be his the triumph of the coming true

Of all his loveliest dreams!

THE TRIBUTE OF HIS HOME

BENJAMIN HARRISON—INDIANAPOLIS, MARCH
14, 1901

BOWED, midst a universal grief that makes Columbia's self a stricken mourner, cast In tears beneath the old Flag at half-mast, A sense of glory rouses us and breaks Like song upon our sorrowing and shakes The dew from our drenched eyes, that smile at last

In childish pride—as though the great man passed To his most high reward for our poor sakes.

Loved of all men—we muse,—yet ours he was—
Choice of the Nation's mighty brotherhood—
Her soldier, statesman, ruler.—Ay, but then,
We knew him—long before the world's applause
And after—as a neighbor, kind and good,
Our common friend and fellow citizen.

AMERICA

BUFFALO, NEW YORK, SEPTEMBER 14, 1901

O Thou, America—Messiah of Nations!

T

In the need that bows us thus,
America!
Shape a mighty song for us—
America!
Song to whelm a hundred years'
Roar of wars and rain of tears
'Neath a world's triumphant cheers:
America! America!

II

Lift the trumpet to thy mouth,
America!
East and West and North and South—
America!

III

Dying eyes through pitying mists,
America!
See the Assassin's shackled wrists,
America!
Patient eyes that turn their sight
From all blackening crime and blight
Still toward Heaven's holy light—
America! America!

IV

High o'erlooking sea and land,
America!
Trustfully with outheld hand,
America!
Thou dost welcome all in quest
Of thy freedom, peace and rest—
Every exile is thy guest,
America! America!

V

Thine a universal love,
America!
Thine the cross and crown thereof,
America!
Aid us, then, to sing thy worth:
God hath builded, from thy birth,
The first nation of the earth—
America! America!

EVEN AS A CHILD

CANTON, SEPTEMBER 19, 1901

EVEN as a child to whom sad neighbors speak
In symbol, saying that his father "sleeps"—
Who feels their meaning, even as his cheek
Feels the first tear-drop as it stings and leaps—
Who keenly knows his loss, and yet denies
Its awful import—grieves unreconciled,
Moans, drowses—rouses, with new-drowning eyes—
Even as a child.

Even as a child; with empty, aimless hand
Clasped sudden to the heart all hope deserts—
With tears that blur all lights on sea or land—
The lip that quivers and the throat that hurts:
Even so, the Nation that has known his love

THE HOOSIER IN EXILE

THE Hoosier in Exile—a toast
That by its very sound
Moves us, at first, to tears almost,
And sympathy profound;
But musing for a little space,
We lift the glass and smile,
And poise it with a royal grace—
The Hoosier in Exile!

The Hoosier in Exile, forsooth!

For though his steps may roam
The earth's remotest bounds, in truth
His heart is ever home!
O loyal still to every tie
Of native fields and streams,
His boyhood friends, and paths whereby
He finds them in his dreams!

Though he may fare the thronging maze
Of alien city streets,
His thoughts are set in grassy ways
And woodlands' cool retreats;
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Forever, clear and sweet above
The traffic's roar and din,
In breezy groves he hears the dove,
And is at peace within.

When newer friends and generous hands
Advance him, he returns
Due gratefulness, yet, pausing, stands
As one who strangely yearns
To pay still further thanks, but sighs
To think he knows not where,
Till—like as life—with misty eyes
He sees his mother there.

The Hoosier in Exile? Ah, well,
Accept the phrase, but know
The Hoosier heart must ever dwell
Where orchard blossoms grow
The whitest, apples reddest, and,
In cornlands, mile on mile,
The old homesteads forever stand—
"The Hoosier in Exile!"

THE QUEST OF THE FATHERS

WHAT were our Forefathers trying to find When they weighed anchor, that desperate hour

They turned from home, and the warning wind Sighed in the sails of the old Mayflower? What sought they that could compensate Their hearts for the loved ones left behind—The household group at the glowing grate?—What were our Forefathers trying to find?

What were they trying to find more dear
Than their native land and its annals old,—
Its throne—its church—and its worldly cheer—
Its princely state, and its hoarded gold?
What more dear than the mounds of green
There o'er the brave sires, slumbering long?
What more fair than the rural scene—
What more sweet than the throstle's song?

Faces pallid, but sternly set,
Lips locked close, as in voiceless prayer,
And eyes with never a tear-drop wet—
Even the tenderest woman's there!

But O the light from the soul within,
As each spake each with a flashing mind—
As the lightning speaks to its kith and kin!
What were our Forefathers trying to find?

Argonauts of a godless day—
Seers of visions, and dreamers vain!
Their ship's foot set in a pathless way,—
The fogs, the mists, and the blinding rain!—
When the gleam of sun, and moon and star
Seemed lost so long they were half forgot—
When the fixed eyes found nor near nor far,
And the night whelmed all, and the world was not.

And yet, befriended in some strange wise,
They groped their way in the storm and stress
Through which—though their look found not the
skies—

The Lord's look found them ne'ertheless—
Found them, yea, in their piteous lot,
As they in their faith from the first divined—
Found them, and favored them—too. But what—
What were our Forefathers trying to find?

Numb and agasp, with the frost for breath,

They came on a frozen shore, at last,
As bleak and drear as the coasts of death,—
And yet their psalm o'er the wintry blast
Rang glad as though 'twere the chiming mirth
Of jubilant children landing there—
Until o'er all of the icy earth
The snows seemed warm, as they knelt in prayer.

For, lo! they were close on the trail they sought:—
In the sacred soil of the rights of men
They marked where the Master-hand had wrought;
And there they garnered and sowed again.—
Their land—then ours, as to-day it is,
With its flag of heaven's own light designed,
And God's vast love o'er all. . . . And this
Is what our Forefathers were trying to find.

TO THE MOTHER

THE mother-hands no further toil may know;
The mother-eyes smile not on you and me;
The mother-heart is stilled, alas!—But O
The mother-love abides eternally.

NEW YEAR'S NURSERY JINGLE

OF all the rhymes of all the climes Of where and when and how, We best and most can boost and boast The Golden Age of NOW!

FOOL-YOUNGENS

ME an' Bert an' Minnie-Belle Knows a joke, an' we won't tell! No, we don't—'cause we don't know Why we got to laughin' so; But we got to laughin' so, We ist kep' a-laughin'.

Wind uz blowin' in the tree—An' wuz only ist us three
Playin' there; an' ever' one
Ketched each other, like we done,
Squintin' up there at the sun
Like we wuz a-laughin'.

Nothin' funny anyway;
But I laughed, an' so did they—
An' we all three laughed, an' nen
Squint' our eyes an' laugh' again:
Ner we didn't ist p'ten'—
We wuz shore-'nough laughin'.

She tear up the grass a spell An' ist stop her yeers an' yell Like she'd die a-laughin'.

Never sich fool-youngens yit!

Nothin' funny,—not a bit!—

But we laugh' so, tel we whoop'

Purt' nigh like we have the croup—

All so hoarse we'd wheeze an' whoop

An' ist choke a-laughin',

A GUSTATORY ACHIEVEMENT

LAST Thanksgivin'-dinner we Et at Granny's house, an' she Had—ist like she alluz does— Most an' best pies ever wuz.

Canned blackburry-pie an' goose-Burry, squshin'-full o' juice; An' rosburry—yes, an' plum— Yes, an' churry-pie—um-yum! Peach an' punkin, too, you bet. Lawzy! I kin taste 'em yet! Yes, an' custard-pie, an' mince!

An'—I—ain't—et—no—pie—since!

BILLY AND HIS DRUM

HO! it's come, kids, come!
With a bim! bam! bum!
Here's little Billy bangin' on his
big bass drum!
He's a-marchin' round the room,
With his feather-duster plume
A-noddin' an' a-bobbin' with his
bim! bom! boom!

Looky, little Jane an' Jim!
Will you only look at him,
A-humpin' an' a-thumpin' with his
bam! bom! bim!
Has the Day o' Judgment come
Er the New Mi-len-nee-um?
Er is it only Billy with his
bim! bam! bum!

I'm a-comin'; yes, I am—

Come hurrawin' as you come, Er they'll think you're deef-an'-dumb Ef you don't hear little Billy an' his big bass drum!

A DIVERTED TRAGEDY

RACIE wuz allus a careless tot;

But Gracie dearly loved her doll,
An' played wiv it on the winder-sill

'Way up-stairs, when she ought to not,
An' her muvver telled her so an' all;
But she won't mind what she say—till,
First thing she know, her dolly fall

Clean spang out o' the winder, plumb

Into the street! An' here Grace come
Down-stairs, two at a time, ist wild
An' a-screamin', "Oh, my child! my child!"

Jule wuz a-bringin' their basket o' clo'es
Ist then into their hall down there,—
An' she ist stop' when Gracie bawl,
An' Jule she say "She ist declare
She's ist in time!" An' what you s'pose?
She sets her basket down in the hall,
An' wite on top o' the snowy clo'es
Wuz Gracie's dolly a-layin' there
An' ist ain't bu'st ner hurt a-tall!

THOMAS THE PRETENDER

TOMMY'S alluz playin' jokes,
An' actin' up, an' foolin' folks;
An' wunst one time he creep
In Pa's big chair, he did, one night,
An' squint an' shut his eyes bofe tight,
An' say, "Now I'm asleep."
An' nen we knowed, an' Ma know' too,
He ain't asleep no more'n you!

An' wunst he clumbed on our back-fence
An' flop his arms an' nen commence
To crow, like he's a hen;
But when he falled off, like he done,
He didn't fool us childern none,
Ner didn't crow again.
An' our Hired Man, as he come by,
Says, "Tom can't crow, but he kin cry."

An' one time wunst Tom 'tend'-like he's His Pa an' goin' to rob the bees;
An', first he know—oh, dear!
They ist come swarmin' out o' there

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An' sting him, an' stick in his hair—
An' one got in his yeer!—
An' Uncle sigh an' say to Ma,
An' grease the welts, "Pore Pa! pore Pa!"

TO MY SISTER

A BELATED OFFERING FOR HER BIRTHDAY

THESE books you find three weeks behind
Your honored anniversary
Make me, I fear, to here appear
Mayhap a trifle cursory.—
Yet while the Muse must thus refuse
The chords that fall caressfully,
She seems to stir the publisher
And dealer quite successfully.

As to our birthdays—let 'em run
Until they whir and whiz!
Read Robert Louis Stevenson,
And hum these lines of his:—
"The eternal dawn, beyond a doubt,

THE SOLDIER

THE DEDICATION OF THE SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' MONUMENT, INDIANAPOLIS, MAY 15, 1902

THE Soldier!—meek the title, yet divine:
Therefore, with reverence, as with wild acclaim,

We fain would honor in exalted line
The glorious lineage of the glorious name:
The Soldier.—Lo, he ever was and is,
Our Country's high custodian, by right
Of patriot blood that brims that heart of his
With fiercest love, yet honor infinite.

The Soldier—within whose inviolate care
The Nation takes repose,—her inmost fane
Of Freedom ever has its guardian there,
As have her forts and fleets on land and main:
The Heavenward Banner, as its ripples stream
In happy winds, or float in languid flow,
Through silken meshes ever sifts the gleam
Of sunshine on its Sentinel below.

The Soldier!—Why, the very utterance
Is music—as of rallying bugles, blent
With blur of drums and cymbals and the chants
Of battle-hymns that shake the continent!—
The thunder-chorus of a world is stirred
To awful, universal jubilee,—
Yet ever through it, pure and sweet, are heard
The prayers of Womanhood, and Infancy.

Even as a fateful tempest sudden loosed
Upon our senses, so our thoughts are blown
Back where The Soldier battled, nor refused
A grave all nameless in a clime unknown.—
The Soldier—though, perchance, worn, old and gray;

The Soldier—though, perchance, the merest lad,—

The Soldier—though he gave his life away, Hearing the shout of "Victory," was glad;

Ay, glad and grateful, that in such a cause His veins were drained at Freedom's holy shrine—

Rechristening the land—as first it was.—

The dying eyes upraised in rapture there,—
As, haply, he remembered how a breeze
Once swept his boyish brow and tossed his hair,
Under the fresh bloom of the orchard-trees—
When his heart hurried, in some wistful haste
Of ecstasy, and his quick breath was wild
And balmy-sharp and chilly-sweet to taste,—
And he towered godlike, though a trembling
child!

Again, through luminous mists, he saw the skies'
Far fields white-tented; and in gray and blue
And dazzling gold, he saw vast armies rise
And fuse in fire—from which, in swiftest view,
The Old Flag soared, and friend and foe as one
Blent in an instant's vivid mirage. . . . Then
The eyes closed smiling on the smiling sun
That changed the seer to a child again.—

And, even so, The Soldier slept.—Our own!—
The Soldier of our plaudits, flowers and
tears,—

O this memorial of bronze and stone—
His love shall outlast this a thousand years!
Yet, as the towering symbol bids us do,—
With soul saluting, as salutes the hand,
We answer as The Soldier answered to
The Captain's high command.

A CHRISTMAS GLEE

FEIGNED AS FROM ELIZABETHAN COMEDY

Ι

WITH a hey! and a hi! and a hey-ho glee!
O a Christmas glass for a sweet-lipped lass
To kiss and pass, in her coquetry—
So rare!
And the lads all flush save the right one there—
So rare—so rare!
With a hey! and a hi! and a ho—oh!
The Christmas holly and the mistletoe!

II

With a hey! and a hi! and a hey-ho wile!

As he lifts the cup and his wan face up,
Her eyes touch his with a tender smile—

So rare!

CHORUS

With a hey! and a hi! and a hey-ho-ho! The wind, the winter and the drifting snow! With a hey! and a hi! and a ho—oh! The Christmas holly and the mistletoe!

NO BOY KNOWS

THERE are many things that boys may know—

Why this and that are thus and so,—
Who made the world in the dark and lit
The great sun up to lighten it:
Boys know new things every day—
When they study, or when they play,—
When they idle, or sow and reap—
But no boy knows when he goes to sleep.

Boys who listen—or should, at least,—
May know that the round old earth rolls East;—
And know that the ice and the snow and the

Ever repeating their parts again—
Are all just water the sunbeams first
Sip from the earth in their endless thirst,
And pour again till the low streams leap.—

He may know each call of his truant mates, And the paths they went,—and the pasture-gates Of the 'cross-lots home through the dusk so deep.—

But no boy knows when he goes to sleep.

O I have followed me, o'er and o'er,
From the flagrant drowse on the parlor-floor,
To the pleading voice of the mother when
I even doubted I heard it then—
To the sense of a kiss, and a moonlit room,
And dewy odors of locust-bloom—
A sweet white cot—and a cricket's cheep.—
But no boy knows when he goes to sleep.

HIS PA'S ROMANCE

ALL 'at I ever want to be
Is ist to be a man like Pa
When he wuz young an' married Ma!
Uncle he telled us yisterdy
Ist all about it then—'cause they,
My Pa an' Ma, wuz bofe away
To 'tend P'tracted Meetin', where
My Pa an' Ma is allus there
When all the big "Revivals" is,
An' "Love-Feasts," too, an' "Class," an'
"Prayer,"

An' when's "Comoonian Servicis."
An', yes, an' Uncle said to not
To never tell them ner let on
Like we knowed now ist how they got
First married. So—while they wuz gone—
Uncle he telled us ever'thing—
'Bout how my Pa wuz ist a pore
Farm-boy.—He says, I tell you what,
Your Pa wuz pore! But neighbers they

Yes, sir! an' Uncle purt' nigh swore About the mean old man an' way He treat' my Pa!—'cause he's a pore Farm-hand—but prouder 'an a king— An' ist work' on, he did, an' wore His old patched clo'es, ist anyway, So he saved up his wages—then He ist worked on an 'saved some more. An' ist worked on, ist night an' day-Till, sir, he save' up nine er ten Er hunnerd dollars! But he keep All still about it, Uncle say-But he ist thinks—an' thinks a heap! Though what he wuz a-thinkin', Pa He never tell' a soul but Ma-(Then, course, you know, he wuzn't Pa, An', course, you know, she wuzn't Ma-They wuz ist sweethearts, course you know); 'Cause Ma wuz ist a girl, about Sixteen: an' when my Pa he go A-courtin' her, her Pa an' Ma-The very first they find it out— Wuz maddest folks you ever saw! 'Cause it wuz her old Ma an' Pa 'At hate' my Pa, an' toss their head, An' ist raise Ned! An' her Pa said He'd ruther see his daughter dead! An' said she's ist a child!—an' so Wuz Pa!-An' ef he wuz man-grown An' only man on earth below, His daughter shouldn't marry him

Ef he's a king an' on his throne! Pa's chances then looked mighty slim Fer certain, Uncle said. But he-He never told a soul but her What he wuz keepin' quiet fer. Her folks ist lived a mile from where He lived at—an' they drove past there To git to town. An' ever' one An' all the neighbers they liked her An' showed it! But her folks—no, sir!— Nobody liked her parunts none! An' so when they shet down, you know, On Pa-an' old man tell' him so-Pa ist went back to work, an' she Ist waited. An', sir! purty soon Her folks they thought he's turned his eye Some other way-'cause by-an'-by They heard he'd rented the old place He worked on. An' one afternoon A neighber, that had bust' a trace, He tell' the old man they wuz signs Around the old place that the young Man wuz a-fixin' up the old Log cabin some, an' he had brung

An'. Uncle said, when he hear tell O' all them things, the old man he Ist grin' an' says, he "reckon' now Some gal, er widder anyhow. That silly boy he's coaxed at last To marry him!" he says, says-ee, "An' ef he has, 'so mote it be'!" Then went back to the house to tell His wife the news, as he went past The smokehouse, an' then went on in The kitchen, where his daughter she Wuz washin', to tell her, an grin An' try to worry her a spell! The mean old thing! But Uncle said She ain't cry much—ist pull her old Sunbonnet forrerds on her head-So's old man he can't see her face At all! An' when he s'pose he scold An' iaw enough, he ist clear' out An' think he's boss of all the place!

Then Uncle say, the first you know
They's go' to be a Circus-show
In town; an' old man think he'll take
His wife an' go. An' when she say
To take their daughter, too, she shake
Her head like she don't want to go;
An' when he sees she wants to stay,
The old man takes her, anyway!
An' so she went! But Uncle he
Said she looked mighty sweet that day,

Though she wuz pale as she could be, A-speshully a-drivin' by Wite where her beau lived at, you know; But out the corner of his eye The old man watch' her; but she throw Her pairsol 'round so she can't see The house at all! An' then she hear Her Pa an' Ma a-talkin' low An' kind o' laughin'-like: but she Ist set there in the seat behind. P'tendin' like she didn't mind. An', Uncle say, when they got past The young man's place, an' 'pearantly He wuzn't home, but off an' gone To town, the old man turned at last An' talked back to his daughter there. All pleasant-like, from then clean on Till they got into town, an' where The Circus wuz, an' on inside O' that, an' through the crowd, on to The very top seat in the tent Wite next the band—a-bangin' through A tune 'at bu'st his yeers in two! An' there the old man scrouged an' tried To make his wife set down, an' she A-yellin'! But ist what she meant He couldn't hear, ner couldn't see Till she turned 'round an' pinted. Then He turned an' looked—an' looked again! . . . He ist saw neighbers ever'where-But, sir, his daughter wuzn't there!

An', Uncle says, he even saw
Her beau, you know, he hated so;
An' he wuz with some other girl.
An' then he heard the Clown "Haw-haw!"
An' saw the horses wheel an' whirl
Around the ring, an' heard the zipp
O' the Ringmaster's long slim whip—
But that whole Circus, Uncle said,
Wuz all inside the old man's head!

An' Uncle said, he didn't find
His daughter all that afternoon—
An' her Ma says she'll lose her mind
Ef they don't find her purty soon!
But, though they looked all day, an' stayed
There fer the night p'formance—not
No use at all!—they never laid
Their eyes on her. An' then they got
Their team out, an' the old man shook
His fist at all the town, an' then
Shook it up at the moon ag'in,
An' said his time 'ud come, some day!
An' jerked the lines an' driv away.

Uncle, he said, he s'pect, that night,
The old man's madder yet when they
Drive past the young man's place, an' hear
A fiddle there, an' see a light
Inside, an' shadders light an' gay
A-dancin' 'crosst the winder-blinds.
An' some young chaps outside yelled, "Say!
What 'pears to be the hurry—hey?"

But the old man ist whipped the lines An' streaked past like a runaway! An' now you'll be su'prised, I bet!-I hardly ain't quit laughin' yet When Uncle say, that jamboree An' dance an' all-w'y, that's a sign That any old man ort to see, As plain as 8 and 1 makes o. That they's a weddin' wite inside That very house he's whippin' so To git apast!—An', sir! the bride There's his own daughter! Yes, an' oh! She's my Ma now—an' young man she Got married, he's my Pa! Whoop-ee! But Uncle say to not laugh all The laughin' yet, but please save some To kind o' spice up what's to come!

Then Uncle say, about next day
The neighbers they begin to call
An' wish 'em well, an' say how glad
An' proud an' tickled ever' way
Their friends all is—an' how they had
The lovin' prayers of ever' one
That had homes of their own! But none
Said nothin' 'bout the home that she
Had run away from! So she sighed

An'. 'bout a week, She want to see her Ma so bad. . She think she'll haf to go! An' so She coax him; an' he kiss her cheek An' say, Lord bless her, course they'll go! An', Uncle say, when they're bofe come A-knockin' there at her old home-W'y, first he know, the door it flew Open, all quick, an' she's jerked in, An', quicker still, the door's banged to An' locked: an' crosst the winder-sill The old man pokes a shotgun through An' says to git! "You stold my child," He says; "an', now she's back, w'y, you Clear out, this minute, er I'll kill You! Yes, an' I 'ull kill her, too, Ef you don't go!" An' then, all wild, His young wife begs him please to go! An' so he turn' an' walk'-all slow An' pale as death, but awful still An' ca'm-back to the gate, an' on Into the road, where he had gone So many times alone, you know! An', Uncle say, a whipperwill Holler so lonesome, as he go On back to'rds home, he say he 'spec' He ist 'ud like to wring its neck! An' I ain't think he's goin' back All by hisse'f-but Uncle say That's what he does, an' it's a fac'!

An' 'pears-like he's goin' back to stay-'Cause there he stick', ist thataway, An' don't go nowheres any more, Ner don't nobody ever see Him set his foot outside the door— Till bout five days, a boy loped down The road, a-comin' past from town, An' he called to him from the gate, An' sent the old man word: He's thought Things over now; an', while he hate To lose his wife, he think she ought To mind her Pa an' Ma an' do Whatever they advise her to. An' sends word, too, to come an' git Her new things an' the furnichur That he had special' bought fer her-'Cause, now that they wuz goin' to quit, She's free to ist have all of it:-So, fer his love fer her, he say To come an' git it, wite away. An' spang! that very afternoon, Here come her Ma-ist bout as soon As old man could hitch up an' tell Her "hurry back!" An' 'bout as quick As she's drove there to where my Pa-I mean to where her son-in-law-Lives at, he meets her at the door

Shet on her, an' she hears the click Of a' old rusty padlock! Then, Uncle, he say, she kind o' stands An' thinks—an' thinks ag'in— An' mayby thinks of her own child Locked up-like her! An' Uncle smiled. An' I ist laughed an' clapped my hands! An' there she stayed! An' she can cry Ist all she want! an' yell an' kick To ist her heart's content! an' try To pry out wiv a quiltin'-stick! But Uncle say he guess at last She's 'bout give up, an' holler through The door-crack fer to please to be So kind an' good as send an' tell The old man, like she want him to, To come 'fore night, an' set her free, Er—they wuz rats down there! An' yell She did, till, Uncle say, it soured The morning's milk in the back vard! But all the answer reached her, where She's skeered so in the dark down there. Wuz ist a mutterin' that she heard,— "I've sent him word!—I've sent him word!" An' shore enough, as Uncle say, He has "sent word!"

Well, it's plum night An' all the house is shet up tight— Only one winder 'bout half-way Raised up, you know; an' ain't no light Inside the whole house, Uncle say.
Then, first you know, there where the team
Stands hitched yet, there the old man
stands—

A' old tin lantern in his hands An' monkey-wrench; an' he don't seem To make things out, a-standin' there. He comes on to the gate an' feels An' fumbles fer the latch—then hears A voice that chills him to the heels— "You halt! an' stand right where you air!" Then, sir! my-my-his son-in-law, There at the winder wiv his gun. He tell the old man what he's done: "You hold my wife a prisoner— An' your wife, drat ye! I've got her! An' now, sir," Uncle say he say, "You ist turn round an' climb wite in That wagon, an' drive home ag'in An' bring my wife back wite away, An' we'll trade then—an' not before Will I unlock my cellar-door-Not fer your wife's sake ner your own, But my wife's sake—an' hers alone!" An', Uncle say, it don't sound like It's so, but yet it is!—He say, From wite then, somepin' seem' to strike

Come whizzin' back! An' oh, that-air Sweet girl a-cryin' all the while. Thinkin' about her Ma there, shet In her own daughter's cellar, where— Ist week or so she's kep' house there— She hadn't time to clean it yet! So when her Pa an' her they git There—an' the young man grab' an' kiss An' hug her, till she make him quit An' ask him where her mother is. An' then he smile' an' try to not; Then slow-like find th' old padlock key, An' blow a' oat-hull out of it. An' then stoop down there where he's got Her Ma locked up so keerfully-An' where, wite there, he say he thought It ort to been the old man—though Uncle, he say, he reckon not— When out she bounced, all tickled so To taste fresh air ag'in an' find Her folks wunst more, an' grab' her child An' cry an' laugh, an' even go An' hug the old man; an' he wind Her in his arms, an' laugh, an' pat Her back, an' say he's riconciled, In such a happy scene as that, To swap his daughter for her Ma, An' have so smart a son-in-law

TO JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS

YOU who to the rounded prime
Of a life of toil and stress,
Still have kept the morning-time
Of glad youth in heart and spirit,
So your laugh, as children hear it,
Seems their own, no less,—
Take this book of childish rhyme—
The Book of Joyous Children.

Their first happiness on earth
Here is echoed—their first glee:
Rich, in sooth, the volume's worth—
Not in classic lore, but rich in
The child-sagas of the kitchen;—
Therefore, take from me
To your heart of childish mirth
The Book of Joyous Children.

THE BOOK OF JOYOUS CHILDREN

BOUND and bordered in leaf-green,
Edged with trellised buds and flowers
And glad Summer-gold, with clean
White and purple morning-glories
Such as suit the songs and stories
Of this book of ours,
Unrevised in text or scene,—
The Book of Joyous Children.

Wild and breathless in their glee—
Lawless rangers of all ways
Winding through lush greenery
Of Elysian vales—the viny,
Bowery groves of shady, shiny
Haunts of childish days.
Spread and read again with me
The Book of Joyous Children.

What a whir of wings, and what

THE BOOK OF JOYOUS CHILDREN

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Of the poets of those far lands Whence all dreams are drawn Set herein and soiling not The Book of Joyous Children.

In their blithe companionship

Taste again, these pages through,
The hot honey on your lip

Of the sun-smit wild strawberry,
Or the chill tart of the cherry;
Kneel, all glowing, to
The cool spring, and with it sip

The Book of Joyous Children.

As their laughter needs no rule,
So accept their language, pray.—
Touch it not with any tool:
Surely we may understand it,—
As the heart has parsed or scanned it
Is a worthy way,
Though found not in any School
The Book of Joyous Children.

Be a truant—know no place
Of prison under heaven's rim!
Front the Father's smiling face—

ELMER BROWN

AWF'LEST boy in this-here town Er anywheres is Elmer Brown! He'll mock you—yes, an' strangers, too, An' make a face an' yell at you,— "Here's the way you look!"

Yes, an' wunst in School one day, An' Teacher's lookin' wite that way, He helt his slate, an' hide his head, An' maked a face at her, an' said,— "Here's the way you look!"

An'-sir! when Rosie Wheeler smile
One morning at him 'crosst the aisle,
He twist his face all up, an' black
His nose wiv ink, an' whisper back,—
"Here's the way you look!"

Wunst when his Aunt's all dressed to call, An' kiss him good-by in the hall, An' latch the gate an' start away, He holler out to her an' say,— "Here's the way you look!" An' when his Pa he read out loud
The speech he maked, an' feel so proud
It's in the paper—Elmer's Ma
She ketched him—wite behind his Pa,—
"Here's the way you look!"

Nen when his Ma she slip an' take Him in the other room an' shake Him good! w'y, he don't care—no-sir!— He ist look up an' laugh at her,— "Here's the way you look!"

THE RAMBO-TREE

WHEN Autumn shakes the rambo-tree—
It's a long, sweet way across the orchard!—
The bird sings low as the bumblebee—
It's a long, sweet way across the orchard!—
The poor shote-pig he says, says he:
"When Autumn shakes the rambo-tree
There's enough for you and enough for me."—
It's a long, sweet way across the orchard.

For just two truant lads like we,
When Autumn shakes the rambo-tree
There's enough for you and enough for me—
It's a long, sweet way across the orchard.

When Autumn shakes the rambo-tree—
It's a long, sweet way across the orchard!—
The mole digs out to peep and see—
It's a long, sweet way across the orchard!—

THE RAMBO-TREE

For just two truant lads like we,
When Autumn shakes the rambo-tree
There's enough for you and enough for me—
It's a long, sweet way across the orchard.

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FIND THE FAVORITE

OUR three cats is Maltese cats, An' they's two that's white,— An' bofe of 'em's deef—an' that's 'Cause their eyes ain't right.—

Uncle say that Huxley say
Eyes of white Maltese—
When they don't match thataway—
They're deef as you please!

Girls, they like our white cats best, 'Cause they're white as snow,
Yes, an' look the stylishest—
But they're deef, you know!

They don't know their names, an' don't Hear us when we call "Come in, Nick an' Finn!"—they won't Come fer us at all!

Mowgli's all his name—the same Me an' Muvver took Like the Wolf-Child's other name, In "The Jungul Book."

I bet Mowg's the smartest cat
In the world!—He's not
White, but mousy-plush, with that
Smoky gloss he's got!

All's got little bells to ring, Round their neck; but none Only Mowg knows anything— He's the only one!

I ist 'spect sometimes he hate White cats' stupid ways:— He won't hardly 'sociate With 'em, lots o' days!

Mowg wants in where we air,—well,
He'll ist take his paw
An' ist ring an' ring his bell
There till me er Ma

Er somebody lets him in Nen an' shuts the door.— An', when he wants out ag'in, Nen he'll ring some more. Ort to hear our Katy tell!

She sleeps 'way up-stairs;

An' last night she hear Mowg's bell

Ringin' round somewheres. . . .

Trees grows by her winder.—So, She lean out an' see Mowg up there, 'way out, you know, In the clingstone-tree;—

An'-sir! he ist hint an' ring,—
Till she ketch an' plat
Them limbs;—nen he crawl an' spring
In where Katy's at!

THE BOY PATRIOT

WANT to be a Soldier!— A Soldier!-A Soldier!-

I want to be a Soldier, with a saber in my hand Or a little carbine rifle, or a musket on my shoulder, Or just a snare-drum, snarling in the middle of the band;

I want to hear, high overhead, The Old Flag flap her wings

While all the Army, following, in chorus cheers and sings;

> I want to hear the tramp and jar Of patriots a million, As gaily dancing off to war As dancing a cotillion.

I want to be a Soldier!— A Soldier!-

A Soldier!-

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I want to see the battle!—

The battle!-

The battle!-

I want to see the battle, and be in it to the end;—
I want to hear the cannon clear their throats and catch the prattle

Of all the pretty compliments the enemy can send!—And then I know my wits will go,—and where I shouldn't be—

Well, there's the spot, in any fight, that you may search for me.

So, when our foes have had their fill, Though I'm among the dying, To see The Old Flag flying still, I'll laugh to leave her flying!

I want to be a Soldier!—

A Soldier!-

A Soldier!-

I want to be a Soldier, with a saber in my hand
Or a little carbine rifle, or a musket on my shoulder,
Or just a snare-drum, snarling in the middle of
the band.

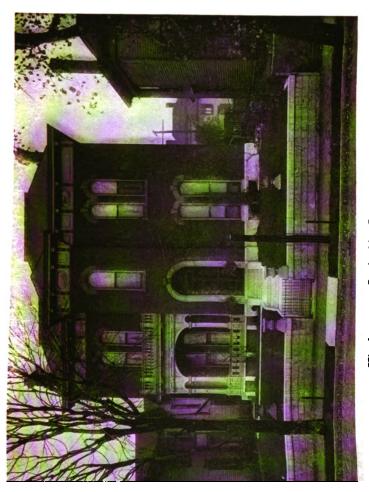
EXTREMES

T

A LITTLE boy once played so loud That the Thunder, up in a thunder-cloud, Said, "Since I can't be heard, why, then I'll never, never thunder again!"

II

And a little girl once kept so still That she heard a fly on the window-sill Whisper and say to a ladybird,— "She's the stilliest child I ever heard."



INTELLECTUAL LIMITATIONS

PARUNTS knows lots more than us, But they don't know all things,—'Cause we ketch 'em, lots o' times, Even on little small things.

One time Winnie ask' her Ma, At the winder, sewin', What's the wind a-doin' when It's a-not a-blowin'?

Yes, an' 'Del', that very day,
When we're nearly froze out,
He ask' Uncle where it goes
When the fire goes out?

Nen I run to ask my Pa,
That way, somepin' funny;
But I can't say ist but "Say,"
When he turn to me an' say,
"Well, what is it, Honey?"

A MASQUE OF THE SEASONS

Scene.—A kitchen.—Group of Children, popping corn.—The Rairy Queen of the Seasons discovered in the smoke of the corn-popper.—Waving her wand, and, with eery, sharp, imperious ejaculations, addressing the bespelled auditors, who neither see nor hear her nor suspect her presence.

QUEEN

SUMMER or Winter or Spring or Fall,—Which do you like the best of all?

LITTLE JASPER

When I'm dressed warm as warm can be,
And with boots, to go
Through the deepest snow,
Winter-time is the time for me!

QUEEN

Summer or Winter or Spring or Fall,—Which do you like the best of all?

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LITTLE MILDRED

I like blossoms, and birds that sing;
The grass and the dew,
And the sunshine, too,—
So, best of all I like the Spring.

QUEEN

Summer or Winter or Spring or Fall,—Which do you like the best of all?

LITTLE MANDEVILLE

O little friends, I most rejoice
When I hear the drums
As the Circus comes,—
So Summer-time's my special choice.

QUEEN

Summer or Winter or Spring or Fall,—Which do you like the best of all?

LITTLE EDITH

A MASQUE OF THE SEASONS

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QUEEN

Soh! my lovelings and pretty dears, You've each a favorite, it appears,— Summer and Winter and Spring and Fall.— That's the reason I send them all!

LITTLE DICK AND THE CLOCK

7HEN Dicky was sick In the night, and the clock, As he listened, said "Tick-Atty-tick-atty-tock!" He said that it said, Every time it said "Tick," It said "Sick," instead, And he heard it say "Sick!" And when it said "Tick-Atty-tick-atty-tock," He said it said "Sick-Atty-sick-atty-sock!" And he tried to see then. But the light was too dim, Yet he heard it again-And 'twas talking to him! And then it said "Sick-Atty-sick-atty-sick! You poor little Dick-Atty—Dick-atty—Dick!— Have you got the hick-Atties? Hi! send for Doc To hurry up quick-

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LITTLE DICK AND THE CLOCK

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Atty—quick-atty—quock,
And heat a hot brickAtty—brick-atty—brock,
And rickle-ty wrap it
And clickle-ty clap it
Against his cold feetAl-ty—weep-aty—eepaty—
There he goes, slapitTy—slippaty—sleepaty!"

THE KATYDIDS

SOMETIMES I keep
From going to sleep,
To hear the katydids "cheep-cheep!"
And think they say
Their prayers that way;
But katydids don't have to pray!

I listen when
They cheep again;
And so, I think, they're singing then!
But, no; I'm wrong,—
The sound's too long
And all-alike to be a song!

I think, "Well, there!
I do declare,
If it is neither song nor prayer,
It's talk—and quite

And so, I smile,
And think,—"Now I'll
Not listen for a little while!"—
Then, sweet and clear,
Next "cheep" I hear
'S a kiss. . . . Good morning,
Mommy dear!

THE NOBLE OLD ELM

BIG Old Tree, so tall an' fine,
Where all us childern swings an' plays,
Though neighbers says you're on the line
Between Pa's house an' Mr. Gray's,—
Us childern used to almost fuss,
Old Tree, about you when we'd play.
We'd argy you belonged to us,
An' them Gray-kids the other way!

Till Elsie, one time she wuz here
An' playin' wiv us—Don't you mind,
Old Mister Tree?—an' purty near
She scolded us the hardest kind
Fer quar'llin' 'bout you thataway,
An' say she'll find—ef we'll keep still—
Whose tree you air fer shore, she say,
An' settle it fer good, she will!

So all keep still: An' nen she gone
An' pat the Old Tree, an' says she,—
"Whose air you, Tree?" an' nen let on
Like she's a-list'nin' to the Tree,—
An' nen she say, "It's settled,—'cause
The Old Tree says he's all our tree—
His trunk belongs to bofe your Pas,
But shade belongs to you an' me."

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EVENSONG

AY away the story,—
Though the theme is sweet,
There's a lack of something yet,
Leaves it incomplete:—
There's a nameless yearning—
Strangely undefined—
For a story sweeter still
Than the written kind.

Therefore read no longer—
I've no heart to hear
But just something you make up,
O my mother dear.—
With your arms around me,
Hold me, folded-eyed,—
Only let your voice go on—
I'll be satisfied.

AN IMPROMPTU FAIRY-TALE

When I wuz ist a little bit o' weenty-teenty kid I maked up a Fairy-tale, all by myse'f, I did:—

Ι

WUNST upon a time wunst
They wuz a Fairy King,
An' ever'thing he have wuz gold—
His clo'es, an' ever'thing!
An' all the other Fairies
In his goldun Palace-hall
Had to hump an' hustle—
'Cause he was bosst of all!

II

He have a golden trumput, An' when he blow' on that, It's a sign he want' his boots, Er his coat er hat:

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222 AN IMPROMPTU FAIRY-TALE

They's a sign fer ever'thing,— An' all the Fairies knowed Ever' sign, an' come a-hoppin' When the King blowed!

III

Wunst he blowed an' telled 'em all:

"Saddle up yer bees—
Fireflies is gittin' fat
An' sassy as you please!—
Guess we'll go a-huntin'!"
So they hunt' a little bit,
Till the King blowed "Supper-time,"
Nen they all quit.

IV

Nen they have a Banqut
In the Palace-hall,
An' ist et! an' et! an' et!
Nen they have a Ball;
An' when the Queen o' Fairyland
Come p'omenadin' through,

THE TWINS

"IGO AND AGO"

WE'RE The Twins from Aunt
Marinn's,
Igo and Ago.
When Dad comes, the show begins!—
Iram, coram, dago.

Dad he says he named us two
Igo and Ago
For a poem he always knew,
Iram, coram, dago.

Then he was a braw Scotchman—
Igo and Ago
Now he's Scotch-Amer-i-can.
Iram, coram, dago.

"Here," he laughs, "ye've each a leg,
Igo and Ago,
Gleg as Tam O'Shanter's 'Meg'!
Iram, coram, dago!"

Then we mount, with shrieks of mirth—
Igo and Ago,—
The two gladdest twins on earth!
Iram, coram, dago.

Wade and Silas-Walker cry,—
"Igo and Ago—
Annie's kissin' 'em 'good-by'!"—
Iram, coram, dago.

Aunty waves us fond farewells.—
"Igo and Ago,"
Granny pipes, "tak care yersels!"
Iram, coram, dago.

THE LITTLE LADY

OTHE Little Lady's dainty
As the picture in a book,
And her hands are creamy-whiter
Than the water-lilies look;
Her laugh's the undrown'd music
Of the maddest meadow-brook.—
Yet all in vain I praise The Little Lady!

Her eyes are blue and dewy
As the glimmering Summer-dawn,—
Her face is like the eglantine
Before the dew is gone;
And were that honied mouth of hers
A bee's to feast upon,
He'd be a bee bewildered, Little Lady!

Her brow makes light look sallow;
And the sunshine, I declare,
Is but a yellow jealousy
Awakened by her hair—
For O the dazzling glint of it
Nor sight nor soul can bear,—
So Love goes groping for The Little Lady.

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And yet she's neither Nymph nor Fay,
Nor yet of Angelkind:—
She's but a racing schoolgirl, with
Her hair blown out behind
And tremblingly unbraided by
The fingers of the Wind,
As it wildly swoops upon The Little Lady.

"COMPANY MANNERS"

WHEN Bess gave her Dollies a tea, said she,—
"It's unpolite, when they's Company,
To say you've drinked two cups, you see,—
But say you've drinked a couple of tea."

THE GOOD, OLD-FASHIONED PEOPLE

WHEN we hear Uncle Sidney tell
About the long-ago
An' old, old friends he loved so well
When he was young—My-oh!—
Us childern all wish we'd 'a' bin
A-livin' then with Uncle,—so
We could a-kind o' happened in
On them old friends he used to know!—
The good, old-fashioned people—
The hale, hard-working people—
The kindly country people
'At Uncle used to know!

They was God's people, Uncle says,
An' gloried in His name,
An' worked, without no selfishness,
An' loved their neighbers same
As they was kin: An' when they biled
Their tree-molasses, in the Spring,
Er butchered in the Fall, they smiled
An' sheered with all jist ever'thing!—
The good, old-fashioned people—

He tells about 'em, lots o' times,

Till we'd all ruther hear

About 'em than the Nurs'ry Rhymes

Er Fairies—mighty near!—

Only, sometimes, he stops so long

An' then talks on so low an' slow,

It's purt' nigh sad as any song

To listen to him talkin' so

Of the good, old-fashioned people—

The hale, hard-working people—

The kindly country people

'At Uncle used to know!

THE BEST TIMES

WHEN Old Folks they wuz young like us
An' little as you an' me,—
Them wuz the best times ever wuz
Er ever goin' ter be!

"HIK-TEE-DIK"

THE WAR-CRY OF BILLY AND BUDDY

WHEN two little boys—renowned but for noise—
Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!—
May hurt a whole school, and the head it employs,
Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!
Such loud and hilarious pupils indeed
Need learning—and yet something further they need.

Though fond hearts that love them may sorrow and bleed.

Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!

O the schoolmarm was cool, and in nowise a fool; Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy! And in ruling her ranks it was her rule to rule; Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy! So when these two pupils conspired, every day,

At the ring of the bell they'd rush in with a yell— Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!

And they'd bang the school-door till the plastering fell,

Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!

They'd clinch as they came, and pretend not to see As they knocked her desk over—then, My! and O-me!

How awfully sorry they'd both seem to be! Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!

This trick seemed so neat and so safe a conceit,— Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!—

They played it three times—though the third they were beat;

Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!

For the teacher, she righted her desk-raised the lid

And folded and packed away each little kid-

Closed the incident so—yes, and locked it, she did—Hik-tee-dik! Billy and Buddy!

"OLD BOB WHITE"

CLD Bob White's a funny bird!—
Funniest you ever heard!—
Hear him whistle,—"Old—Bob—White!"
You can hear him, clean from where
He's 'way 'crosst the wheat-field there,
Whistlin' like he didn't care—
"Old—Bob—White!"

Whistles alluz ist the same—
So's we won't fergit his name!—
Hear him say it?—"Old—Bob—White!"
There! he's whizzed off down the lane—
Gone back where his folks is stayin'—
Hear him?—There he goes again,—
"Old—Bob—White!"

A SESSION WITH UNCLE SIDNEY

[1869]

I

ONE OF HIS ANIMAL STORIES

Now, Tudens, you sit on this knee—and 'scuse It having no side-saddle on;—and, Jeems, You sit on this—and don't you wobble so And chug my old shins with your coppertoes;—And, all the rest of you, range round someway,—Ride on the rockers and hang to the arms Of our old-time split-bottom carryall!—Do anything but squabble for a place, Or push or shove or scrouge, or breathe out loud, Or chew wet, or knead taffy in my beard!—Do anything. almost—act anyway,—Only keep still, so I can hear myself Trying to tell you "just one story more!"

One winter afternoon my father, with

A whistle to our dog, a shout to us—

From home, where he was chopping wood. We raced,

We slipped and slid; reaching, at last, the north Side of Tharp's corn-field.—There we struck what seemed

To be a coon-track—so we all agreed: And father, who was not a hunter, to Our glad surprise, proposed we follow it. The snow was quite five inches deep; and we, Keen on the trail, were soon far in the woods. Our old dog, "Ring," ran nosing the fresh track With whimpering delight, far on ahead. After following the trail more than a mile To northward, through the thickest winter woods We boys had ever seen,—all suddenly He seemed to strike another trail; and then Our joyful attention was drawn to Old "Ring"—leaping to this side, then to that, Of a big, hollow, old oak tree, which had Been blown down by a storm some years before. There—all at once—out leapt a lean old fox From the black hollow of a big bent limb,-Hey! how he scudded!—but with our old "Ring" Sharp after him-and father after "Ring"-We after father, near as we could hold. And father noticed that the fox kept just About four feet sheed of "Ring"_inst that_

"Oh, le' 's go back!—
Do le' 's go back!" we little vandals cried,—
"Le' 's go back, quick, and find the little things—
Please, father!—Yes, and take 'em home for pets—
'Cause 'Ring' he'll kill the old fox anyway!"

So father turned, at last, and back we went.

And then he chopped a hole in the old tree
About ten feet along the limb from which
The old fox ran: and—Bless their little lives!—
There, in the hollow of the old tree-trunk—
There, on a bed of warm dry leaves and moss—
There, snug as any bug in any rug—
We found—one—two—three—four, and, yes-sir,
five

Wee, weenty-teenty baby-foxes, with
Their eyes just barely opened.—Cute?—my-oh!—
The cutest—the most cunning little things
Two boys ever saw, in all their lives!—
"Raw weather for the little fellows now!"
Said father, as though talking to himself,—
"Raw weather, and no home now!"—And off came
His warm old "waumus"; and in that he wrapped
The helpless little fellows then, and held
Them soft and warm against him as he could,—
And home we happy children followed him.—

Old "Ring" did not reach home till nearly dusk: The mother-fox had led him a long chase—
"Yes, and a fool's chase, too!" he seemed to say,

And looked ashamed to hear us praising him. But, mother—well, we could not understand Her acting as she did—and we so pleased! I can see yet the look of pained surprise And deep compassion of her troubled face When father very gently laid his coat, With the young foxes in it, on the hearth Beside her, as she brightened up the fire. She urged—for the old fox's sake and theirs— That they be taken back to the old tree; But father—for our wistful sakes, no doubt— Said we would keep them, and would try our best To raise them. And at once he set about Building a snug home for the little things Out of an old big bushel-basket, with Its fractured handle and its stoven ribs: So, lining and padding this all cozily. He snuggled in its little tenants, and Called in John Wesley Thomas, our hired man, And gave him in full charge, with much advice Regarding the just care and sustenance of Young foxes.—"John," he said, "you feed 'em milk-

Warm milk, John Wesley! Yes, and keep 'em by The stove—and keep your stove a-roarin', too, Both night and day!—And keep 'em covered up—Not smothered, John, but snug and comfortable—And now, John Wesley Thomas, first and last,—You feed 'em milk—fresh milk—and always

warm-

Say five or six or seven times a day—
Of course we'll grade that by the way they thrive."
But, for all sanguine hope, and care, as well,
The little fellows did not thrive at all.—
Indeed, with all our care and vigilance,
By the third day of their captivity
The last survivor of the fated five
Squeaked, like some battered little rubber-toy,
Jist clean wore out.—And that's jist what 'e wuz!
And—nights,—the cry of the mother-fox for her
young

Was heard, with awe, for long weeks afterward. And we boys, every night, would go to the door And, peering out in the darkness, listening, Could hear the poor fox in the black bleak woods Still calling for her little ones in vain. As, all mutely, we returned to the warm fireside, Mother would say: "How would you like for me To be out there, this dark night, in the cold woods, Calling for my children?"

II

UNCLE BRIGHTENS UP-

NCLE he says 'at 'way down in the sea Ever'thing's ist like it used to be:—
He says they's mermaids an' mermans, too,
An' little merchildern, like me an' you—
Little merboys, with tops an' balls,
An' little mergirls, with little merdolls.

III

A PET OF UNCLE SIDNEY'S

Of little Leslie-Janey,
'Cause she's so smart an' goes to school
Clean 'way in Pennsylvany!
She print' an' sent a postul-card
To Uncle Sidney, telling
How glad he'll be to hear that she
"Toock the onners in Speling."

IV

IN THE KINDERGARTEN OF NOBLE SONG

UNCLE he learns us to rhyme an' write An' all be poets an' all recite: His little-est poet's his little-est niece, An' this is her little-est poetry-piece.

v

SINGS A "WINKY-TOODEN" SONG-

HERE'S a little rhyme for the Spring- or Summer-time—
An' a-ho-winky-tooden-an'-a-ho!—
Just a little bit o' tune you can twitter, May or June, An' a-ho-winky-tooden-an'-a-ho!
It's a song that soars and sings,
As the birds that twang their wings

A SESSION WITH UNCLE SIDNEY

It's a song just broken loose, with no reason or excuse—

An' a-ho-winky-tooden-an'-a-ho!
You can sing along with it—or it matters not a bit—
An' a-ho-winky-tooden-an'-a-ho!

It's a lovely little thing
That 'most any one could sing
With a ringle-dingle-ding,
Soft and low, don't you know,
An' a-ho-winky-tooden-an'-a-ho!

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VI

AND ANOTHER OF OUR BETSY-

US childern's all so lonesome,
We hardly want to play
Or skip or swing or anything,—
'Cause Betsy she's away!
She's gone to see her people
At her old home.—But then—
Oh! every child'll jist be wild
When she's back here again!

CHORUS

She's like a mother to us,
And like a sister, too—
Oh! she's as sweet as things to eat
When all the dinner's through!
And hey! to hear her laughin'!
And ho! to hear her sing!—
To have her back is all we lack
Of havin' everything!

CHORUS

Then it's whoopty-doopty dooden!— Whoopty-dooden then! Oh! it's whoopty-doopty dooden, When Betsy's back again!

Oh! some may sail the northern lakes,
And some to foreign lands,
And some may seek old Nameless Creek,
Or India's golden sands;
Or some may go to Kokomo,
And some to Mackinac,—
But I'll go down to Morgantown
To fetch our Betsy back.

CHORUS

A SESSION WITH UNCLE SIDNEY

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VII

AND MAKES NURSERY RHYMES

Ί

THE DINERS IN THE KITCHEN

Our dog Fred Et the bread.

Our dog Dash Et the hash.

Our dog Pete Et the meat.

Our dog Davy Et the gravy.

Our dog Toffy Et the coffee.

Our dog Jake Et the cake.

Our dog Trip Et the dip.

And—the worst, From the first,—

Our dog Fido Et the pie-dough. 2

THE IMPERIOUS ANGLER

Miss Medairy Dory-Ann
Cast her line and caught a man,
But when he looked so pleased, alack!
She unhooked and plunked him back.—
"I never like to catch what I can,"
Said Miss Medairy Dory-Ann.

3

THE GATHERING OF THE CLANS

[Voice from behind high board-fence.]

"Where's the crowd that dares to go Where I dare to lead?—you know!"

"Well, here's one!"
Shouts Ezry Dunn.

"Count me two!"
Yells Cootsy Drew.

"Here's yer three!" Sings Babe Magee.

"Score me four!"
Roars Leech-hole Moore.

244 A SESSION WITH UNCLE SIDNEY

"I make six!" Chirps Herbert Dix.

"Punctchul!—seven!"
Pipes Runt Replevin.

"Mark me eight!"
Grunts Mealbag Nate.

"I'm yet nine!"
Growls "Lud'rick" Stein,

"Hi! here's ten!"
Whoops Catfish Ben.

"And now we march, in daring line, For the banks of Brandywine!"

4

"IT"

A wee little worm in a hickory-nut
Sang, happy as he could be,—
"O I live in the heart of the whole round world,
And it all belongs to me!"

5

THE DARING PRINCE

A DARING prince, of the realm Rangg Dhune,
Once went up in a big balloon
That caught and stuck on the horns of the moon,
And he hung up there till next day noon—
When all at once he exclaimed, "Hoot-toot!"
And then came down in his parachute.

A SONG OF SINGING

SING! gangling lad, along the brink
Of wild brook-ways of shoal and deep,
Where killdees dip, and cattle drink,
And glinting little minnows leap!
Sing! slimpsy lass who trips above
And sets the foot-log quivering!
Sing! bittern, bumblebee, and dove—
Sing! Sing! Sing!

Sing as you will, O singers all
Who sing because you want to sing!
Sing! peacock on the orchard wall,
Or tree-toad by the trickling spring!
Sing! every bird on every bough—
Sing! every living, loving thing—
Sing any song, and anyhow,
But Sing! Sing! Sing!

THE JAYBIRD

THE Jaybird he's my favorite
Of all the birds they is!
I think he's quite a stylish sight
In that blue suit of his:
An' when he 'lights an' shuts his wings,
His coat's a "cutaway"—
I guess it's only when he sings
You'd know he wuz a jay.

I like to watch him when he's lit
In top of any tree,
'Cause all birds git wite out of it
When he 'lights, an' they see
How proud he act', an' swell an' spread
His chest out more an' more,
An' raise the feathers on his head
Like it's cut pompadore!

A BEAR FAMILY

WUNZT, 'way West in Illinoise,
Wuz two Bears an' their two boys: An' the two boys' names, you know, Wuz-like ours is,-Jim an' Jo: An' their parunts' names wuz same's All big grown-up people's names,-Ist Miz Bear, the neighbers call 'Em. an' Mister Bear-'at's all. Yes-an' Miz Bear scold him, too, Ist like grown folks shouldn't do! Wuz a grea'-big river there, An', 'crosst that, 's a mountain where Old Bear said some day he'd go, Ef she don't quit scoldin' so! So, one day when he been down The river, fishin', 'most to town, An' come back 'thout no fish a-tall, An' Jim an' Jo they run an' bawl An' tell their ma their pa hain't fetch' No fish,—she scold again an' ketch

An' he ist turned an' runned away To where's the grea'-big river there. An' ist splunged in an' swum to where The mountain's at, 'way th' other side, An' clumbed up there. An' Miz Bear cried-An' little Jo an' little Jim-Ist like their ma-bofe cried fer him!-But he clumbed on, clean out o' sight, He wuz so mad!—An' served 'em right! Nen-when the Bear got 'way on top The mountain, he heerd somepin' flop Its wings-an' somepin' else he heerd A-rattlin'-like.—An' he wuz skeered. An' looked 'way up, an'-Mercy sake! It wuz a' Eagul an' a SNAKE! An'-sir! the Snake, he bite an' kill' The Eagul, an' they bofe fall till They strike the ground—k'spang-k'spat! Wite where the Bear wuz standin' at! An' when here come the Snake at him, The Bear he think o' little Jim An' Io, he did-an' their ma, too,-All safe at home: an' he ist flew Back down the mountain—an' could hear The old Snake rattlin', sharp an' clear, Wite aloc't hehind !- An' Rear he's so

He see a boat an' six big men 'At's been a-shootin' ducks: An' so He skeered them out the boat, you know. An' ist jumped in—an' Snake he tried To jump in, too, but falled outside Where all the water wuz; an' so The Bear grabs one the things you row The boat wiv an' ist whacks the head Of the old Snake an' kills him dead!— An' when he's killed him dead, w'y, nen The old Snake's drownded dead again! Nen Bear set in the boat an' bowed His back an' rowed—an' rowed—an' rowed— Till he's safe home—so tired he can't Do nothin' but lay there an' pant An' tell his childern, "Bresh my coat!" An' tell his wife, "Go chain my boat!" An' they're so glad he's back, they say "They knowed he's comin' thataway To ist su'prise the dear ones there!" An' Jim an' Jo they dried his hair An' pulled the burs out; an' their ma She ist set there an' helt his paw Till he wuz sound asleep, an' nen She telled him she won't scold again—

> Never—never—never— Ferever an' ferever!

SOME SONGS AFTER MASTER-SINGERS

Ι

SONG

[w. s.]

WITH a hey! and a hi! and a hey-ho rhyme!

O the shepherd lad
He is ne'er so glad
As when he pipes, in the blossom-time,
So rare!
While Kate picks by, yet looks not there.
So rare! so rare!
With a hey! and a hi! and a ho!
The grasses curdle where the daisies blow!

With a hey! and a hi! and a hey-ho vow!

Then he sips her face

At the sweetest place—

And ho! how white is the hawthorn now!—

252 SOME SONGS AFTER MASTER-SINGERS

II

TO THE CHILD JULIA

[R. H.]

TITTLE Julia, since that we May not as our elders be, Let us blithely fill the days Of our youth with pleasant plays. First we'll up at earliest dawn, While as yet the dew is on The sooth'd grasses and the pied Blossomings of morningtide; Next, with rinsèd cheeks that shine As the enamel'd eglantine, We will break our fast on bread With both cream and honey spread; Then, with many a challenge-call, We will romp from house and hall, Gipsying with the birds and bees Of the green-tress'd garden trees. In a bower of leaf and vine Thou shalt be a lady fine Held in duress by the great

Ш

THE DOLLY'S MOTHER

[w. w.]

ALITTLE maid, of summers four— Did you compute her years,— And yet how infinitely more To me her age appears:

I mark the sweet child's serious air, At her unplayful play,— The tiny doll she mothers there And lulls to sleep away,

Grows—'neath the grave similitude— An infant real, to me, And she a saint of motherhood In hale maturity.

So, pausing in my lonely round,
And all unseen of her,
I stand uncovered—her profound
And abject worshiper.

254 SOME SONGS AFTER MASTER-SINGERS

IV

WIND OF THE SEA

[A. T.]

WIND of the Sea, come fill my sail— Lend me the breath of a freshening gale

And bear my port-worn ship away!
For O the greed of the tedious town—
The shutters up and the shutters down!
Wind of the Sea, sweep over the bay
And bear me away!—away!

Whither you bear me, Wind of the Sea, Matters never the least to me:

Give me your fogs, with the sails adrip, Or the weltering path thro' the starless night—

On, somewhere, is a new daylight
And the cheery glint of another ship
As its colors dip and dip!

V

SUBTLETY

[R. B.]

WHILST little Paul, convalescing, was staying Close indoors, and his boisterous classmates paying

Him visits, with fresh school-notes and surprises,—

With nettling pride they sprung the word "Athletic,"
With much advice and urgings sympathetic
Anent "athletic exercises." Wise as
Lad might look, quoth Paul: "I've pondered o'er
that

'Athletic,' but I mean to take, before that, Downstairic and outdooric exercises."

VI

BORN TO THE PURPLE

[w. m.]

MOST-LIKE it was this kingly lad Spake out of the pure joy he had In his child-heart of the wee maid Whose eery beauty sudden laid A spell upon him, and his words Burst as a song of any bird's:—

256 SOME SONGS AFTER MASTER-SINGERS

A peerless Princess thou shalt be. Through wit of love's rare sorcery: To crown the crown of thy gold hair Thou shalt have rubies, bleeding there Their crimson splendor midst the marred Pulp of great pearls, and afterward Leaking in fainter ruddy stains Adown thy neck-and-armlet-chains Of turquoise, chrysoprase, and mad Light-frenzied diamonds, dartling glad Swift spirts of shine that interfuse As though with lucent crystal dews That glance and glitter like split rays Of sunshine, born of burgeoning Mays When the first bee tilts down the lip Of the first blossom, and the drip Of blended dew and honey heaves Him blinded midst the underleaves. For raiment, Fays shall weave for thee-Out of the phosphor of the sea And the frayed floss of starlight, spun With counterwarp of the firm sun— A vesture of such filmy sheen As, through all ages, never queen Therewith strove truly to make less One fair line of her loveliness. Thus gowned and crowned with gems and

CLIMATIC SORCERY

WHEN frost's all on our winder, an' the snow's All out-o'-doors, our "Old-Kriss"-milkman goes

A-drivin' round, ist purt' nigh froze to death, With his old white mustache froze full o' breath.

But when it's summer an' all warm ag'in, He comes a-whistlin' an' a-drivin' in Our alley, 'thout no coat on, ner ain't cold, Ner his mustache ain't white, ner he ain't old.

THE TREASURE OF THE WISE MAN

THE night was dark and the night was late,
And the robbers came to rob him;
And they picked the locks of his palace-gate,
The robbers that came to rob him—
They picked the locks of his palace-gate,
Seized his jewels and gems of state,
His coffers of gold and his priceless plate,—
The robbers that came to rob him.

But loud laughed he in the morning red!—
For of what had the robbers robbed him?—
Ho! hidden safe, as he slept in bed,
When the robbers came to rob him,—
They robbed him not of a golden shred
Of the childish dreams in his wise old head—

"And they're welcome to all things else," he said,

When the robbers came to rob him.

OLD GRANNY DUSK

OLD Granny Dusk, when the sun goes, Here she comes into thish-yer town! Out o' the wet black woods an' swamps In she traipses an' trails an' tromps— With her old sunbonnet all floppy an' brown, An' her cluckety shoes, an' her old black gown, Here she comes into thish-yer town!

Old Granny Dusk, when the bats begin
To flap around, comes a-trompin' in!
An' the katydids they rasp an' whir,
An' the lightnin'-bugs all blink at her;
An' the old Hop-toad turns in his thumbs,
An' the bunglin' June-bug booms an' bums,
An' the Bullfrog croaks, "O here she comes!"

Old Granny Dusk, though I'm 'feard o' you, Shore-fer-certain I'm sorry, too: 'Cause you look as lonesome an' starved an' sad As a mother 'at's lost ever' child she had.— Yet never a child in thish-yer town Clings at yer hand er yer old black gown, Er kisses the face you're a-bendin' down.

FIRE AT NIGHT

☐IRE! Fire! Ring! and ring! Hear the old bell bang and ding! Fire! Fire! 'way at night,-Can't you hear?—I think you might!— Can't hear them-air clangin' bells?— W'y, I can't hear nothin' else! Fire! Ain't you 'wake at last!-Hear them horses poundin' past-Hear that ladder-wagon grind Round the corner!—and, behind, Hear the hose-cart, turnin' short, And the horses slip and snort, As the engine's clank-and-jar Jolts the whole street, near and far. Fire! Fire! Fire! Fire! Can't you h'ist that winder higher? La! they've all got past like "scat!" . . . Night's as black as my old hat-And it's rainin', too, at that! . . .

THE YOUNG OLD MAN

VOLUNTARY BY ARTLESS "LITTLE BROTHER"

MAMMA is a widow: There's only us three—
Our pretty Mamma, little sister, and me:
And we've come to live in this new neighborhood
Where all seems so quiet, old-fashioned and good.
Mamma sits and sews at the window, and I—

I'm out at the gate when an old man goes by—
Such a lovely old man,—though I can't tell you why,

Unless it's his greeting,—"Good morning! Good morning! good morning!" the old man will say,—

"Fine bracing weather we're having to-day!—
And how's little brother—
And sister—and mother?—
So dear to each other!—
Good morning!"

The old man goes by, in his glossy high-hat, And stripe-trousers creased, and all turned-up, at that,

And his glancing nose-glasses—and pleasantest eyes, As he smiles on me, always in newer surprise: And though his mustache is as white as the snow,

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He wears it waxed out and all pointed, you know, And gloves, and high collar and bright, jaunty bow,

And stylish umbrella.—"Good morning! Good morning! good morning!" the old man will say,—

"Fine falling weather we're promised to-day!-

And how's little brother-

And sister-and mother?-

So fond of each other!—
Good morning!"

.

It's Christmas!—it's Christmas! and oh, but we're gay!

The postman's been here, and Ma says, "Run and play:—

You must leave your Mamma to herself for a while!"

And so sweet is her voice, and so tender her smile!—

And she looks so pretty and happy and—Well!—She's just too delicious for language to tell!—So Sis hugs her more—and I answer the bell,—

And there in the doorway-"Good morning!-

SOME CHRISTMAS YOUNGSTERS

Ι

THE STRENGTH OF THE WEAK

LAST Chris'mus, little Benny
Wuzn't sick so bad,—
Now he's had the worst spell
Ever yet he had.
Ever' Chris'mus-morning, though,
He'll p'tend as if
He's asleep—an' first you know
He's got your "Chris'mus-gif'"!

Pa he's good to all of us
All the time; but when,
Ever' time it's Chris'mus,
He's as good-again!—
'Sides our toys an' candy,
Ever' Chris'mus he
Gives us all a quarter,
Certain as can be!

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SOME CHRISTMAS YOUNGSTERS

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Pa, this morning, tiptoe' in
To make the fire, you know,
Long 'fore it's daylight,
An' all's ice an' snow!—
An' Benny holler, "Chris'mus-gif'!"
An' Pa jump an' say,
"You'll only git a dollar if
You skeer me thataway!"

II

THE LITTLE QUESTIONER

BABE she's so always
Wantin' more to hear
All about Santy Claus,
An' says: "Mommy dear,
Where's Santy's home at
When he ain't away!—
An' is they Mizzuz Santy Claus
An' little folks—say?—
Chris'mus, Santy's always here—
Don't they want him, too?

III

PARENTAL CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

PARUNTS don't git toys an' things,
Like you'd think they ruther.—
Mighty funny Chris'mus-gif's
Parunts gives each other!—
Pa give Ma a barrel o' flour,
An' Ma she give to Pa
The nicest dinin'-table
She know he ever saw!

TWILIGHT STORIES

NEITHER daylight, starlight, moonlight, But a sad-sweet term of some light By the saintly name of Twilight.

The Grandma Twilight Stories!—Still,
A childish listener, I hear
The katydid and whippoorwill,
In deepening atmosphere
Of velvet dusk, blent with the low
Soft music of the voice that sings
And tells me tales of long ago
And old enchanted things. . . .

While far fails the last dim daylight, And the fireflies in the Twilight Drift about like flakes of starlight.

"GO READ YOUR BOOK!"

Has silenced me, in childish days!—
And now—as then it did—
The phantom admonition, clear
And dominant, rings,—and I hear,
And do as I am bid.

"Go read your book!" my good old sire Commanded, in affected ire,
When I, with querying look
And speech, dared vex his studious mind
With idle words of any kind.—
And so I read my book.

Though seldom, in that wisest age, Did I discern on Wisdom's page More than the task: That led At least to thinking, and at last To reading less, and not so fast, And longing as I read.

On any volume,—old, maybe,
Or new—'tis meat and drink to me.—
And so I read my book.

Old dog's-eared Readers, scarred and inked With schoolboy hatred, long extinct;—
Old Histories that bored
Me worst of all the school;—old, worn
Arithmetics, frayed, ripped, and torn—
Now Ye are all adored.

And likewise I revere and praise
My sire, as now, with vainest gaze
And hearing, still I look
For the old face so grave yet dear—
Nay, still I see, and still I hear!
And so I read my book.

Next even to my nearest kin,—
My wife—my children romping in
From school to ride my knee,—
I love a book, and dispossess
My lap of it with loathfulness,
For all their love of me.

For, grave or gay the book, it takes Me as an equal—calms, or makes

WHEN UNCLE DOC WAS YOUNG

THOUGH Doctor Glen—the best of men—
Is wrinkled, old, and gray,
He'll always smile and stop a while
Where little children play:
And often then he tells us, when
He was a youngster, too,
He was as glad and bad a lad
As old folks ever knew!

As he walks down, no boy in town
But sees him half a block,
And stops to shout a welcome out
With "Here comes Uncle Doc!"
Then all the rest, they look their best
As he lines up among
Us boys of ten—each thinking then
When Uncle Doc was young.

With heart too true, and honest, too,
To ever hide a truth,
He frankly owns, in laughing tones,
He was "a sorry youth!"—

When he was young, he says, he sung
And howled his level-best;
He says he guyed, and sneaked, and lied,
And wrecked the robin's nest.—
All this, and worse, will he rehearse,
Then smooth his snowy locks
And look the saint he says he ain't. . . .
Them eyes of Uncle Doc's!

He says, when he—like you and me—
Was just too low and mean
To slap asleep, he used to weep
To find his face was clean:
His hair, he said, was just too red
To tell with mortal tongue—
"The Burning Shame" was his nickname
When Uncle Doc was young.

THE LISPER

LSIE MINGUS lisps, she does!

She lives wite acrosst from us
In Miz. Ayers'uz house 'at she
Rents part to the Mingusuz.—
Yes, an' Elsie plays wiv me.

Elsie lisps so, she can't say
Her own name, ist anyway!—
She say "Elthy"—like they wuz
Feathers on her words, an' they
Ist stick on her tongue like fuzz.

My! she's purty, though!—An' when She lisps, w'y, she's purty nen! When she telled me, wunst, her doll Wuz so "thweet," an' I p'ten' I lisp too,—she laugh'—'at's all!—

She don't never git mad none—'Cause she know I'm ist in fun.—
Elsie she ain't one bit sp'iled.—
Of all childerns—ever' one—
She's the ladylikest child!—

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My Ma say she is! One time

Elsie start to say the rhyme

"Thing a thong o' thixpenth"—Whee!

I ist yell! An' Ma say I'm

Unpolite as I can be!

Wunst I went wiv Ma to call On Elsie's Ma, an' eat an' all; An' nen Elsie, when we've et, An' we're playin' in the hall, Elsie say: It's etikett

Fer young gentlemens, like me,
Eatin' when they's company,
Not to never ever crowd
Down their food, ner "thip their tea
Ner thup thoop so awful loud!"

A MOTTO

THE Brightest Star's the modestest, And mor'n likely writes His motto like the lightnin'-bug's— According To His Lights.

A SIMPLE RECIPE

To be a wholly worthy man,
As you, my boy, would like to be,—
This is to show you how you can—
This simple recipe:—

Be honest—both in word and act,
Be strictly truthful through and through:
Fact can not fail.—You stick to fact,
And fact will stick to you.

Be clean—outside and in, and sweep
Both hearth and heart and hold them bright;
Wear snowy linen—aye, and keep
Your conscience snowy-white.

Do right, your utmost—good must come
To you who do your level-best—
Your very hopes will help you some,

HER LONESOMENESS

WHEN little Elizabeth whispers
Her morning-love to me,
Each word of the little lisper's,
As she clambers on my knee—
Hugs me and whispers, "Mommy,
Oh, I'm so glad it's day
And the night's all gone away!"
How it does thrill and awe me,—
"The night's all gone away!"

"Sometimes I wake, all listenin',"
She sighs, "and all's so still!—
The moon and the stars half-glistenin'
Over the window-sill:—
And I look where the gas's pale light
Is all turned down in the hall—
And you ain't here at all!—
And oh, how I wish it was daylight!
—And you ain't here at all!

For the world's so dark, without you,
And the moon's turned down so low—
'Way in the night, you know,—
And I get so lonesome about you!—
'Way in the night, you know!"

ALMOST BEYOND ENDURANCE

I AIN'T a-goin' to cry no more, no more!

I'm got ear-ache, an' Ma can't make

It quit a-tall;

An' Carlo bite my rubber-ball

An' puncture it; an' Sis she take

An' poke' my knife down through the stable-floor

An' loozed it—blame it all!

But I ain't goin' to cry no more, no more!

An' Aunt Mame wrote she's comin', an' she can't—
Folks is come there!—An' I don't care
She is my Aunt!
An' my eyes stings; an' I'm
Ist coughin' all the time,
An' hurts me so; an' where my side's so sore
Grampa felt where, an' he
Says "Mayby it's pleurasy!"
But I ain't goin' to cry no more, no more!

An' I clumbed up an' nen falled off the fence, An' Herbert he ist laugh at me! An' my fi'-cents Oo! I'm so wickud!—An' my breath's so hot—
Ist like I run an' don't res' none
But ist run on when I ought to not;

Yes, an' my chin

An' lips's all warpy, an' teeth's so fast,

An' 's a place in my throat I can't swaller past—

An' they all hurt so!—An' oh, my-oh!

I'm a-startin' ag'in-

I'm a-startin' ag'in, but I won't, fer shore!—
I ist ain't goin' to cry no more, no more!

THE TOY-BALLOON

THEY wuz a Big Day wunst in town,
An' little Jason's Pa
Buyed him a little toy-balloon,
The first he ever saw.—
An' oh! but Jase wuz more'n proud,
A-holdin' to the string
An' scrougin' through the grea'-big crowd,
To hear the Glee Club sing.

The Glee Club it wuz goin' to sing In old Masonic Hall;
An' Speakin', it wuz in there, too, An' soldiers, folks an' all:
An' Jason's Pa he git a seat An' set down purty soon,
A-holdin' little Jase, an' him A-holdin' his balloon.

Nen Jason's Pa jump on his seat An' grab up in the air,— But little Jason's toy-balloon Wuz clean away from there!

An' Jase he yelled; an' Jase's Pa,
Still lookin' up, clumb down—
While that-air little toy-balloon
Went bumpin' roun' an' roun'
Ag'inst the ceilin', 'way up there
Where ever'body saw,
An' they all yelled, an' Jason yelled,
An' little Jason's Pa!

But when his Pa he packed him out
A-screamin'—nen the crowd
Looked down an' hushed—till they looked up
An' howled ag'in out loud;
An' nen the speaker, mad an' pale,
Jist turned an' left the stand,
An' all j'ined in the Glee Club—"Hail,
Columby, Happy Land!"



Cartoon by Hubbard

THE OLD DAYS

THE old days—the far days—
The overdear and fair!—
The old days—the lost days—
How lovely they were!
The old days of Morning,
With the dew-drench on the flowers
And apple-buds and blossoms
Of those old days of ours.

Then was the real gold
Spendthrift Summer flung;
Then was the real song
Bird or Poet sung!
There was never censure then,—
Only honest praise—
And all things were worthy of it
In the old days.

There bide the true friends—
The first and the best;
There clings the green grass
Close where they rest:
Would they were here? No;—
Would we were there! . . .
The old days—the lost days—
How lovely they were!

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TO A POET ON HIS MARRIAGE

MADISON CAWEIN

EVER and ever, on and on,
From winter dusk, to April dawn,
This old enchanted world we range
From night to light—from change to change
Or paths of burs or lily-bells,
We walk a world of miracles.

The morning evermore must be A newer, purer mystery—
The dewy grasses, or the bloom
Of orchards, or the wood's perfume
Of wild sweet-williams, or the wet
Blent scent of loam and violet.

How wondrous all the ways we fare—What marvels wait us, unaware! . . .

LOCKERBIE FAIR

O THE Lockerbie Fair!—Have you heard of its fame

And its fabulous riches, too rare for a name!—
The gold of the noon of the June-time refined
To the Orient-Night, till the eyes and the mind
Are dazed with the sights, in the earth and the air,
Of the opulent splendors of Lockerbie Fair.

What more fortunate fate might to mortal befall, Midst the midsummer beauty and bloom of it all, Than to glit with the moon o'er the rapturous scene And twink with the stars as they laughingly lean O'er the luminous revel and glamour and glare Fused in one dazzling glory at Lockerbie Fair.

The Night, like a queen in her purple and lace, With her diamonded brow, and imperious grace, As she leads her fair votaries, train upon train, A-dance thro' the feasts of this mystic domain To the mandolin's twang, and the warble and blare Of voice, flute and bugle at Lockerbie Fair.

All strange, ever-changing, enchanted delights
Found now in this newer Arabian Nights,—
Where each lovely maid is a Princess, and each
Lucky swain an Aladdin—all treasures in reach
Of the "lamps" and the "rings"—and with Genii to
spare,

Simply waiting your orders, at Lockerbie Fair.

THE OLD MAN OF THE SEA

I'M The Old Man of the Sea—I am!—
And this is my secret pride,
That I have a hundred shapes, all sham,
And a hundred names beside:
They have named me "Habit," and "Way," forsooth,
"Capricious," and "Fancy-free";—
But to you, O Youth, I confess the truth,—
I'm The Old Man of the Sea.

I'm The Old Man of the Sea, yo-ho!
So lift up a song with me,
As I sit on the throne of your shoulders, alone,
I'm The Old Man of the Sea.

Crowned with the crown of your noblest thought,
I'm The Old Man of the Sea:
I reign, rule, ruin, and palter not
In my pitiless tyranny:
You, my lad, are my gay Sindbad,
Frisking about, with me
High on the perch I have always had—
I'm The Old Man of the Sea.

I'm The Old Man of the Sea, yo-ho!
So lift up a song with me,
As I sit on the throne of your shoulders, alone,
I'm The Old Man of the Sea.

Tricked in the guise of your best intent,
I am your failures—all—
I am the victories you invent,
And your high resolves that fall:
I am the vow you are breaking now
As the wassail-bowl swings free
And the red guilt flushes your cheek and brow—
I'm The Old Man of the Sea.

I'm The Old Man of the Sea, yo-ho!
So lift up a song with me,
As I sit on the throne of your shoulders, alone,
I'm The Old Man of the Sea.

I am your false dreams of success
And your mythical future fame—
Your lifelong lies, and your soul's distress
And your slowly-dying shame:
I'm the chattering half of your latest laugh,
And your tongue's last perfidy—

PROSE OR VERSE?

PROSE or Verse—or Verse or Prose? Ever thus the query goes,— Which delight do we prefer— Which the finer—daintier?

Each incites a zest that grows—
Prose or Verse—or Verse or Prose?—
Each a lotus-eater's spell
Wholly irresistible.

All that wit may fashion, free-Voiced, or piped in melody,— Prose or Verse—or Verse or Prose— Which of these the mastery knows?

Twere as wise to question, friend— As of this alluring blend,— The aroma or the rose?— Prose or Verse—or Verse or Prose?

BILLY MILLER'S CIRCUS-SHOW

AT Billy Miller's Circus-Show—
In their old stable where it's at—
The boys pays twenty pins to go,
An' gits their money's-worth at that!—
'Cause Billy he can climb and chalk
His stockin'-feet an' purt' nigh walk
A tight-rope—yes, an' ef he fall
He'll ketch, an' "skin a cat"—'at's all!

He ain't afeard to swing and hang
Ist by his legs!—an' mayby stop
An' yell "Look out!" an' nen—k-spang!—
He'll let loose, upside-down, an' drop
Wite on his hands! An' nen he'll do
"Contortion-acts"—ist limber through
As "Injarubber Mens" 'at goes
With shore-fer-certain circus-shows!

At Billy Miller's Circus-Show
He's got a circus-ring—an' they's
A dressin'-room,—so's he can go
An' dress an' paint up when he plays

He's somepin' else;—'cause sometimes he's "Ringmaster"—bossin' like he please—An' sometimes "Ephalunt"—er "Bare-Back Rider," prancin' out o' there!

An' sometimes—an' the best of all!—
He's "The Old Clown," an' got on clo'es
All stripud,—an' white hat, all tall
An' peakud—like in shore-'nuff shows,—
An' got three-cornered red-marks, too,
On his white cheeks—ist like they do!—
An' you'd ist die, the way he sings
An' dances an' says funny things!

IT'S GOT TO BE

"WHEN it's got to be,"—like I always say,
As I notice the years whiz past,
And know each day is a yesterday,
When we size it up, at last,—
Same as I said when my boyhood went
And I knowed we had to quit,—
"It's got to be, and it's goin' to be!"—
So I said "Good-by" to it.

It's got to be, and it's goin' to be!
So at least I always try
To kind o' say in a hearty way,—
"Well, it's got to be. Good-by!"

The time just melts like a late, last snow,—
When it's got to be, it melts!
But I aim to keep a cheerful mind,
Ef I can't keep nothin' else!
I knowed, when I come to twenty-one,

It's got to be, and it's goin' to be!

So at least I always try

To kind o' say, in a cheerful way,—

"Well, it's got to be.—Good-by!"

They kep' a-goin', the years and years,
Yet still I smiled and smiled,—
For I'd said "Good-by" to my single life,
And now had a wife and child:
Mother and son and the father—one,—
Till, last, on her bed of pain,
She jes' smiled up, like she always done,—
And I said "Good-by" again.

It's got to be, and it's goin' to be!
So at least I always try
To kind o' say, in a humble way,—
"Well, it's got to be. Good-by!"

And then my boy—as he growed to be
Almost a man in size,—
Was more than a pride and joy to me,
With his mother's smilin' eyes.—
He gimme the slip, when the War broke out,
And followed me. And I
Never knowed till the first fight's end . . .
I found him, and then, . . . "Good-by."

I have said, "Good-by!—Good-by!—Good-by!"
With my very best good will,
All through life from the first,—and I
Am a cheerful old man still:
But it's got to end, and it's goin' to end!
And this is the thing I'll do,—
With my last breath I will laugh, O Death,
And say "Good-by" to you! . . .

It's got to be! And again I say,—
When his old scythe circles high,
I'll laugh—of course, in the kindest way,—
As I say "Good-by!—Good-by!"

CHRISTMAS SEASON

TO A FRIEND VISITING ENGLAND

THIS is a Christmas carol—
A late one, it is true,—
But (dight in Truth's apparel)
The best that we can do:—
The best our Muse belated
Thus offers, antedated,—
E'en as the old waits waited
We, waiting, sing for you.

So, haply, you may listen,
As 'twere, with Fancy's ear,
And shape such songs of this-un
As were worth worlds to hear,—
Such anthemings ecstatic
As scaled The Mermaid's attic
In midnight's aromatic
Of choicest Christmas cheer:

Such songs as Marlowe lifted,
With throstle-throated Will
And rare Ben, as they shifted
Their laughing voices till
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The mirth, with music blended, So oversweet ascended, It well were never ended— And, hark!—you hear it still! . . .

You hear it; aye, and love it!—
Beyond all voices dear—
Your master's!—none above it.—
So harken, and so hear!—
Your master's English.—Surely
No other rests so purely
On Fame, or more securely,—
O English of Shakespeare!

ART AND POETRY

TO HOMER C. DAVENPORT

"WESS," he says, and sort o' grins, "Art and Poetry is twins. 'F I could draw as you have drew, Like to jes' swap pens with you."

THE CHILDREN OF THE CHILDLESS

THE Children of the Childless!—Yours—and mine.—

Yea, though we sit here in the pitying gaze
Of fathers and mothers whose fond fingers twine
Their children's locks of living gold, and praise
With warm, caressing palms, the head of brown,
Or crown

Of opulent auburn, with its amber floss In all its splendor loosed and jostled down Across

The mother-lap at prayer.—Yea, even when
These sweet petitioners are kissed, and then
Are kissed and kissed again—
The pursed mouths lifted with the worldlier prayer
That bed and oblivion spare
Them yet a little while
Beside their envied elders by the glow

More tangible to the soul's touch and sight
Than these—our children by Divine birthright. . . .
These—these of ours, who soothe us, when we weep,

With tenderest ministries,
Or, flashing into smiling ecstasies,
Come dashing through our tears—ay, laughing leap
Into our empty arms, in Fate's despite,
And nestle to our hearts. O Heaven's delight!—
The children of the childless—even these!

HOOSIER SPRING-POETRY

WHEN ever'thing's a-goin' like she's gota-goin' now,—

The maple-sap a-drippin', and the buds on ever' bough

A-sort o' reachin' up'ards all a-trimblin', ever' one, Like 'bout a million Brownie-fists a-shakin' at the sun!

The childern wants their shoes off 'fore their breakfast, and the Spring

Is here so good-and-plenty that the old hen has to sing!—

When things is goin' thisaway, w'y, that's the sign, you know,

That ever'thing's a-goin' like we like to see her go!

Oh, ever'thing's a-goin' like we like to see her go! Old Winter's up and dusted, with his dratted frost

- The bluebird's landin' home ag'in, and glad to git the chance,
- 'Cause here's where he belongs at, that's a settled circumstance!
- And him and mister robin now's a-chunin' fer the show.
- Oh, ever'thing's a-goin' like we like to see her go!
- The sun ain't jes' p'tendin' now!—The ba'm is in the breeze—
- The trees'll soon be green as grass, and grass as green as trees;
- The buds is all jes' eechin', and the dogwood down the run
- Is bound to bu'st out laughin' 'fore another week is done;
- The bees is wakin', gap'y-like, and fumblin' fer their buzz,
- A-thinkin' ever-wakefuler, of other days that wuz,— When all the land wuz orchard-blooms and clover, don't you know. . . .
- Oh, ever'thing's a-goin' like we like to see her go!

THE VOICE OF PEACE

INDEPENDENCE BELL: INDIANAPOLIS, NOVEMBER
17, 1904

THOUGH now forever still
Your voice of jubilee—
We hear—we hear, and ever will,
The Bell of Liberty!
Clear as the voice to them
In that far night agone
Pealed from the heavens o'er Bethlehem,
The voice of Peace peals on!

Stir all your memories up, O Independence Bell, Ring numb the wounds of wrong
Unhealed in brain and breast;
With music like a slumber-song
Lull tearful eyes to rest.—
Ring! Independence Bell!
Ring on till worlds to be
Shall listen to the tale you tell
Of Love and Liberty!

A DEFECTIVE SANTA CLAUS

Little Boy! Halloo!—halloo! Can't you hear me calling you?— Little Boy that used to be, Come in here and play with me.

ALLUS when our Pa he's away Nen Uncle Sidney comes to stay At our house here—so Ma an' me An' Etty an' Lee-Bob won't be Afeard ef anything at night Might happen—like Ma says it might, (Ef Trip wuz big, I bet you he 'Uz best watch-dog you ever see!) An' so last winter—ist before It's go' be Chris'mus-Day,—w'y, shore Enough, Pa had to haf to go To 'tend a lawsuit—"An' the snow Ist right fer Santy Claus!" Pa said, As he clumb in old Ayersuz sled, An' said he's sorry he can't be With us that night—"Cause," he-says-ee, "Old Santy might be comin' here-This very night of all the year I' got to be away!—so all

You kids must tell him—ef he call—He's mighty welcome, an' yer Pa
He left his love with you an' Ma
An' Uncle Sid!" An' clucked, an' leant
Back, laughin'—an' away they went!
An' Uncle wave' his hands an' yells
"Yer old horse ort to have on bells!"
But Pa yell back an' laugh an' say
"I 'spect when Santy come this way
It's time enough fer sleighbells nen!"
An' holler back "Good-by!" again,
An' reach out with the driver's whip
An' cut behind an' drive back Trip.

An' so all day it snowed an' snowed! An' Lee-Bob he ist watched the road. In his high-chair: an' Etty she 'Ud play with Uncle Sid an' me-Like she wuz he'ppin' fetch in wood An' keepin' old fire goin' good, Where Ma she wuz a-cookin' there In kitchen, too, an' ever'where! An' Uncle say, "At's ist the way Yer Ma's b'en workin', night an' day, Sence she hain't big as Etty is Er Lee-Bob in that chair o' his!" Nen Ma she'd laugh 't what Uncle said. An' smack an' smoove his old bald head An' say "Clear out the way till I Can keep that pot from b'ilin' dry!" Nen Uncle, when she's gone back to

The kitchen, says, "We ust to do Some cookin' in the ashes.—Say, S'posin' we try some, thataway!" An' nen he send us to tell Ma Send two big 'taters in he saw Pa's b'en a-keepin' 'cause they got The premiun at the Fair! An' what You think?—He rake a grea'-big hole In the hot ashes, an' he roll Them old big 'taters in the place An' rake the coals back—an' his face Ist swettin' so's he purt' nigh swear 'Cause it's so hot! An' when they're there 'Bout time 'at we fergit 'em, he Ist rake 'em out again—an' aee!— He bu'st 'em with his fist wite on A' old stove-led, while Etty's gone To git the salt, an' butter, too-Ist like he said she haf to do, No matter what Ma say! An' so He salt an' butter 'em, an' blow 'Em cool enough fer us to eat-An' me-o-my! they're hard to beat! An' Trip 'ud ist lay there an' pant Like he'd laugh out loud, but he can't. Nen Uncle fill his pipe—an' we 'Ud he'p him light it—Sis an' me,— But mostly little Lee-Bob, 'cause 66TT.22 48 - 1 - 1 4 7 7 7 8 4

He wuz so mad! So Uncle pat An' pet him (Lee-Bob's ust to that-'Cause he's the little-est, you know, An' allus has b'en humored so!) Nen Uncle gits the flat-arn out, An', while he's tellin' us all 'bout Old Chris'mus-times when he's a kid, He ist cracked hickernuts, he did, Till they's a crockful, mighty nigh! An' when they're all done by an' by, He raked the red coals out again An' telled me, "Fetch that popcorn in, An' old three-leggud skillut—an' The led an' all now, little man,— An' yer old Uncle here 'ull show You how corn's popped, long years ago When me an' Santy Claus wuz boys On Pap's old place in Illinoise!-An' your Pa, too, wuz chums, all through, With Santy!-Wisht Pa'd be here, too!" Nen Uncle sigh at Ma, an' she Pat him again, an' say to me An' Etty.—"You take warning fair!— Don't talk too much, like Uncle there, Ner don't fergit, like him, my dears, That 'little pitchers has big ears!'" But Uncle say to her, "Clear out!-Yer brother knows what he's about -You git your Chris'mus-cookin' done

Turn roun' an' nen lay down again. An' one time Uncle Sidney say,-"When dogs is sleepin' thataway, Like Trip, an' whimpers, it's a sign He'll ketch eight rabbits—mayby nine— Afore his fleas'll wake him-nen He'll bite hisse'f to sleep again An' try to dream he's go' ketch ten." An' when Ma's gone again back in The kitchen, Uncle scratch his chin An' say, "When Santy Claus an' Pa An' me wuz little boys-an' Ma, When she's 'bout big as Etty there;-W'y,—'When we're growed—no matter where,' Santy he cross' his heart an' say.— 'I'll come to see you, all, some day When you' got childerns—all but me An' pore old Sid!" Nen Uncle he Ist kind o' shade his eyes an' pour' 'Bout forty-'leven bushels more O' popcorn out the skillut there In Ma's new basket on the chair. An' nen he telled us—an' talk' low, "So Ma can't hear," he say:--"You know Yer Pa know', when he drived away, To-morry's go' be Chris'mus-Day:— Well, nen to-night," he whisper, "see?-

He's shorely go' be here to-night. . . . That's why yer Pa's so bored to be Away to-night, when Santy he Is go' be here, sleighbells an' all, To make you kids a Chris'mus-call!" An' we're so glad to know fer shore He's comin'. I roll on the floor-An' here come Trip a-waller'n' roun' An' purt' nigh knock the clo'eshorse down!-An' Etty grab Lee-Bob an' prance All roun' the room like it's a dance— Till Ma she come an' march us nen To dinner, where we're still again, But tickled so we ist can't eat But pie, an' ist the hot mincemeat With raisins in.—But *Uncle* et. An' Ma. An' there they set an' set Till purt' nigh supper-time; nen we Tell him he's got to fix the Tree 'Fore Santy gits here, like he said. We go nen to the old woodshed— All bundled up, through the deep snow— "An' snowin' yet, jee-rooshy-O!" Uncle he said, an' he'p us wade Back where's the Chris'mus-Tree he's made Out of a little jackoak-top He git down at the sawmill-shopIt wite in front the fireplace—'cause He says "Tain't so 'at Santy Claus Comes down all chimblies,—least, to-night He's comin' in this house all right—By the front-door, as ort to be!—We'll all be hid where we can see!" Nen he look up, an' he see Ma An' say, "It's ist too bad their Pa Can't be here, so's to see the fun The childern will have, ever' one!"

Well, we!—We hardly couldn't wait Till it wuz dusk, an' dark an' late Enough to light the lamp !-- An' Lee-Bob light a candle on the Tree— "Ist one-'cause I'm 'The Lighter'!"-Nen He clumb on Uncle's knee again An' hug us bofe; -an' Etty git Her little chist an' set on it Wite clos't, while Uncle telled some more 'Bout Santy Claus, an' clo'es he wore "All maked o' furs, an' trimmed as white As cotton is, er snow at night?' An' nen, all sudden-like, he say,-"Hush! Listen there! Hain't that a sleigh 'An' sleighbells jinglin'?" Trip go "whooh!" Like he hear bells and smell 'em. too. Nen we all listen. . . . An'-sir, shore Enough, we hear bells-more an' more A-jinglin' clos'ter—clos'ter still Down the old crook-road roun' the hill.

'An' Uncle he jumps up, an' all The chairs he jerks back by the wall An' th'ows a' overcoat an' pair O' winder-curtains over there An' says, "Hide quick, er you're too late!-Them bells is stoppin' at the gate!— Git back o' them-'air chairs an' hide. 'Cause I hear Santy's voice outside!' An' Bang! bang! we heerd the door-Nen it flewed open, an' the floor Blowed full o' snow—that's first we saw. Till little Lee-Bob shriek' at Ma "There's Santy Claus!—I know him by His big white mufftash?'—an' ist cry An' laugh an' squeal an' dance an' yell-Till, when he quiet down a spell, Old Santy bow an' th'ow a kiss To him—an' one to me an' Sis— An' nen go clos't to Ma an' stoop An' kiss her—An' nen give a whoop That fainted her !—'Cause when he bent An' kiss her, he ist backed an' went Wite 'g'inst the Chris'mus-Tree ist where The candle's at Lee-Bob lit there!-An' set his white-fur belt afire-An' blaze streaked roun' his waist an' higher Wite up his old white beard an' th'oat!-Nen Uncle grabs th' old overcoat An' flops it over Santy's head. An' swing the door wide back an' said, "Come out, old man!—an' quick about

It!—I've ist got to put you out!" An' out he sprawled him in the snow— "Now roll?" he says-"Hi-roll-ee-O?"-An' Santy, sputter'n' "Ouch! Gee-whiz!" Ist roll an' roll fer all they is! An' Trip he's out there, too,—I know, 'Cause I could hear him yappin' so— An' I heerd Santy, wunst er twic't, Say, as he's rollin', "Drat the fice't?" Nen Uncle come back in, an' shake Ma up, an' say, "Fer mercy-sake!-He hain't hurt none!" An' nen he said,-"You youngsters h'ist up-stairs to bed!-Here! kiss yer Ma 'Good night,' an' me,-We'll he'p old Santy fix the Tree-An' all yer whistles, horns an' drums I'll he'p you toot when morning comes!"

It's long while 'fore we go to sleep,—
'Cause down-stairs, all-time somepin' keep
A-kind o' scufflin' roun' the floors—
An' openin' doors, an' shettin' doors—
An' could hear Trip a-whinin', too,
Like he don't know ist what to do—
An' tongs a-clankin' down k'thump!—
Nen some one squonkin' the old pump—
An' Wooh! how cold it soun' out there!—
I could ist see the pump-spout where
It's got ice chin-whiskers all wet

A-talkin' out there by the fence. An' one says, "Oh, 'bout twelve o'clock!" "Nen," 'nother'n' says, "Here's to you, Doc!-God bless us ever one!" An' nen I heerd the old pump squonk again. An' nen I say my prayer all through Like Uncle Sidney learn' me to,-"O Father mine, e'en as Thine own, This child looks up to Thee alone: Asleep or waking, give him still His Elder Brother's wish and will." An' that's the last I know . . . Till Ma She's callin' us—an' so is Pa.— He holler "Chris'mus-gif'!" an' say,— "I'm got back home fer Chris'mus-Day!-An' Uncle Sid's here, too-an' he Is nibblin' 'roun' yer Chris'mus-Tree!" Nen Uncle holler, "I suppose Yer Pa's so proud he's froze his nose He wants to turn it up at us. 'Cause Santy kick' up such a fuss-Tetchin' hisse'f off same as ef He wuz his own fireworks hisse'f!"

An' when we're down-stairs,—shore enough, Pa's nose is froze, an' salve an' stuff
All on it—an' one hand's froze too

"But Pa he'd ort a-seen the way Santy bear up last night when that-Air fire break out, an' quicker'n scat He's all a-blazin', an' them-'air Gun-cotton whiskers that he wear Ist flashin' !--till I burn a hole In the snow with him, an' he roll The front-yard dry as Chris'mus jokes Old parents plays on little folks! But, long's a smell o' tow er wool, I kep' him rollin' beautiful!— Till I wuz shore I shorely see He's squenched! W'y, hadn't b'en fer me, That old man might a-burnt clear down Clean-plum'-level with the groun'!" Nen Ma say, "There, Sid; that'll do!-Breakfast is ready—Chris'mus, too.— Your voice 'ud soun' best, sayin' Grace— Say it." An' Uncle bow' his face An' say so long a Blessing nen, Trip bark' two times 'fore it's "A-men!"

WHAT LITTLE SAUL GOT, CHRISTMAS

US parents mostly thinks our own's
The smartest childern out!
But Widder Shelton's little Saul
Beats all I know about!
He's weakly-like—in p'int o' health,
But strong in word and deed
And heart and head, and snap and spunk,
And allus in the lead!

Comes honest by it, fer his Pa—
Afore he passed away—
He was a leader—(Lord, I'd like
To hear him preach to-day!)
He led his flock; he led in prayer
Fer spread o' Peace—and when
Nothin' but War could spread it, he
Was first to lead us then!

So little Saul has grit to take

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And when she "got up"—jes' fer him And little playmates all— A Chris'mus-tree—they ever'one Was there but little Saul.

Pore little chap was sick in bed
Next room; and Doc was there,
And said the childern might file past,
But go right back to where
The tree was, in the settin'-room.
And Saul jes' laid and smiled—
Ner couldn't nod, ner wave his hand,
It hurt so—Bless the child!

And so they left him there with Doc—
And warm tear of his Ma's . . .
Then—suddent-like—high over all
Their laughture and applause—
They heerd: "I don't care what you git
On yer old Chris'mus-tree,
'Cause I'm got somepin' you all hain't—
I'm got the pleurisy!"

GENERAL LEW WALLACE

FEBRUARY 15, 1905

NAY, Death, thou mightiest of all
Dread conquerors—thou dreadest chief,—
Thy heavy hand can here but fall
Light as the Autumn leaf:
As vainly, too, its weight is laid
Upon the warrior's knightly sword;—
Still through the charge and cannonade
It flashes for the Lord.

In forum—as in battle-field—
His voice rang for the truth—the right—
Keyed with the shibboleth that pealed
His Soul forth to the fight:
The inspiration of his pen
Glowed as a star, and lit anew
The faces and the hearts of men
Watching, the long night through.

A destiny ordained—divine

It seemed to hosts of those who saw

His rise since youth and marked the line

Of his ascent with awe:—

From the now-storied little town
That gave him birth and worth, behold,
Unto this day of his renown,
His sword and word of gold.

Serving the Land he loved so well—
Hailed midsea or in foreign port,
Or in strange-bannered citadel
Or Oriental Court,—
He—honored for his Nation's sake,
And loved and honored for his own—
Hath seen his Flag in glory shake
Above the Pagan Throne.

ON READING DR. HENRY VAN DYKE'S VOLUME OF POEMS—MUSIC

TUSIC!—Yea, and the airs you play— Out of the faintest Far-Away And the sweetest, too; and the dearest Here, With its quavering voice but its bravest cheer-The prayer that aches to be all expressed— The kiss of love at its tenderest: Music-music, with glad heart-throbs Within it; and music with tears and sobs Shaking it, as the startled soul Is shaken at shriek of the fife and roll Of the drums;—then as suddenly lulled again With the whisper and lisp of the summer rain: Mist of melodies fragrance-fine-The bird-song flicked from the eglantine With the dews when the springing bramble throws

A rarer drench on its ripest rose, And the wingèd song soars up and sinks To the dove's dim coo by the river-brinks Where the ripple's voice still laughs along Its glittering path of light and song. Music, O Poet, and all your own By right of capture and that alone,—

318 VAN DYKE'S VOLUME OF POEMS

For in it we hear the harmony Born of the earth and the air and the sea, And over and under it, and all through, We catch the chime of The Anthem, too.

HER SMILE OF CHEER AND VOICE OF SONG

ANNA HARRIS RANDALL

SPRING fails, in all its bravery of brilliant gold and green,—

The sun, the grass, the leafing tree, and all the dazzling scene

Of dewy morning—orchard blooms, And woodland blossoms and perfumes With bird-songs sown between.

Yea, since she smiles not any more, so every flowery thing

Fades, and the birds seem brooding o'er her silence as they sing—

Her smile of cheer and voice of song Seemed so divinely to belong To ever-joyous Spring!

Nay, still she smiles.—Our eyes are blurred and see not through our tears:

And still her rapturous voice is heard, though not of mortal ears:—

THINKIN' BACK

I'VE be'n thinkin' back, of late,
S'prisin'!—And I'm here to state
I'm suspicious it's a sign
Of age, maybe, er decline
Of my faculties,—and yit
I'm not feelin' old a bit—
Any more than sixty-four
Ain't no young man any more!

Thinkin' back's a thing 'at grows
On a feller, I suppose—
Older 'at he gits, i jack,
More he keeps a-thinkin' back!
Old as old men git to be,
Er as middle-aged as me,
Folks'll find us, eye and mind
Fixed on what we've left behind—
Rehabilitatin'-like
Them old times we used to hike

Wonder now we hadn't died! Grate horseradish on my hide Jes' a-thinkin' how cold then That-'ere worter must 'a' be'n!

Thinkin' back-W'y, goodness me! I kin call their names and see Every little tad I played With, er fought, er was afraid Of, and so made him the best Friend I had of all the rest! Thinkin' back. I even hear Them a-callin', high and clear, Up the crick-banks, where they seem Still hid in there-like a dream-And me still a-pantin' on The green pathway they have gone! Still they hide, by bend er ford-Still they hide-but, thank the Lord (Thinkin' back, as I have said), I hear laughin' on ahead!

SIS RAPALYE

WHEN rainy-greener shoots the grass
And blooms the cherry tree,
And children laugh by glittering brooks,
Wild with the ecstasy
Of bursting Spring, with twittering bird
And hum of honey-bee,—
"Sis Rapalye!" my spirit shouts . . .
And she is here with me!

As laugh the children, so her laugh
Haunts all the atmosphere;—
Her song is in the brook's refrain;
Her glad eyes, flashing clear,
Are in the morning dews; her speech
Is melody so dear,
The bluebird trills,—"Sis Rapalye!—
I hear!—I hear!—I hear!"

Again in races, at "Recess,"

I see her braided hair

Toss past me as I stay to lift

Her straw hat, fallen there;

The school-bell sends a vibrant pang

My heart can hardly bear.—

Yet still she leads—Sis Rapalye—

And leads me everywhere!

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Now I am old.—Yet she remains
The selfsame child of ten.—
Gay, gallant little girl, to race
On into Heaven then!
Yet gallant, gay Sis Rapalye—
In blossom-time, and when
The trees and grasses beckon her—
Comes back to us again.

And so, however long since youth
Whose raptures wild and free
An old man's heart may claim no more,—
With more than memory
I share the Spring's own joy that brings
My boyhood back to me
With laughter, blossoms, singing birds
And sweet Sis Rapalye.

TO BLISS CARMAN

H^E is the morning's poet—
The bard of mount and moor,
The minstrel fine of dewy shine,
The dawning's troubadour:

The brother of the bluebird,
'Mid blossoms, throng on throng,
Whose singing calls, o'er orchard walls,
Seem glitterings of song.

He meets, with brow uncovered,
The sunrise through the mist,
With raptured eyes that range the skies
And seas of amethyst:

The brambled rose clings to him;
The breezy wood receives
Him as the guest she loves the best
And laughs through all her leaves:

Pan and his nymphs and dryads
They hear, in breathless pause,
This earth-born wight lilt his delight,
And envy him because

He is the morning's poet—
The bard of mount and moor,
The minstrel fine of dewy shine,
The dawning's troubadour.

A SONG O' CHEER

MY Grampa he's a-allus sayin',

"Sing a song o' cheer!"—

And wunst I says "What kind is them?"

He says,—"The kind to hear.—
'Cause they're the songs that Nature sings,
 In ever' bird that twitters!"

"Well, whipperwills and doves," says I,
 "Hain't over-cheery critters!"

"Then don't you sing like them," he says—
 "Ner guinny-hens, my dear—

Ner peafowls nuther (drat the boy!)
 You sing a song o' cheer!"
I can't sing nothin' anyhow;
 But, comin' home, to'rds night,
I kind o' sort o' kep' a-whistlin'

"Old—Bob—White!"

CHILD'S CHRISTMAS CAROL

CHRIST used to be like you and me, When just a lad in Galilee,—
So when we pray, on Christmas Day,
He favors first the prayers we say:
Then waste no tear, but pray with cheer,
This gladdest day of all the year:

O Brother mine of birth Divine, Upon this natal day of Thine Bear with our stress of happiness Nor count our reverence the less Because with glee and jubilee Our hearts go singing up to Thee.

I' GOT TO FACE MOTHER TO-DAY!

I' GOT to face Mother to-day, fer a fact!—
I' got to face Mother to-day!
And jes' how I'll dare to, an' how she will act,
Is more than a mortal can say!
But I' got to face her— I' got to! And so
Here's a' old father clean at the end of his row!

And Pink and Wade's gone to the farm fer her now—

And I'm keepin' house fer 'em here—
Their purty, new house—and all paid fer!—But
how

Am I goin' to meet her, and clear
Uy my actchully he'ppin' 'em both to elope?—
('Cause Mother wuz set—and wuz no other hope!)

I don' think it's Wade she's so biased ag'in', But his bizness,—a railroadin' man And Pink—W'y, the girl wuz just pinin' away,—
So what could her old father do,
When he found her, hid-like, in a loose load of hay,
But jes' to drive on clean into
The aidge of the city, where—singular thing!—
Wade switched us away to the Squire, i jing!

Now-a-leavin' me here—they're driv off, with a cheer,

On their weddin'-trip—which is to drive Straight home and tell Mother, and tol her back here

And surrender me, dead er alive!
So I'm waitin' here—not so blame' overly gay
As I wus,—'cause I' got to face Mother to-day!

NAME US NO NAMES NO MORE

Sing the hilarity and delight
Of our childhood's gurgling, giggling days!
When our eyes were as twinkling-keen and bright
And our laughs as thick as the stars at night,
And our breasts volcanoes of pent hoo-rays!
When we grouped together in secret mirth
And sniggered at everything on earth—
But specially when strange visitors came
And we learned, for instance, that their name
was Fishback—or Mothershead—or Philpott—
or Dalrymple—or Fullenwider—or Applewhite—
or Hunnicut—or Tubbs—or Oldshoe!
"'Oldshoe!"—jeminy-jee!" thinks we—
"Hain't that a funny name!—tee-hee-hee!"

Barefoot racers from everywhere,
We'd pelt in over the back-porch floor
For "the settin'-room," and cluster there
Like a clot of bees round an apple-core,
And sleeve our noses, and pinafore
Our smearcase-mouths, and slick our hair,
And stare and listen, and try to look

Like "Agnes" does in the old school-book,—
Till at last we'd catch the visitor's name,—
Reddinhouse, Lippscomb, or Burlingame,—
or Winkler—or Smock—or Tutewiler—or
Daubenspeck—or Throckmorton—or Rubottom
—or Bixler—
"Bixler" jeminy-jee!" thinks we—
"Hain't that a funny name!—tee-hee!"

Peace!—Let be!—Fall away!—Fetch loose!—
We can't have fun as we had fun then!—
Shut up, Memory!—what's the use?—
When the girls and boys of 8 and 10
Are now—well, matronly, or old men,
And Time has (so to say) "cooked our goose"!
But ah! if we only could have back
The long-lost laughs that we now so lack
And so vainly long for,—how—we—could
Naturely wake up the neigh-ber-hood,
over the still heterogenious names ever unrolling from the endless roster of orthographic actualities,—such names—for further instance of good faith—simply such names as Vander-lip—or Funkhouser—or Smoot—or Galbreath

HENRY IRVING

OCTOBER 13, 1905

TIS Art reclaims him! By those gifts of hers With which so nobly she endowed his mind, He brought back Shakespeare, in quick grief and glee—

Tasting the world's salt tears and sweet applause,—For, even as through his master's, so there ran Through all his multitudinous characters Kinship and love and honor of mankind. So all mankind shall grace his memory In musing proudly: Great as his genius was, Great likewise was the man.

LINCOLN—THE BOY

OSIMPLE as the rhymes that tell
The simplest tales of youth,
Or simple as a miracle
Beside the simplest truth—
So simple seems the view we share
With our Immortals, sheer
From Glory looking down to where
They were as children here.

Or thus we know, nor doubt it not,
The boy he must have been
Whose budding heart bloomed with the thought
All men are kith and kin—
With love-light in his eyes and shade
Of prescient tears:—Because
Only of such a boy were made
The loving man he was.

NICHOLAS OBERTING

A hero of ancient mold is Nicholas Oberting, of Hardentown, Indiana, who, a few days ago, in saving three boys from being gored to death by his infuriated bull, performed a feat of daring comparable only with the valorous deeds of Roman gladiators. . . .

-Indianapolis Star.

Sing of Nicholas Oberting!— Sing of Nicholas Oberting! Giant of the strength of ten, Yet the gentlest of all men.

He it was that loved the air,
And the green fields everywhere—
Loved the meadow slopes and rills,
And the cattle on the hills—
Loved all out-o'-doors, and took
Off his hat, with reverent look,
As the halmy winds of Spring

Was not lovelier to hear Than the laughter, ringing near, Of child-voices—Truants,—three Little stragglers, he could see, Crossing the near pasture-land Loiteringly, hand in hand, Laughing as they came. . . . Until— Sudden ran a sickening chill Through the strong man's heart! . . . He heard Scarce his own voice, afterward, For the maddened, bellowing roar Of the monster beast that bore Down upon the lads. . . . Out rang His quick warning.—Then he sprang Forth to meet them, crying, "Run!-Straight for me!—Come on!—Well done!"— Praised them—cheered them.—"Good! Hooray! Now, Red-top, you throw away That cap! but don't'—And breathless hung The sentence;—for a root had flung The youngster—stunned—prone on the ground . . . Then-midst a trampling, thund'rous sound, The bellowing beast, with his big bent head, And great horns, white as his eyes were red!-Charged for the lad, as he helpless lay . . . There was a leap then; and—they say (For but one boy had swooned away)— There was the leap and the laugh of a Man . . . And the bravest war of the world began: Pinned by the horns in the Hercules grip Of his master—the slavering jaws adrip,

The foaming, steaming, sweltering, hotMonthed monster raged and charged and fought,—
But ever the great strong hands were set
At their horny leverage, bloody-wet;
And ever steadier pressed the hold,
And ever the wild eyes wilder rolled
As the thick neck turned, and the great hulk grew
Like an o'er-fed engine, shuddering through—
Yet the thick neck turned—and turned—and
turned—

Till the raw tongue shot from the throat and burned The live air foul; and the beast lurched dead Crunchingly.

. . . And the youngster said That the big man just lay there and cried—
He was so sorry and satisfied!

RABBIT

I S'POSE it takes a feller 'at's be'n Raised in a country-town, like me, To 'preciate rabbits! . . . Eight er ten Bellerin' boys and two er three Yelpin' dawgs all on the trail O' one little pop-eyed cottontail!

'Bout the first good fall o' snow—
So's you kin track 'em, don't you know,
Where they've run,—and one by one
Hop 'em up and chase 'em down
And prod 'em out of a' old bresh-pile
Er a holler log they're a-hidin' roun',
Er, way en-nunder the ricked cord-wood
Er crosstie-stack by the railroad track
'Bout a mile
Out o' sight o' the whole ding town! . . .
Well! them's times 'at I call good!

Rabbits!—w'y, as my thoughts goes back To them old boyhood days o' mine, I kin sic him now and see "Old Jack" A-plowin' snow in a rabbit-track And a-pitchin' over him, head and heels, Like a blame' hat-rack, As the rabbit turns fer the timber-line Down the County Ditch through the old cornfields. . . .

Yes, and I'll say right here to you,
Rabbits that boys has earnt, like that—
Skinned and hung fer a night or two
On the old back-porch where the pump's done
froze—

Then fried 'bout right, where your brekfust's at, With hot brown gravy and shortenin' bread,—Rabbits, like them—er I ort to 'a' said, I s'pose, Rabbits like those Ain't so p'ticalar pore, I guess, Fer eatin' purposes!

A SPRING SONG AND A LATER

SHE sang a song of May for me,
Wherein once more I heard
The mirth of my glad infancy—
The orchard's earliest bird—
The joyous breeze among the trees
New-clad in leaf and bloom,
And there the happy honey-bees
In dewy gleam and gloom.

So purely, sweetly on the sense
Of heart and spirit fell
Her song of Spring, its influence—
Still irresistible,—
Commands me here—with eyes ablur—
To mate her bright refrain,
Though I but shed a rhyme for her
As dim as Autumn rain.

OURS

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, DECEMBER 8, 1906

READ AT A BANQUET IN HONOR OF HENRY WATTERSON UPON HIS DEPARTURE FOR SPAIN

ERE where of old was heard
The ringing, singing word
That orator and bard
Alike set free
To soar, through heights profound,
Our land's remotest bound,
Till all is holy ground
From sea to sea—

Here still, with voice and pen,
ONE cheers the hopes of men
And gives us faith again—
This gifted one
We hold here as the guest
Most honored—loved the best—
Wisest and worthiest—
Our Watterson.

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His spirit is the Seer's—
For, though he sees and hears
Through human doubts and fears,
His heart is one
With Earth's and the Divine—
With his home-hearts—and mine—
And the child's heart is thine,
Our Watterson!

Give us to touch and praise
His worth in subtlest ways,
Lest even our fondest gaze
He fain would shun—
Laugh, though a mist appears—
The glad wine salt with tears—
Laugh, as we drain it—"Here's
Our Watterson!"

OLD INDIANY

Intended for a Dinner of The Indiana Society of Chicago

OLD Indiany, 'course we know Is first, and best, and most, also, Of all the States' whole forty-four:-She's first in ever'thing, that's shore!— And best in ever'way as yet Made known to man; and you kin bet She's most, because she won't confess She ever was, or will be, less! And yet, fer all her proud array Of sons, how many gits away!— No doubt about her bein' great But, fellers, she's a leaky State! And them that boasts the most about Her, them's the ones that's dribbled out. Law! jes' to think of all you boys 'Way over here in Illinoise A-celebratin', like ye air, Old Indiany, 'way back there In the dark ages, so to speak, A-nravin' for we once a week

You wasn't "sidin' up the pike," As the tramp-shoemaker said When "he sacked the boss and shed The blame town, to hunt fer one Where they didn't work fer fun!" Lookin' extry well, I'd say, Your old home so fur away.— Maybe, though, like the old jour., Fun hain't all yer workin' fer. So you've found a job that pays Better than in them old days You was on The Weekly Press, Heppin' run things, more er less: Er a-learnin' telegraph-Operatin', with a half-Notion of the tinner's trade, Er the dusty man's that laid Out designs on marble and Hacked out little lambs by hand, And chewed finecut as he wrought. "Shapin' from his bitter thought" Some squshed mutterings to say,-"Yes, hard work, and porer pay!" Er you'd kind o' thought the far-Gazin' kuss that owned a car And took pictures in it, had Jes' the snap you wanted—bad! And you even wondered why He kep' foolin' with his sky-Light the same on shiny days As when rainin'. ('T leaked always.) Wondered what strange things was hid In there when he shet the door And smelt like a burnt drug store Next some orchard-trees, i swan! With whole roasted apples on! That's why Ade is, here of late, Buyin' in the dear old state,—So's to cut it up in plots Of both town and country lots.

LONGFELLOW

1807—FEBRUARY 27—1907

GENTLEST kinsman of Humanity!
Thy love hath touched all hearts, even as thy
Song

Hath touched all chords of music that belong
To the quavering heaven-strung harp of harmony:
Thou hast made man to feel and hear and see
Divinely;—made the weak to be the strong;
By thy melodious magic, changed the wrong
To changeless right—and joyed and wept as we.
Worlds listen, lulled and solaced at the spell
That folds and holds us—soul and body, too,—
As though thy songs, as loving arms in stress
Of sympathy and trust ineffable.

Were thrown about us thus by one who knew Of common human need of kindliness.

WITH A CHILD-BOOK

TO MASTER PRESTON FROM HIS LONG INVISIBLE PLAYMATE

THERE is LORE of more devices,
And ROMANCE that more entices
Higher minds and higher prices;—
But, for "Giggle-boy" or "Cry-sis"
(With some sniffless interstices)
Here's a little tale suffices—
Sweet as oranges in slices
Slobbed in slues o' cream and ices,
Tanged with tingling, spangling spices.—
Ho! there's no tale half so nice as
This Old Tailor and his Mice is!

THE DOCTOR

He took the suffering human race,
He read each wound, each weakness clear;
And struck his finger on the place,
And said: "Thou ailest here, and here!"
—MATTHEW ARNOLD

WE may idealize the chief of men—
Idealize the humblest citizen,—
Idealize the ruler in his chair—
The poor man, or the poorer millionaire;
Idealize the soldier—sailor—or
The simple man of peace—at war with war;—
The hero of the sword or fife-and-drum. . . .
Why not idealize the Doctor some?

The Doctor is, by principle, we know,
Opposed to sentiment. He veils all show
Of feeling, and is proudest when he hides
The sympathy which natively abides
Within the stoic precincts of a soul
Which owns strict duty as its first control,
And so must guard the ill, lest worse may
come.

Why not idealize the Doctor some?

He is the master of emotions—he
Is likewise certain of that mastery,—
Or dare he face contagion in its ire,
Or scathing fever in its leaping fire?
He needs must smile upon the ghastly face
That yearns up toward him in that warded
place

Where even the Saint-like Sisters' lips grow dumb.

Why not idealize the Doctor some?

He wisely hides his heart from you and me— He hath grown tearless, of necessity,— He knows the sight is clearer, being blind; He knows the cruel knife is very kind; Ofttimes he must be pitiless, for thought Of the remembered wife or child he sought To save through kindness that was overcome. Why not idealize the Doctor some?

Bear with him, trustful, in his darkest doubt Of how the mystery of death comes out; He knows—he knows,—ay, better yet than we, That out of Time must dawn Eternity; He knows his own compassion—what he would Give in relief of all ills, if he could.—We wait alike one Master: He will come. Do we idealize the Doctor some?

ABE MARTIN

ABE MARTIN!—dad-burn his old picture!
P'tends he's a Brown County fixture—
A kind of a comical mixture

Of hoss-sense and no sense at all!

His mouth, like his pipe, 's allus goin',

And his thoughts, like his whiskers, is flowin',

And what he don't know ain't wuth knowin'—

From Genesis clean to baseball!

The artist, Kin Hubbard, 's so keerless He draws Abe 'most eyeless and earless, But he's never yet pictured him cheerless

Er with fun 'at he tries to conceal,— Whuther on to the fence er clean over A-rootin' up ragweed er clover, Skeert stiff at some "Rambler" er "Rover" Er newfangled automobeel!

It's a purty steep climate old Brown's in And the rains there his ducks nearly drawn's in

As the old handsaw-hawg, er the mottled
Milch cow, er the old rooster wattled
Like the mumps had him 'most so well throttled
That it was a pleasure to die.

But best of 'em all's the fool-breaks 'at
Abe don't see at all, and yit makes 'at
Both me and you lays back and shakes at
His comic, miraculous cracks
Which makes him—clean back of the power
Of genius itse'f in its flower—
This Notable Man of the Hour,
Abe Martin, The Joker on Facts.

MORNING

BREATH of Morning—breath of May—With your zest of yesterday
And crisp, balmy freshness, smite
Our old hearts with Youth's delight.

Tilt the cap of Boyhood—yea, Where no "forelock" waves, to-day,— Back, in breezy, cool excess, Stroke it with the old caress.

Let us see as we have seen— Where all paths are dewy-green, And all human-kind are kin— Let us be as we have been!

THE LOVELINESS

AH, what a long and loitering way
And ever-lovely way, in truth,
We travel on from day to day
Out of the realms of youth!

How eagerly we onward press
The lovely path that lures us still
With ever-changing loveliness
Of grassy vale and hill:

Of groves of May and morning-lands
Dew-diamonded and gemmed with bloom;
With amber streams and golden sands
And aisles of gleam and gloom;

Where lovely little Fairy-folk, In careless ambush, pipe and call From tousled ferns 'neath elm and oak By shoal and waterfall: The sudden redbird trips the sight
And tricks the ear—or doubtless we
With happy palms had clapped the Sprite
In new captivity.

On—on, through all the gathering years, Still gleams the loveliness, though seen Through dusks of loss and mists of tears That vainly intervene.

Time stints us not of lovely things— Old Age hath still a treasure-store,— The loveliness of songs and wings And voices on before.—

And—loveliness beyond all grace
Of lovely words to say or sing,—
The loveliness of Hope's fair face
Forever brightening.

A PARTING GUEST

WHAT delightful hosts are they—
Life and Love!
Lingeringly I turn away,
This late hour, yet glad enough
They have not withheld from me
Their high hospitality.
So, with face lit with delight
And all gratitude, I stay
Yet to press their hands and say,
"Thanks.—So fine a time! Good night."

"OUT OF REACH"

YOU think them "out of reach," your dead?
Nay, by my own dead, I deny
Your "out of reach."—Be comforted:
"Tis not so far to die.

O by their dear remembered smiles
And outheld hands and welcoming speech,
They wait for us, thousands of miles
This side of "out of reach."

MY FOE

MY Foe? You name yourself, then,—I refuse
A term so dark to designate you by.
To me you are most kind and true; and I
Am grateful as the dust is for the dews
That brim the dusk, and falter, drip and coze
From the dear darkness of the summer sky.
Vex not yourself for lack of moan or cry
Of mine. Not any harm, nor ache nor bruise
Could reach my soul through any stroke you fain
Might launch upon me,—it were as the lance
Even of the lightning did it leap to rend
A ray of sunshine—'twould recoil again.
So, blessing you, with pitying countenance,
I wave a hand to you, my helpless friend.

SOME IMITATIONS

Ι

POMONA

(Madison Cawein)

OH, the golden afternoon!—
Like a ripened summer day
That had fallen oversoon
In the weedy orchard-way—
As an apple, ripe in June.

He had left his fishrod leant
O'er the footlog by the spring—
Clomb the hill-path's high ascent,
Whence a voice, down showering,
Lured him, wondering as he went.

Not the voice of bee nor bird,
Nay, nor voice of man nor child,
Nor the creek's shoal-alto heard
Rient with morbiling assess and wild

'Twas a goddess! As the air Swirled to eddying silence, he Glimpsed about him, half aware Of some subtle sorcery Woven round him everywhere.

Suavest slopes of pleasaunce, sown
With long lines of fruited trees
Weighed o'er grasses all unmown
But by scythings of the breeze
In prone swaths that flashed and shone

Like silk locks of Faunus sleeked
This, that way, and contrawise,
Through whose bredes ambrosial leaked
Oily amber sheens and dyes,
Starred with petals purple-freaked.

Here the bellflower swayed and swung, Greenly belfried high amid Thick leaves in whose covert sung Hermit-thrush, or katydid, Or the glowworm nightly clung.

Here the damson, peach and pear; There the plum, in Tyrian tints, Like great grapes in clusters rare; And the metal-heavy quince Like a plummet dangled there. All ethereal, yet all
Most material,—a theme
Of some fabled festival—
Save the fair face of his dream
Smiling o'er the orchard wall.

II

THE PASSING OF A ZEPHYR

(Sidney Lanier)

UP from, and out of, and over the opulent woods and the plains,

Lo! I leap nakedly loose, as the nudest of gods might choose,

For to dash me away through the morning dews And the rathe Spring rains—

Pat and pet the little green leaves of the trees and the grass,

Till they seem to linger and cling, as I pass,

And are touched to delicate contemporaneous tears of the rain and the dew,

That lure mine eyes to weeping likewise, and to laughter, too:

For I am become as the balmiest, stormiest zephyr of Spring,

With manifold beads of the marvelous dew and the rain to string

On the bended strands of the blossoms, blown And tossed and tousled and overthrown.

And shifted and whirled, and lifted unfurled
In the victory of the blossoming
Of the flags of the flowery world.
Yea, and behold! and a riotous zephyr, at last,
I subside; I abate; I pass by; I am past.
And the small, hoarse bass of the bumblebee
Is my requiem-psalm,
And I fling me down to a listless, loitering, long eternity
Of amiable calm.

III

EF UNCLE REMUS PLEASE TER SCUSEN ME

(Joel Chandler Harris)

DEY wunce wuz er time which I gwineter tell you 'bout it—

An' it's easy ter believe it sho'ly ez it is ter do

An' it's easy ter believe it sho'ly ez it is ter doubt it!—

So des you pick yer "ruthers" whilse I tell how ole Br'er Rabbit

Wunce know de time when he git de fightin' habit. Co'se he ain't no bragger, des a-rippin' an' a-rarin'

EFUNCLE REMUSPLEASE TER'SCUSEN ME DEY wence way Extinue which I grineter tell you'don't it And it's easy ter believe it sholy as it is ter doubt it So drs you pick yer "ruthers" whilse I till how on Brer Rabbit Wuner Know de time when he get de fighting habit. Conse he aint no bragger, des a=rippin' an' a=rarin' An' a darin' all de brestus an' a-dis a double = darin' Sich as Mr. Jonus Lion, Er Sir Mr. Trister Tagger, Er Sister Histopotoson, Er Airt Ferfinny Jagger! Titzdes de samezhe bayin' how an' know he got de musch What sho'ter sprise mos' any size what crowd'in for a tussle . But speshully he'spise de Daury, an' sight er our des make'im Terget hissel an' run'em down an' grab'em up an' share 'em! An, mo in dat, of trought for de Dang-law den agin it, He'd do a shift off Evy Dang dats chaoin' him die minute! Jours ever loyally and lovingly comment. But speshully he 'spise de Dawg, an' sight er one des make 'im

Fergit hisse'f an' run 'em down an' grab 'em up an' shake 'em!—

An', mo' 'n dat, ef 'twuzn't fer de Dawg-law den ag'in' it,

He'd des a-kilt off ev'y Dawg dat's chasin' him dis minute!

IV

A RHYME FOR CHRISTMAS

TF Browning only were here, I This yule-ish time o' the year— This mule-ish time o' the year. Stubbornly still refusing To add to the rhymes we've been using Since the first Christmas-glee (One might say) chantingly Rendered by rudest hinds Of the pelt-clad shepherding kinds Who didn't know Song from b-U-double-l's-foot !--pah !--(Haply the old Egyptian ptah— Though I'd hardly wager a baw-Bee-or a bumble, for that-And that's flat!) . . . But the thing that I want to get at Is a rhyme for Christmas—

Senses until one may hear them gnar— And the terminal, too, for mas is mus, So that will not do for us. Try for it—sigh for it—cry for it—die for it! O but if Browning were here to apply for it, He'd rhyme you Christmas-He'd make a mist pass Over—something o' ruther— Or find you the rhyme's very brother In lovers that kissed fast To baffle the moon—as he'd lose the t-final In fas-t as it blended with to (mark the spinal Elision—tip-clipt as exquisitely nicely And hyper-exactingly sliced to precisely The extremest technical need): Or he'd twist glass, Or he'd have a kissed lass. Or shake 'neath our noses some great giant fistmass-

No matter! If Robert were here, he could do it, Though it took us till Christmas next year to see through it.

V

VAUDEVILLE SKITS

I

SERENADE AT THE CABIN

Oh, my little Sadie Sue, I's a-serenadin' you-

Below your winder's mohnin'-glory-vine.

Your good ole mammy's gyarden is, fer shore, a ha'nted place,

Dis midnight whilse I's cropin' 'mongst de bloom; Yit de moon dah 'bove de chimbly ain' no fairer dan de face

What's hidin' 'hind de curtain o' your room.

Chorus

Den wake, my colored blonde with eyes o' blue,
An' lips ez red ez roses renshed with dew;
Yo' hair ez fair an' fine
Ez de skeins o' June sunshine,
My little, light-complected Sadie Sue!

In de "Gran's" old dinin'-hall, playin' fer de White Folk's ball,

I watch deir pick o' ladies ez dey glide,

An' says I, "My Sadie Sue she 'ud shorely best you all

Ef she 'uz here a-waltzin' by my side!"

Den I laugh all to myse'f-like, ez I swipe de twangin' strings

An' shat mer area in amountant deceme a' era-

Chorus

Den wake, my colored blonde with eyes o' blue,
An' lips ez red ez roses renshed with dew;
Yo' hair ez fair an' fine
Ez de skeins o' June sunshine,
My little, light-complected Sadie Sue!

2

CHUCK'S HOODOOS

Chuck's allus had de Hoodoos bad!—
Do what he kin to lose 'em,
Dey track dat coon, by sun er moon,
Des like dey cain't uxcuse 'im!
An' more he gyaurd 'em off, more hard
Hit 'pear-like dat they press 'im—
De onliest luck dey 'low ole Chuck
Is dis enough to 'stress 'im!

He taken care—no matter where

He's walkin' 'long de street an'
See any ladder leanin' there,
Er cross-eyed man he's meetin'—
Dat eye o' his ketch wher' dey is,
An', quick as "scat," Chuck's hittin'
De curb outside, an' watch wile-eyed
Fust lef'-han' place to spit in!

He' got toenails o' bats; an' snails
Shet hot in deir shell-houses
Wid sealin'-wax; an' little backs
O' turkles in his trouse's:
A moleskin-pu's'; an' possum's han'—
Des ever' charm an' wonder—
An' barber-chair o' shore hosshair—
An' hoss-shoe hangin' under!

"An' yit," says Chuck, "I got no luck:—
De Hoodoos still a-bafflin'
Dis po' ole saint what knows he ain't—
'Twix' shootin' craps an' rafflin'!
No overcoat—ner underwear,—
Right on de aidge o' winter
I's up aginst de wust layout
Dey's ever got me inter!"

THE ROSE-LADY

TO THE ROSES

I DREAM that you are kisses Allah sent
In forms material, that all the earth
May taste of you and guess of Heaven's worth,
Since it can waste such sweetness with content,—
Seeing you showered o'er the Battlement—
By Angel-hands plucked ripe from lips of mirth
And flung in lavish clusters, yet no dearth
Of rapture for the Anthem! . . . I have bent
Above you, nestled in some low retreat,
Pressing your velvet mouths against the dust,
And, ever nurturing this old conceit,
Have lifted up your lips in perfect trust
Against my mouth, nor found them the less sweet

A HOOSIER CALENDAR

JANUARY

BLEAK January! Cold as fate,
And ever colder—ever keener—
Our very hair cut while we wait
By winds that clip it ever cleaner:
Cold as a miser's buried gold,
Or nether-deeps of old tradition—
Jeems January! you're a cold
Proposition!

FEBRUARY

You, February,—seem to be
Old January's understudy,
But play the part too vaudeville-y,—
With wind too moist and snow too muddy—
You overfreeze and overthaw—
Your "Hos'ler Jo"-like recitation
But hints that you're, at best, a raw
Imitation,

MARCH

And, March, you've got no friends to spare-

You are a month, too, of complex Perversities beyond solution— A sort o' "loveliest of your sex" Institution!

APRIL

But, 'April, when you kind o' come
A-sa'nterin' down along our roadway,
The bars is down, and we're at home,
And you're as welcome as a show-day!
First thing we know, the sunshine falls
Spring-like, and drenches all Creation
With that-'ere ba'm the poets calls
"Inspiration."

MAY

'And May!—It's warmin' jest to see
The crick thawed clear ag'in and dancin'—
'Pear-like it's tickled 'most as me
A-prancin' 'crosst it with my pants on!
And then to hear the bluebird whet
His old song up and lance it through you,
Clean through the boy's heart beatin' yet—
Hallylooya!

JUNE

June-'Ll, I jest git doped on June!-

In country,—stars and whipperwills;
In town,—all night the boys invadin'
Leadin' citizens' winder-sills,
Sair-a-nadin'.

TULY

Fish still a-bitin'—some; but 'most
Too hot fer anything but layin'
Jest do-less like, and watchin' clos't
The treetops and the squirrels playin'—
Their tail-tips switched 'bove knot and limb,
But keepin' most in sequestration—
Leavin' a big part to the imMagination.

AUGUST

Now when it's August—I can tell
It by a hundred signs and over;—
They is a mixed ripe-apple-smell
And mashed-down grass and musty clover;
Bees is as lazy 'most as me—
Bee-bird eats 'em—gap's his wings out
So lazy 'at I don't think he
Spits their stings out!

SEPTEMBER

September, you appeal to all,

As pigs is, slopped on buttermilk
And brand, shipstuff and 'tater-peelin's—
And folks, too, feelin' fine as silk
With all their feelin's!

OCTOBER

If I'd be'n asked for my advice,
And thought the thing out, ca'm and sober—
Sizin' the months all once or twice,—
I'd la'nch'd the year out with October. . . .
All Nature then jest veiled and dressed
In weddin' gyarments, ornamented
With ripe-fruit-gems—and kissin' jest
New-invented!

NOVEMBER

I'm 'feared November's hopes is few
And far between!—Cold as a MondayWashday, er a lodge-man who
You' got to pallbear for on Sunday;
Colder and colder every day—
The fixed official time for sighin',—
A sinkin' state you jest can't stay
In, or die in!

DECEMBER

And so, for all its coldest truths
And chill, goose-pimpled imperfections,
It wads our lank old socks with Youth's
Recollections.

THE LITTLE WOMAN

MY little woman, of you I sing
With a fervor all divine,—
For I know the clasp of the hands that cling
So closely here in mine.

Though the rosy palms I used to press Are faded and worn with care, And tremulous is the old caress That nestles in my hair,—

Your heart to me is a changeless page; I have read it bit by bit, From the dawn of love to the dusk of age,— And the tale is Holy Writ.

Fold your eyes,—for the twilight bends
As a mother o'er her child—
Even as when, in the long-lost Then,
You bent o'er ours and smiled. . . .

(Nay, but I spoke all unaware! See! I am kneeling, too, But O little woman, I often grieve,
As I think of the vanished years
And trace the course of the cares that leave
Your features dim with tears:

I often grieve, for the frowns I wore
When the world seemed all untrue,—
When my hard, proud heart was sick and
sore
And would not come to you!

I often grieve, as I hold your hand— As I hold your hand to-night,— That it takes so long to understand The lesson of love aright!

But sing the song that I taught you once, Dear little woman, as then Away far back in the golden months:— Sing me the song again!

For, as under the stars we loved of yore When the nights of love were long, Your poor, pale lips grow glad once more And I kiss them into song:—

And O her eyes, they are spheres of light— So brighter than stars are they, The brightest day is the darkest night When my little woman's away.

For my little woman has ever a tear And a sigh when I am sad; And I have a thousand smiles for her When my little woman is glad.

But my little woman is strong and brave, For all of her tears and sighs, Her stanch little heart knows how to behave Whenever the storms arise.

My little woman, of you I sing
With a fervor all divine,—
For I know the clasp of the hands that cling
So closely here in mine.

WHAT TITLE?

WHAT title best befits the man
We hold our first American?
Or Statesman; Soldier; Hero; Chief,
Whose Country is his first belief:
Or sanest, safest Leader; or
True Patriot; or Orator,
Heard still at Inspiration's height,
Because he speaks for truth and right;
Or shall his people be content
With Our Republic's President,
Or trust his ringing worth to live
In song as Chief Executive?
Nay—his the simplest name—though set
Upon him like a coronet,—
God names our first American
The highest, noblest name—The Man.

YOU MAY NOT REMEMBER

In the deep grave's charmed chamber, Lying tranced in breathless slumber, You may haply not remember.

YOU may not remember whether
It was Spring or Summer weather;
But I know—we two together
At the dim end of the day—
How the fireflies in the twilight
Drifted by like flakes of starlight,
Till o'er floods of flashing moonlight
They were wave-like swept away.

You may not remember any
Word of mine of all the many
Poured out for you there, though then a
Soul inspired spake my love;—
But I knew—and still review it,
All my passion, as with awe it
Welled in speech as from a poet
Gifted of the gods above.

May not even dream—O can't you?—
That I kneel here—weep here—want you—
Feign me in your grave, to haunt you,
Since you come not back to me!

Vain! ah, vain is all my yearning
As the West's last embers burning
Into ashes, slowly turning
Ever to a denser gray!—
While the fireflies in the twilight
Drift about like flakes of starlight,
Till o'er wastes of wannest moonlight
They are wave-like swept away.

THE REST

V. K.—NATURALIST

HE rests at last, as on the mother-breast
The playworn child at evening lies at rest,—
For he, a buoyant child, in veriest truth,
Has looked on life with eyes of changeless youth:—
Has loved our green old earth here from the hour
Of his first memory of bud and flower—
Of morning's grassy lawns and dewy trees
And orchard-blossoms, singing birds and bees:

When all the world about him was a land Elysian, with the mother near at hand:
With steadfast gaze of wonder and delight
He marked the miracles of day and night:—
Beheld the kingly sun, in dazzling reign
By day; and, with her glittering, glimmering train
Of stars, he saw the queenly moon possess
Her throne in midmost midnight's mightiness.

His love dipped even to the glossy things That walked the waters and forgot their wings In sheer insanity of some delight Known but to that ecstatic parasite.

It was enough, thus childishly to sense All works—since worthy of Omnipotence—As worshipful: Therefor, as any child, He knelt in tenderness of tears, or smiled His gratefulness, as to a playmate glad To share His pleasures with a poorer lad. And so he lived: And so he died?—Ah, no, We'll not believe that till he tells us so.

WE MUST BELIEVE

Lord, I believe: help Thou mine unbelief.

I

WE must believe—

Being from birth endowed with love and trust—

Born unto loving;—and how simply just
That love—that faith!—even in the blossom-face
The babe drops dreamward in its resting-place,
Intuitively conscious of the sure

Awakening to rapture ever pure
And sweet and saintly as the mother's own
Or the awed father's, as his arms are thrown
O'er wife and child, to round about them weave

And wind and bind them as one harvest-sheaf Of love—to cleave to, and forever cleave. . . .

Lord, I believe:

Help Thou mine unbelief.

II

We must believe-

Its blest assurance, in the stars of night:— The ever-dawning of the dark to light;-The tears down-falling from all eyes that grieve-The eyes uplifting from all deeps of grief, Yearning for what at last we shall receive. . . Lord, I believe:

Help Thou mine unbelief.

TIT

We must believe:

For still all unappeased our hunger goes. From life's first waking, to its last repose: The briefest life of any babe, or man Outwearing even the allotted span, Is each a life unfinished—incomplete: For these, then, of th' outworn, or unworn feet Denied one toddling step-O there must be Some fair, green, flowery pathway endlessly Winding through lands Elysian! Lord, receive And lead each as Thine Own Child-even the Chief

Of us who didst Immortal life achieve. . Lord, I believe:

Help Thou mine unbelief.

THE HIRED MAN'S DOG-STORY

Twa dogs that were na thrang at hame Forgather'd ance upon a time.

-Burns

DOGS, I contend, is jes' about
Nigh human—git 'em studied out.
I hold, like us, they've got their own
Reasonin' powers 'at's theirs alone—
Same as their tricks and habits too,
Provin', by lots o' things they do,
That instinct's not the only thing
That dogs is governed by, i jing!—
And I'll say furder, on that line,
And prove it, that they's dogs a-plenty
Will show intelligence as fine
As ary ten men out o' twenty!

Jevver investigate the way
Sheep-killin' dogs goes at it—hey?
Well, you dig up the facts and you
Will find, first thing, they's always two
Dogs goes together on that spree
O' blood and puore dog-deviltry!
And, then, they always go at night—

Mind ye, it's never in daylight,
When folks is up and wide awake,—
No self-respectin' dogs'll make
Mistakes o' judgment on that score,—
And I've knowed fifty head or more
O' slaughtered sheep found in the lot,
Next morning the old farmer got
His folks up and went out to feed,—
And every livin' soul agreed
That all night long they never heerd
The bark o' dog ner bleat o' skeered
And racin', tromplin' flock o' sheep
A-skallyhootin' roun' the pastur',
To rouse 'em from their peaceful sleep
To that heart-renderin' disaster!

Well, now, they's actchul evidence In all these facts set forth; and hence When, by like facts, it has been foun' That these two dogs—colloguin' roun' At night as thick as thieves—by day Don't go together anyway, And, 'pearantly, hain't never met Each other; and the facts is set On record furder, that these smart Old pards in crime lives miles apart—

As you nickname us thataway.

Well, now!—these is the facts I' got

(And, mind ye, these is facts—not

guesses)

To argy on, concernin' what Fine reasonin' powers dogs p'sesses.

My idy is,-the dog lives in The town, we'll say, runs up ag'in The country-dog, some Saturday, Under a' old farm-wagon, say, Down at the Court-house hitchin'-rack.— Both lifts the bristles on their back And show their teeth and growl as though They meant it pleasant-like and low, In case the fight hangs fire. And they Both wag then in a friendly way, The town-dog sayin':--"Seems to me, Last Dimocratic jubilee. I seen you here in town somewhere?" The country-dog says: "Right you air! And right here's where you seen me, too, Under this wagon, watchin' you!" "Yes," says the town-dog,—"and I thought We'd both bear watchin', like as not." And as he vawns and looks away.

A Mill Crick dog, a mile er two From old Chape Clayton's stock-farm—say?" "Who told you?" says the jay-dog-"hey?" And looks up, real su'prised. "I quessed." The town-dog says-"You tell the rest.-How's old Chape's mutton, anyhow?— How many of 'em's ready now-How many of 'em's ripe enough fer use, And how's the hot, red, rosy juice?" "'Mm!" says the country-dog, "I think I sort o' see a little blink O' what you mean." And then he stops And turns and looks up street and lops His old wet tongue out, and says he, Lickin' his lips, all slobbery, "Ad-drat my melts! you're jes' my man!— I'll trust you, 'cause I know I can!" And then he says, "I'll tell you jes' How things is, and Chape's carelessness About his sheep,—fer instance, say, To-morry Chapes'll all be 'way To Sund'y-meetin'—and ag'in At night." "At night? That lets us in !-'Better the day' "—the town-dog says— "'Better the deed.' We'll pray; Lord, yes!-May the outpourin' grace be shed Abroad, and all hearts comforted Accordin' to their lights!" says he. "And that, of course, means you and me." And then they both snarled, low and quietSwore where they'd meet. And both stood by it!

Jes' half-past eight on Sund'y night, Them two dogs meets,—the town-dog, light O' foot, though five mile' he had spanned O' field, beech-wood and bottom-land. But, as books says,—we draw a veil Over this chapter of the tale! . . . Yit when them two infernal, mean, Low, orn'ry whelps has left the scene O' carnage—chased and putt to death The last pore sheep,—they've yit got breath Enough to laugh and joke about The fun they've had, while they sneak out The woods-way fer the old crick where They both plunge in and wash their hair And rench their bloody mouths, and grin, As each one skulks off home ag'in-Jes' innardly too proud and glad

To keep theirselves from kind o' struttin', Thinkin' about the fun they'd had— When their blame wizzens needed cuttin'!

Dogs is deliber't.—They can bide
Their time till s'picions all has died.
The country-dog don't 'pear to care
Fer town no more,—he's off somewhere
When the folks whistles, as they head
The team t'ards town. As I jes' said,—
Dogs is deliber't, don't forgit!

So this-here dog he's got the grit To jes' deprive hisse'f o' town For 'bout three weeks. But time rolls roun'! . . .

Same as they first met:—Saturday—
Same Court-house—hitch-rack—and same
way

The team wuz hitched—same wagon where The same jay-dog growls under there When same town-dog comes loafin' by, With the most innocentest eye And giner'l meek and lowly style, As though he'd never cracked a smile In all his mortal days!—And both Them dogs is strangers, you'd take oath!—Both keeps a-lookin' sharp, to see If folks is watchin'—jes' the way They acted that first Saturday

They talked so confidentchully.

"Well"—says the town-dog, in a low And careless tone—"Well, whatch you know?"

"'Know?'" says the country-dog—"Lots more

Than some smart people knows—that's shore!"

And then, in his dog-language, he Explains how slick he had to be When some suspicious folks come roun' A-tryin' to track and run him down—Like he'd had anything to do

With killin' over fifty head
O' sheep! "Jes' think!—and me"—he said,
"And me as innocent as you,
That very hour, five mile' away
In this town like you air to-day!"
"Ah!" says the town-dog, "there's the beauty
O' bein' prepared for what may be,
And washin' when you've done your duty!—
No stain o' blood on you er me
Ner wool in our teeth!—Then," says he,
"When wicked man has wronged us so,
We ort to learn to be forgivin'—
Half the world, of course, don't know
How the other gits its livin'!"

PERVERSITY

YOU have more'n likely noticed, When you didn't when you could, That jes' the thing you didn't do Was jes' the thing you should.

HER POET-BROTHER

OH! what ef little childerns all
Wuz big as parunts is!
Nen I'd join pa's Masonic Hall
An' wear gold things like his!
An' you'd "receive," like ma, an' be
My "hostuss"—An', gee-whizz!
We'd alluz have ice-cream, ef we
Wuz big as parunts is!

Wiv all the money mens is got—
We'd buy a Store wiv that,—
Ist candy, pies an' cakes, an' not
No drygoods—'cept a hatAn'-plume fer you—an' "plug" fer me,
An' clothes like ma's an' his,
'At on'y ist fit us—ef we
Wuz big as parunts is!

An'—ef we had a little boy
An' girl like me an' you,—
Our Store'd keep ever' kind o' toy
They'd ever want us to!—

We'd hire "Old Kriss" to 'tend to be
The boss of all the biz
An' ist "charge" ever'thing—ef we
Wuz big as parunts is!

GRAMPA'S CHOICE

FIRST and best of earthly joys, I like little girls and boys: Which of all do I like best? Why, the one that's happiest.

A LITTLE LAME BOY'S VIEWS

N 'Scursion-days—an' Shows—an' Fairs— They ain't no bad folks anywheres!— On street-cars—same as you— Seems like somebody allus sees I'm lame, an' takes me on their knees, An' holds my crutches, too— An' asts me what's my name, an' pays My fare theirse'f—On all Big Days!

The mob all scrowdges you an' makes
Enough o' bluffs, fer goodness-sakes!

But none of 'em ain't mad—
They're only lettin' on.—I know;—
An' I can tell you why it's so:

They're all of 'em too glad—
They're ever' one, jes' glad as me
To be there, er they wouldn't be!

The man that sells the tickets snoops
My "one-er" in, but sort o' stoops
An' grins out at me—then
Looks mean an' business-like an' sucks
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His big mustache at me an' chucks
Too much change out again.—
He's a smooth citizen, an' yit
He don't fool me one little bit!

An' then, inside—fer all the jam—
Folks, seems-like, all knows who I am,
An' tips me nods an' winks;
An' even country-folks has made
Me he'p eat pie an' marmalade,
With bottled milk fer "drinks"!—
Folks all's so good to me that I—
Sometimes—I nearly purt' near' cry.

An' all the kids, high-toned er pore,

Seems better than they wuz before,
An' wants to kind o' "stand

In" with a feller—see him through

The free lay-out an' sideshows, too,
An' do the bloomin' "grand"!

On 'Scursion-days—an' Shows an' Fairs—

They ain't no bad folks anywheres!

A VERY TALL BOY

THE ONE LONE LIMERICK OF UNCLE SIDNEY'S

SOME credulous chroniclers tell us
Of a very tall youngster named Ellis,
Whose Pa said, "Ma-ri-er,
If Bubb grows much higher,
He'll have to be trained up a trellis."

THE RAGGEDY MAN ON CHILDREN

CHILDERN—take 'em as they run—You kin bet on, ev'ry one!—
Treat 'em right and reco'nize
Human souls is all one size.

Jevver think?—the world's best men Wears the same souls they had when They run barefoot—'way back where All these little children air.

Heerd a boy, not long ago, Say his parents sassed him so, He'd correct 'em, ef he could,— Then be good ef they'd be good.

'LIZABUTH-ANN ON BAKIN'-DAY

OUR Hired Girl, when it's bakin'-day
She's out o' patience allus,
An' tells us "Hike outdoors an' play,
An' when the cookies's done," she'll say,
"Land sake! she'll come an' call us!"
An' when the little doughbowl's all
Ist heapin'-full, she'll come an' call—
Nen say, "She ruther take a switchin'
Than have a pack o' pesky childern
Trackin' round the kitchen!"

GOLDIE GOODWIN

MY old Uncle Sidney he says it's a sign
All over the Worl', an' ten times out of nine,
He can tell by the name of a child ef the same
Is a good er bad youngun—ist knows by their
name!—

So he says, "It's the vurry best sign in the Worl' That Goldie Goodwin is a good little girl,"—

An' says, "First she's gold—then she's good—an' behold,

Good's 'bout 'leventy-hunnerd times better than gold!'

SYMPTOMS

I'M not a-workin' now!—
I'm jes' a-layin' round
A-lettin' other people plow.—
I'm cumberin' the ground! . . .
I jes' don't keer!—I've done my sheer
O' sweatin'!—Anyhow,
In this dad-blasted weather here,
I'm not a-workin' now!

The corn and wheat and all
Is doin' well enough!—
They' got clean on from now tel Fall
To show what kind o' stuff
'At's in their own dad-burn backbone;
So, while the Scriptur's 'low
Man ort to reap as he have sown—
I'm not a-workin' now!

The grass en-nunder theseHere ellums 'long "Old Blue,"
And shadders o' the sugar-trees,
Beats farmin' quite a few!
As feller says,—I ruther guess
I'll make my comp'ny bow
And snooze a few hours—more er less.—
I'm not a-workin' now!

BUB SAYS

THE moon in the sky is a custard-pie,
An' the clouds is the cream pour'd o'er it,
An' all o' the glittering stars in the sky
Is the powdered sugar for it.

Johnts—he's proudest boy in town—'Cause his Mommy she cut down His Pa's pants fer Johnts—an' there Is 'nuff left fer 'nother pair!

One time, when her Ma was gone, Little Elsie she put on All her Ma's fine clothes—an' black Grow-grain-silk, an' sealskin-sack; Nen while she wuz flouncin' out In the hall an' round about, Who's there at the door—an' saw Mighty quick at wuz her Ma. But ef she ain't saw at all, She'd a-knowed her parasol!

Gran'pas an' Gran'mas is funniest folks!—Don't be jolly, ner tell no jokes,
Tell o' the weather an' frost an' snow
O' that cold New Year's o' long ago;
An' then they sigh at each other an' cough
An' talk about suddently droppin' off.

THE POOR STUDENT

WITH song elate we celebrate
The struggling Student wight,
Who seeketh still to pack his pate
With treasures erudite;
Who keepeth guard and watch and ward
O'er every hour of day,
Nor less to slight the hours of night,
He watchful is alway.

Though poor in pence, a wealth of sense
He storeth in excess—
With poverty in opulence,
His needs wax never less.
His goods are few,—a shelf or two
Of classics, and a chair—
A banjo—with a bird's-eye view
Of back-lots everywhere.

In midnight gloom, shut in his room,

And yet, despite or wrong or right, He nurtureth a ban,— He hath the stanchless appetite Of any hirèd man.

On Jason's fleece and storied Greece
He feeds his hungry mind;
Then stuffs himself like a valise
With "eats" of any kind:
With kings he feigns he feasts, and drains
The wines of ages gone—
Then husks a herring's cold remains
And turns the hydrant on.

In Trojan mail he fronts the gale
Of ancient battle-rout,
When, 'las the hour! his pipe must fail,
And his last "snipe" smush out—
Nor pauses he, unless it be
To quote some cryptic scroll
And poise a sardine pensively
O'er his immortal soul.

UNCLE SIDNEY'S RHYMES

LITTLE Rapacity Greed was a glutton:
He'd eat any meat, from goose-livers to
mutton;

All fowl, flesh, or sausage with all savors through it—

You never saw sausage stuffed as he could do it! His nice mamma owned, "O he eats as none other Than animal kind"; and his bright little brother Sighed, pained to admit a phrase non-eulogistic, "Rap eats like a—pardon me—Cannibalistic." "He eats—like a boor," said his sister—"a shameless Plebeian, in sooth, of an ancestry nameless!" "He eats," moaned his father, despairingly placid And hopeless,—"he eats like—he eats like an acid!"

"BLUE-MONDAY" AT THE SHOE SHOP

IN THE EARLY SEVENTIES

H, if we had a rich boss
Who liked to have us rest,
With a dime's lift for a benchmate
Financially distressed,—
A boss that's been a "jour." himself
And ain't forgot the pain
Of restin' one day in the week,
Then back to work againe!

Chorus

Ho, it's hard times together,
We've had 'em, you and I,
In all kinds of weather,
Let it be wet or dry;
But I'm bound to earn my livelihood
Or lay me down and die!

Poverty compels me

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The sad wail of hunger
It would drive me insane,
If it wasn't for Blue-Monday
When I git to work againe!

Chorus

Ho, it's hard times together,
We've had 'em, you and I,
In all kinds of weather,
Let it be wet or dry;
But I'm bound to earn my livelihood
Or lay me down and die!

Then it's stoke up the stove, Boss,
And drive off the damps:
Cut out me tops, Boss,
And lend me your clamps;—
Pass us your tobacky
Till I give me pipe a start.
Lor', Boss! how we love ye
For your warm kynd heart!

Chorus

Ho, it's hard times together,
We've had 'em, you and I,
In all kinds of weather,
Let it be wet or dry;

THE THOUGHTS OF YOUTH

THE BOYS'

THE lisping maid,
In shine and shade
Half elfin and half human,
We love as such—
Yet twice as much
Will she be loved as woman.

THE GIRLS'

The boy we see,
Of two or three—
Or even as a baby,
We love to kiss
For what he is,
Yet more for what he may be.

O. HENRY

WRITTEN IN THE CHARACTER OF SHERRARD PLUMMER

OHENRY, Afrite-chef of all delight!—
Of all delectables conglomerate
That stay the starved brain and rejuvenate
The mental man. Th' esthetic appetite—
So long anhungered that its "in'ards" fight
And growl gutwise,—its pangs thou dost
abate

And all so amiably alleviate,
Joy pats its belly as a hobo might
Who haply hath attained a cherry pie
With no burnt bottom in it, ner no seeds—
Nothin' but crispest crust, and thickness
fit,

And squshin'-juicy, and jes' mighty nigh
Too dratted drippin'-sweet fer human needs,

WILLIAM McKINLEY

CANTON, OHIO, SEPTEMBER 30, 1907

HE said: "It is God's way:
His will, not ours be done."
And o'er our land a shadow lay
That darkened all the sun.
The voice of jubilee
That gladdened all the air,
Fell sudden to a quavering key
Of suppliance and prayer.

He was our chief—our guide—
Sprung of our common Earth,
From youth's long struggle proved and
tried

To manhood's highest worth:
Through toil, he knew all needs
Of all his toiling kind—
The favored striver who succeeds—
The one who falls behind.

The how's wound faith he start

The harvest of man's love—
A nation's joy that swells
To heights of Song, or deeps whereof
But sacred silence tells.

To him his Country seemed
Even as a Mother, where
He rested—slept; and once he dreamed—
As on her bosom there—
And thrilled to hear, within
That dream of her, the call
Of bugles and the clang and din
Of war. . . . And o'er it all

His rapt eyes caught the bright
Old Banner, winging wild
And beck'ning him, as to the fight . . .
When—even as a child—
He wakened—And the dream
Was real! And he leapt
As led the proud Flag through a gleam
Of tears the Mother wept.

His was a tender hand— Even as a woman's is—

"MOTHER"

I'M gittin' old—I know,—
It seems so long ago—
So long sence John was here!
He went so young!—our Jim
'S as old now 'most as him,—
Close on to thirty year'!

I know I'm gittin' old—
I know it by the cold,
From time 'at first frost flies.—
Seems like—sence John was here—
Winters is more severe;
And winter I de-spise!

And yet it seems, some days,

John's here, with his odd ways . . .

Comes soon-like from the corn-

When Jim come—La! how good Was all the neighborhood!—
And Doctor!—when I heerd Him joke John, kind o' low,
And say: Yes, folks could go—
PA needn't be afeard!

When Jim come,—John says-'e—A-bendin' over me
And baby in the bed—
And jes' us three,—says-'e
"Our little family!"
And that was all he said . . .

And cried jes' like a child!—
Kissed me again, and smiled,—
'Cause I was cryin' too.
And here I am again
A-cryin', same as then—
Yet happy through and through!

The old home's most in mind
And joys long left behind . . .
Jim's little h'istin' crawl
Acrost the floor to where

I cry so easy now—
I cry jes' anyhow
The fool-tears wants me to!

But Jim he won't be told
'At "Mother" 's gittin' old! . . .

Hugged me, he did, and smiled
This morning, and bragged "shore"
He loved me even more
Than when he was a child!

That's his way; but ef John
Was here now, lookin' on,
He'd shorely know and see:
"But, 'Mother,'" s'pect he'd say,
"S'pose you air gittin' gray,
You're younger yet than me!"

I'm gittin' old,—because
Our young days, like they was,
Keeps comin' back—so clear,
'At little Jim, once more,
Comes h'istin' crost the floor
Fer John's old rockin'-cheer!

O beautiful!—to be
'A-gittin' old, like me! . . .

Hey, Jim! Come in now, Jim!
Your supper's ready, dear!
(How more, every year,

He looks and acts like him!)

THE BOYS OF THE OLD GLEE CLUB

YOU-FOLKS rickollect, I know—
'Tain't so very long ago—
Th' Old Glee Club—was got up here
'Bout first term Grant tuk the Cheer
Fer President four year—and then
Riz—and tuk the thing again!
Politics was runnin' high,
And the Soldiers mighty nigh
Swep' the Country—'bout on par
With their rickord through the War.
Glee Club, mainly, Soldiers, too—
Most the Boys had wore the blue,—

They was jest boys then, all young-And bout lively as they sung! Now they hain't young any more-('Less the ones 'at's gone before 'S got their youth back, glad and free 'N' keerless as they used to be!) Burgess Brown's old friends all 'low He is 'most as lively now. And as full o' music, too, As when Old Glee Club was new! And John Blake, you mind, 'at had The near-sightedness so bad, When he sung by note, the rest Read 'em fer him, er he quessed How they run—and sung 'em. too. Clair and sweet as honey-dew! Harry Adams's here—and he's Jollyin' ever' man he sees 'At complains o' gittin' gray Er a-agein' anyway. Harry he jest thrives on fun-"Troubles?" he says,-"Nary one!-Got gran'-children I can play And keep young with, night and day!" Then there's Ozzy Weaver—he's Kickin', lively as you please,-'N' Dearie Macy.—Called 'em then "The Cherubs." Sung "We are two Men O' th' Olden Time." Well! their duets Was jest sweet as violets! And Dan Ransdell—he's still here—

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Not jest in the town, but near Enough, you bet, to allus come Prompt' on time to vote at home! Dan he's be'n in Washington Sence he went with Harrison. . . . And John Slauson—(Boys called John "Sloppy Weather.")—he went on Once to Washington; and Dan Intertained him: -Ever' man. From the President, to all Other big-guns Dan could haul In posish 'ud have to shake Hands with John fer old times' sake. And to hear John, when he got Home again, w'y, you'd 'a' caught His own sperit and dry fun And mis-chieve-y-ousness 'at run Through his talk of all he see:-"Ruther pokey there, fer me," John says,—"though, of course, I met Mostly jest the Cabinet Members; and the President He'd drop round: and then we went Incogg fer a quiet walk-Er sometimes jest set and talk 'Bout old times back here—and how All you-boys was doin' now,

'I'd shed Washington, D. C., And jest fall in ranks with you And march home, a-singin', too!" And Bob Geiger-Now lives down At Atlanty,-but this town 'S got Bob's heart—a permanent And time-honored resident. Then there's Mahlon Butler—still Lookin' like he allus will! "How you feelin'?" s'I, last time I see Mahlon: 'N' he says, "I'm 'Feelin'?' " says, "so peert and gay 'F I's hitched up I'd run away!" He says, "Course I'm bald a bit, But not 'nough to brag on it Like Dave Wallace does," he says, "With his two shamefacetedness!" (Dave jest laughs and lifts his "dice" At the joke, and blushes—twice.) And Ed. Thompson, he's gone on— They's a whole quartette 'at's gone— Yes, a whole quartette, and more, Has crossed on the Other Shore. . . . Sabold and Doc Wood'ard's gone-'N' Ward; and—last,—Will Tarkington.— Ward 'at made an Irish bull Actchully jest beautiful!— "'Big-nose Ben,' " says Ward, "I s'pose, Makes an eyesore of his nose!" And Will Tarkington-Ef he

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Ever had an *inemy*,
The Good Bein's plans has be'n
Tampered with!—because all men,
Women and childern—ever' one—
Loved to love Will Tarkington!

The last time I heerd 'em all Was at Tomilsonian Hall. As I rickollect—and know.— Must be'n fifteen year' ago!-Big Mass Meetin'—thousands here. . . . Old Dick Thompson in the Cheer On the stage—and three er four Other "Silver-Tongues" er more! . . . Mind Ben Harrison?—Clean, rich, Ringin' voice—"'bout concert-pitch," Tarkington he called it, and Said its music 'clipsed the band And Glee Club both rolled in one!-('Course you all knowed Harrison!)' Yes, and Old Flag, streamin' clean From the high arch 'bove the scene And each side the Speaker's stand.— And a Brass, and Sheepskin Band, ('Twixt the speeches 'at was made) 'At cut loose and banged and played— S'pose, to have the noise all through So's th' crowd could listen to

And sich singin'!—Boys was jest At their very level-best! . . . My! to hear 'em!-From old "Red-White-and-Blue," to "Uncle Ned"!-From "The Sword of Bunker Hill," To "Billy Magee-Magaw" !-- And-still The more they sung, the more, you know, The crowd jest wouldn't let 'em go!-Till they reached the final notch O' glory with old "Larboard Watch"! Well! that song's a song my soul Test swings off in, past control!— Allus did and allus will Lift me clair of earthly ill And interrogance and doubt O' what the good Lord's workin' out Anyway er anyhow! ... Shet my eyes and hear it now!— Till, at night, that ship and sea And wet waves jest wallers me Into that same sad yet glad Certainty the Sailor had When waked to his watch and ward By th' lone whisper of the Lord-Heerd high 'bove the hoarsest roar O' any storm on sea er shore!

Time's be'n clockin' on, you know! Sabold, who was first to go, Died back East, in ninety-three, At his old home, Albany:

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Ward was next to leave us—Died
New York. . . . How we've laughed and
cried

Both together at them two
Friends and comards tried and true!—
Ner they wasn't, when they died,
Parted long—'most side-by-side
They went singin', you might say,
Till their voices died away
Kind o' into a duet
O' silence they're rehearsin' yet.

Old Glee Club's be'n meetin' less And less frequenter, I guess, Sence so many's had to go-And the rest all miss 'em so! Still they's calls they' got to make, Fer old reputation's sake, So to speak; but, 'course, they all Can't jest answer ever call-'Ceptin' Christmas-times, er when Charity calls on 'em then; And-not chargin' anything-W'y, the Boys's jest got to sing! . . . Campaign work, and jubilees To wake up the primaries; Loyal Legions—G. A. R.'s— Big Reunions—Stripes-and-Stars Fer Schoolhouses ever'where— And Church-doin's, here and there-And Me-morial Meetin's, when

Our War-Gov'ner lives again! Yes, and Decoration Davs-Martial music-prayers and praise Fer the Boys 'at marched away So's we'd have a place to stay! . . . Little childern, 'mongst the flowers, Learnin' 'bout this Land of Ours. And the price these Soldiers paid, Gethered in their last parade. . . . O that sweetest, saddest sound!-"Tenting on the old Campground." . . . The Old Glee Club-singin' so Ouaverin'-like and soft and low. Ever' listener in the crowd Sings in whispers—but, out 'loud. Sings as ef he didn't keer-Not fer nothin'! . . . Ketch me here Whilse I'm honest, and I'll say God's way is the only way! . . . So I' allus felt, i jing! Ever' time the Boys 'ud sing 'Bout "A Thousand Years, my Own Columbia!"—er "The Joys we've Known"— "Hear dem Bells"-er "Hi-lo, Hail!"-I have felt God must prevail— Jest like ever boy 'at's gone Of 'em all, whilse he was on

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Can't I—many-a-time—jest see Them all, like they used to be!— Tarkington, fer instance, clean Outside o' the man you seen, Singin'-till not only you Heerd his voice but felt it, too, In back of the bench you set In—And 'most can feel it yet! Yes, and Will's the last o' five Now that's dead—yet still alive. True as Holy Writ's own word Has be'n spoke and man has heerd! Them was left when Will went on Has met once sence he was gone-Met jest once-but not to sing Ner to practise anything.— Facts is, they jest didn't know Why they was a-meetin' so:-But John Brush he had it done And invited ever' one Of 'em he could find, to call At his office. "Music Hall," Four o'clock-one Saturd'y Afternoon.—And this was three Er four weeks, mind, sence the day We had laid poor Will away.

But, when all got there, and one-By-one was give' a seat, and none O' Brush's twinkles seemed in sight, 'N' he looked biz all right, all right,-We saw-when he'd locked the door-What some of us, years before, Had seen, and long sence fergot-(Seen but not heerd, like as not.)— How Brush, once when Admiral Brown 'S back here in his old home-town And flags ever'wheres-and Old Glee Club tellin' George to "Hold The Fort!" and "We" would "make 'em flee By land and sea," et cetery,-How Brush had got the Boys to sing A song in that-there very thing Was on the table there to-day— Some kind o' 'phone, you know.—But say! When John touched it off, and we Heerd it singin'-No-sir-ee!-Not the machine a-singin'—No,— Th' Old Glee Club o' long ago! . . . There was Sabold's voice again— 'N' Ward's; -- and, sweet as summer-rain, With glad boy-laughture's trills and runs,

424 THE BOYS OF THE OLD GLEE CLUB

"But who can speak the joy he feels
While o'er the foam his vessel reels,
And his tired eyelids slumbering fall,
He rouses at the welcome call
Of 'Larboard Watch, Ahoy!'"
. And O
To hear them—same as long ago—
The listeners whispered, still as death,
With trembling lips and broken breath,
As with one voice—and eyes all wet,—
"God!—God!—Thank God, they're singing
yet!"

THE LITTLE MAN IN THE TINSHOP.

WHEN I was a little boy, long ago,

Find sporte of the theator has the show,

The first and that I want to see.

My there it was took we

My there of a course though he seemed to be

Ourse a boy — I loved him so!)

And the, how pleasant he made it all!

And the things he know that I should thous!

Of the stage, and the drup, and the prescored walls

The orchastra, with its welvedy.

The orchastra, with its welvedy.

And the list and jurgle and adobiles

Of The bittle Man in the Tinshop!

 $\mathsf{Digitized} \; \mathsf{by} \; Google$

"MONA MACHREE"

Mona Machree, I'm the wanderin' creature now,
Over the sea;
Slave of no lass, but a lover of Nature now,
Careless and free.

—T. A. DALY

MONA MACHREE! och, the sootherin' flow of it,

Soft as the sea,
Yet, in under the mild, moves the wild undertow
of it

Tuggin' at me,
Until both the head and the heart o' me's fightin'
For breath, night a death all so grandly invitin'
That—barrin' your own livin' yet—I'd delight in,

Drowned in the deeps of this billowy song to you Sung by a lover your beauty has banned,
Not alone from your love but his dear native land,
Whilst the kiss of his lips, and touch of his hand,

And his song—all belong to you,

Mona Machree!

SONG DISCORDANT

You are as sour as you are sweet,
And sweeter than the daffodil
That blossoms at your feet.—
You are as plain as you are fair;
And though I hate, I love you still,
And so—confound you, darling! There!—
I want to say it, and I will!

I want to ask it, and I do

Demand of you a perfect trust,—

But love me as I want you to—
You must, you minx!—you must!

You blight and bless me, till I swear
And pray—chaotic even as you.—
I curse—Nay, dear,—I kiss you. There!—
I want to, and I do!

LARRY NOOLAN'S NEW YEAR

BE-GORRIE, aI wor sorry
When the Ould Year died:
An' aI says, "aI'll shtart to-morry,
Like aI've always thried—
aI'll give yes all fair warnin'
aI'll be shtartin' in the mornin'
From the wakeness aI was born in—
When the Ould Year died."

The year forninsht the pasht wan,
When the Ould Year died,
Says aI, "This is the lasht wan
aI'll be filled—wid pride."
So says aI til Miss McCarty
aI wor meetin' at the party,
"Lave us both be drinkin' hearty!"
When the Ould Year died.

So we dined an' wined together,
When the Ould Year died,
An' agreed on health an' weather,
An' the whule wurrld wide,
An' says aI,—"aI'm thinkin' very
Much it's you al'd like to marry"

LISPING IN NUMBERS

WE' got a' Uncle writes poetry-rhymes
Fer me an' Eddie to speak, sometimes,—
'Cause he's a poet—an' he gits paid
Fer poetry-writin',—'cause that's his trade.
An' Eddie says he's goin' to try
To be a poet, too, by an' by
When he's a man!—an' I 'spect he is,
'Cause on his slate wunst he print' this
An' call it

"THE SQUIRL AND THE FUNY LITEL GIRL"

"A litel girl
Whose name wuz Perl
Went to the woods to play.
The day wuz brite,
An' her hart wuz lite
As she galy skiped a way.

"A queer litel chatter,
A soft litel patter,
She herd in the top of a tree:

"She twisted her curl,
As she looked at the squirl,
An' playfully told it 'good day!'
She calld it 'Bunny'—
Wuzent that funy?
An' it noded an' bounded a way."

Ma read it, an' says "she's awful proud,"— An' Pa says "Splen'id!" an' laugh' out loud; But Uncle says, "You can talk as you please, It's a purty good little poetry-piece!"

BENJAMIN HARRISON

ON THE UNVEILING OF HIS MONUMENT AT INDIAN-APOLIS—OCTOBER 27, 1908

AS tangible a form in History

The Spirit of this man stands forth as here

He towers in deathless sculpture, high and

clear

clear
Against the bright sky of his destiny.
Sprung of our oldest, noblest ancestry,
His pride of birth, as lofty as sincere,
Held kith and kin, as Country, ever dear—
Such was his sacred faith in you and me.
Thus, natively, from youth his work was one
Unselfish service in behalf of all—
Home, friends, and sharers of his toil and
stress;

Ay, loving all men and despising none, And swift to answer every righteous call, His life was one long deed of worthiness.

The voice of Duty's faintest whisper found

Of mothers' prayers and pleadings all around;
And ever the despairing sob and sigh
Of stricken wives and orphan children's cry.
Made all our Land thrice consecrated ground.
So ran his "Forward!" and so swept his sword—
On!—on!—till from the fire-and-cloud once more
Our proud Flag lifted in the glad sunlight
As though the very Ensign of the Lord
Unfurled in token that the strike was o'er,
And victory—as ever—with the right.

LEE O. HARRIS

CHRISTMAS DAY-1909

SAY not he is dead,
The friend we honored so;
Lift up a grateful voice instead
And say: He lives, we know—
We know it by the light
Of his enduring love
Of honor, valor, truth and right,
And man, and God above.

Remember how he drew
The child-heart to his own,
And taught the parable anew,
And reaped as he had sown;
Remember with what cheer
He filled the little lives,
And stayed the sob and dried the tear
With mirth that still survives.

All duties to his kind

It was his joy to fill;

With nature gentle and refined,

Yet dauntless soul and will,

He met the trying need
Of every troublous call,
Yet high and clear and glad indeed
He sung above it all.

Ay, listen! Still we hear
The patriot song, the lay
Of love, the woodland note so dear—
These will not die away.
Then say not he is dead,
The friend we honor so,
But lift a grateful voice instead,
And say: He lives, we know.

TO BENJ. S. PARKER

YOU sang the song of rare delight
"'Tis morning and the days are long"—
A morning fresh and fair and bright
As ever dawned in happy song;
A radiant air, and here and there
Were singing birds on sprays of bloom,
And dewy splendors everywhere,
And heavenly breaths of rose perfume—
All rapturous things were in the song
"'Tis morning and the days are long."

O singer of the song divine,
Though now you turn your face away
With never word for me or mine
Nor smile forever and a day,
We guess your meaning, and rejoice
In what has come to you—the meed
Beyond the search of mortal voice
And only in the song indeed—
With you forever, as the song,

THE HIGHEST GOOD

TO attain the highest good
Of true man and womanhood,
Simply do your honest best—
God with joy will do the rest.

MY CONSCIENCE

SOMETIMES my Conscience says, says he,
"Don't you know me?"
And I, says I, skeered through and through,
"Of course I do.
You air a nice chap ever' way,
I'm here to say!
You make me cry—you make me pray,
And all them good things thataway—
That is, at night. Where do you stay
Durin' the day?"

And then my Conscience says, onc't more, "You know me—shore?"
"Oh, yes," says I, a-trimblin' faint, "You're jes' a saint!
Your ways is all so holy-right,
I love you better ever' night
You come around,—tel' plum daylight,
When you air out o' sight!"

And then my Conscience sort o' grits His teeth, and spits
On his two hands and grabs, of course,
Some old remorse,
And beats me with the big butt-end
O' that thing—tel my clostest friend
'Ud hardly know me. "Now," says he,
"Be keerful as you'd orto be
And allus think o' me!"

NOTES

NOTES .

p. 1 "THEM OLD CHEERY WORDS"

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, December, 1896; published in Home-Folks—1900, Songs of Home—1910.

p. 5 A DUBIOUS "OLD KRISS"

Printed in *The Ladies' Home Journal*, December, 1896; published in Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 8 YOUR HEIGHT IS OURS

This poem to Richard Henry Stoddard was written for the banquet given in his honor by The Authors' Club in New York City, March 25, 1897; printed in *The Critic*, April 3, 1897; published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911. Richard Henry Stoddard [1825-1903] was a distinguished journalist, poet, critic and editor.

p.9 HYMN EXULTANT

Written for Easter, April 18, 1897; published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 10 "O LIFE! O BEYOND!"

The title is taken from a favorite quotation to be found in Mrs. Browning's A Rhapsody of Life's Progress:—

O Life, O Beyond, Thou art strange, thou art sweet!

p. 12 OUR QUEER OLD WORLD

Printed in McClure's Magazine, August, 1897; published in Home-Folks—1900, Songs o' Cheer—1905.

p. 14 ON A YOUTHFUL PORTRAIT OF STEVENSON

Written about September, 1897; printed with the portrait described in Scribner's Magazine, December, 1897; published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911. In a letter to Miss Clara E. Laughlin, dated October 28, 1897, Mr. Riley tells of an incident associated with the poem:—

I've a youthful photograph of our beloved Robert Louis Stevenson,—and I wrote some maunderings to it—nay, to the lovely man himself—sent picture and lines to a magazine and publishing house,—and they wrote to say portrait and verses would appear in their Christmas magazine, and enclosed a great corpulent check which I had not dreamed of in such connection—so returned it, coyly saying even if I had intended the lines for money, their check was in vast excess of their worth,—but if, in lieu of such sordid compensation, Robert Louis Stevenson's publishers were to send me a set of his books, it would seem to me about all the recompense I could bear.—Well, now here's where only

NOTES

p. 15 RUBÁIYÁT OF DOC SIFERS

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, November and December, 1897; published in RubAryAr of Doc Sifers—1897. Dr. Franklin W. Hays, to whom the poem in book form is dedicated and to whom the proem is addressed, was Mr. Riley's warm personal friend, as well as physician. They became acquainted at Greenfield in the early days, and both of them knew the wholesome, old-fashioned characters

who inspired the composite of Doc Sifers.

After writing the poem entitled Doc Sifers (Vol. III, p. 416) Mr. Riley found that he had developed a congenial subject which would not let him rest, and so, out of pure love for the character, added from time to time a quatrain in the same verse-form and spirit. These stanzas were written on plain white cards, two quatrains on a card, and tossed aside in a haphazard fashion, and though no particular incident was ever left unfinished, or phase of character left half developed, the poem was not made a continuous story. This method was analogous to the style of the Rubáiyát, in which there was no special continuity of plan. Though the writing of the poem was similar in method to the Rubáiyát of Omar Khayyam, its spirit offers a sharp contrast. In fact, Mr. Riley's poem is an indirect reply to the epicurean pessimism and cynicism of the other poem, presenting "a picture of a wholesome, helpful, industrious man.—a doctor with hale faith in God and man, in contrast to the old Persian's utterly hopeless doctrine." Doc Sifers is the embodiment of altruism and unselfishness, and the incarnation of a cheerful philosophy. Mr. Riley loves the character as devotedly as an old friend.

Mr. Riley's impressions of the Rubáiyát of Omar Khayyam were contained in a letter dated August 25, 1880, and addressed to Mrs. John M. Judah, who had just loaned him her copy of the poem:—

I owe you many thanks for the privilege given me for the careful reading of this remarkable poem of Khayyam's. As a poem, I think it wonderfully fine in many particulars—only, its logic lures one further and further from the old childish faith, which to possess again, in all its purity, would make me want to die at once while I could—without the vaguest doubt of immortality.

[Here followed the poem At Sea, Vol. II, p. 253.]

XLVIII: Daniel Boone [1735-1820] was a celebrated Kentucky pioneer. Mungo Park [1771-1806] was the great African traveler who explored the Niger. In 1799, he wrote *Travels in the Interior of Africa*. Adam Poe was a noted Indiana fighter and associate of Daniel Boone.

p. 55 WHERE THE CHILDREN USED TO PLAY

Printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, November 14, 1897, with the title, *An Old-Home Song*, and subtitle, *Written for Music*; published in Afterwhiles (not in first edition)—1898, Farm-Rhymes—1901, The Lockerbie Book—1911, Knee Deep in June and Other Poems—1912. "Mother" is the wife.

p. 57 MR. FOLEY'S CHRISTMAS

Drinted in The Interior December 1807 : nuh-

in first edition)—1898, THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911.

p. 62 CHRISTMAS ALONG THE WIRES

Printed in a supplement to The Chicago Tribune, December 19, 1897, with the title, Christmas Times Along the Wires; published in Home-Folks—1900.

p. 63, l. 12: Ben Custer's Band was a popular organization hailing from Centerville, Indiana,

p. 72 TO THE BOY WITH A COUNTRY

Written in March, 1898, for Dan Wallingford, age seven, who was a national boy hero at the time, voicing the indignant patriotism aroused through the destruction of the battleship Maine in Havana Harbor. Distressed by the disaster, he sent all his savings, amounting to forty-eight cents, to the Secretary of the Navy with this letter:—

I have been wanting to do something for my country
I think now is the time
So I send you all the pennies
I have to help build a new ship
Dan Wallingford
7 years old

Secretary Long replied with fitting appreciation, and the entire country thrilled with the story of the little boy's patriotic spirit.

p. 73 AT CROWN HILL

Written at the death of Hiram King Curtis, March 19, 1898; printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, May 26, 1901, with the title, *At Home*, published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie

Book—1911. Mr. Curtis [1823-1898], for several years principal of the public schools at Kokomo, Peru and Logansport, Indiana, was the father of John J. Curtis of The Bobbs-Merrill Publishing Company, in whose office he met Mr. Riley frequently and formed a cordial friendship with him.

p. 75 SNOW IN THE AIR

Written prior to May, 1898, at which time it was included in a volume of collected poems called The Golden Year as *Envoy*; published in The Locker-bie Book—1911, with the same title.

p. 76 THE NAME OF OLD GLORY

An early version of this poem was given by Mr. Riley at a banquet of The Indianapolis Literary Club, May 18, 1898; during the summer it was revised and was printed in The Atlantic Monthly, December, 1898; published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911. In The Atlantic Monthly, just following the title were the words: "When, why, and by whom, was our flag, The Stars and Stripes, first called 'Old Glory'? Daily query to Press." On February 23, 1903, when the State of Indiana presented a sword to Admiral Taylor, who commanded the battleship Indiana in the engagement off Santiago, Mr. Riley read the poem with this introductory tribute to the flag:—

It may seem a late day in which to attempt a tribute to our glorious old flag, the stars and stripes: but that it is an ever newer glory in our eyes and an ever dearer rapture which to fitly glorify it, or poets may sing its praises till their song seems one with the music of the ripples of the breezes in its silken folds; but no tribute-voice of forum, harp or clarion may well hold mute the one all-universal voice that breaks, with cheers and tears, at every newer sight of our Nation's hallowed emblem—the old flag. Over its brave heroes and defenders, since "the shot heard round the world," it has been a panoply, a shelter and a shield, and yet how proudly have the embattled hosts gone down that they might lift it to securer heights. Its wavering shade has fallen on the weary marcher softly as the shadow of the maple at his father's door. He has heard its flutterings, like light laughter, in the lull of noonday battle; and, worn with agony, above the surgeon's tent, that all is well. Yea, and in death the sacred banner has enfolded him, even as a mother's fond caress. Ho, but the Lord's own victory in which he shares; the land he loved restored, inviolate, to kinsmen, comrades and oncoming patriot thousands yet to be—the broad old land of freedom firm under foot once more—the old flag overhead! And what inspiring symbol must this banner be to its like brave defenders who go down to sea in ships. One of thesea hapless prisoner for a while—says this of the old flag:— "There's an odd thing about that flag when you meet it on the high seas and the wind is blowing hard, namely, that of all flags I know, it is the most alive: when the wind blows, the most eager and keen, with the stripes flowing and darting, and the stars seeming to dance with the joy of excitement. So that there is none better to go into battle, or come down the street when the fifes are piping ahead; but if you want something to signify peace and quiet, you would be as well off with not such bristling stars and fewer stripes, for the stars will leap and the stripes show their energy whenever the wind blows." And with righteous pride it is recorded that upon the sea-borne on the throbbing bosom of the gale and baptized with the salt sea spray—this beloved flag of ours was first christened by the name of Old Glory.

p. 79 ONE WITH A SONG

Dated June 24, 1898; printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, June 25, 1898, with the title, *Frank L. Stanton*; published in Home-Folks—1900, The

LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911. Between Mr. Riley and Mr. Frank Lebby Stanton, of *The Atlanta Constitution*, there has long been a hearty friendship. The latter has dedicated two of his happiest poems to Mr. Riley, A Dream of June and James Whitcomb Riley.

The following cordial verses (undated) were also

addressed to Mr. Stanton by Mr. Riley:-

TO FRANK L. STANTON

I

O singer of the South,
Singing on through drip or drouth,
With the very bees a-murmur round the honey of your
mouth,
Sweeter song or sweeter word
Never woodland ever heard—
Simply, Stanton, Master Songster,
Bard of Nature, you're a bird!

II

So from out the Northland stirred
May another bird be heard—
The chirrup of the merest wren beside the mocking-bird!
But la! no matter whether
It is wet or shiny weather,
We'll hop up on the selfsame bough and chirp, and sing together.

p. 81

INDIANA

Published in Afterwhiles (not in first edition)
—1898, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 82 CHRISTMAS AFTERTHOUGHT

p. 83 THE CHRISTMAS LONG AGO

Published in RHYMES OF CHILDHOOD (not in first edition)—1898.

p. 84 EXCEEDING ALL

Published in RHYMES OF CHILDHOOD (not in first edition)—1898, Songs o' Cheer—1905, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 85 CLAUDE MATTHEWS

Printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, August 30, 1898; hitherto unpublished in book form. Claude Matthews, born in Bath County, Kentucky, December 14, 1845, died at Lafayette, Indiana, August 28, 1898. He married a daughter of Governor James Whitcomb, after whom Mr. Riley was named. In 1892 he became governor of Indiana.

p. 86 THE SERMON OF THE ROSE

Printed in *The Atlantic Monthly*, September, 1898; published in Love-Lyrics—1899, Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 88 THE ONWARD TRAIL

Written just following the death of Myron W. Reed, at Denver, January 30, 1899, and printed in The Indianapolis Journal, January 31, 1899; published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911. Myron Reed, born in Brookfield, Vermont, July 24, 1836, was a well-known preacher.

He was one of Mr. Riley's most intimate friends, and accompanied him and W. P. Fishback on a visit to England in 1891. Mrs. May W. Donnan, of Indianapolis, said in *The Indianapolis Journal*, February 13, 1899:—

All who knew Mr. Reed will appreciate the naming of this poem, all who loved him will seize upon its suggestiveness. Many of us think of Mr. Reed as a scout, one who courted the unfamiliar, who loved to explore, who sought not old, tried, beaten paths, but new, untrodden ways. He had the keen eye, the quick ear, the unerring instinct of the There was an elemental force in him overbalancing rules and doctrines; there was a strain of the primitive, the simple, that opposed the artificial and acquired. He abhorred ceremony, merely as such; he loved freedom of thought, liberty of action, genuineness and spontaneity. There was no air of superiority or patronage in Mr. Reed's preaching, no assumption of righteousness, no pretense of spiritual authority. His listeners felt the oneness with themselves, his sympathy with their failures. They felt he, too, lost the way sometimes, that for him the trail was occasionally obscured, but there are many to whom it is a comfort to know that he had to try as hard as they to keep the good path. What a heart of affliction he had! What a hand to help! Who in Indianapolis does not remember the sermons delivered after the Johnstown disaster, the Lawrenceburg flood, the death of Garfield? Who has forgotten the talks given at the annual meetings of the Charity Association, and the plea for hearts alive to the suffering about us? Who has forgotten the address on Burns, with its call for loving judgment? Who does not remember how God was always pictured as a tender, loving Father? Mr. Reed believed God viewed sin "with other, larger eyes than ours," and he told us not to be afraid. His was the beautiful gospel of hope, as strenuous as that of Browning. His was the flag of courage, never dipping in the face of fear. And his, too, was the doctrine of cheerfulness. He continually echoed Mr. Riley's "When a man's jest glad plum through, God's pleased with him, same as you." A trail is

p. 90

TO LESLEY

Written for Lesley Payne, the poet's little niece; printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, February 19, 1899; hitherto unpublished in book form. Compare Burns' "O Saw Ye Bonnie Lesley."

p. 91 THE NATURALIST

Dated Indianapolis, March 4, 1899; printed in The Hesperian Tree, An Annual of the Ohio Valley—1900, with the subtitle, Oliver Davie, on Reading His "Reveries and Recollections"; published in HOME-FOLKS—1900, THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911.

Oliver Davie [1856-1911], of Columbus, Ohio, was a naturalist, bookman, and author. Robert G. Ingersoll called his *Reveries and Recollections of a Naturalist* [1898] "one of the finest tributes to nature ever penned." Mr. Riley knew Mr. Davie by correspondence.

p. 92 HER WAITING FACE

Published in Love-Lyrics—1899. The fourth line also appears in *The Flying Islands of the Night* [Vol. I, p. 304, last line].

p. 93 BLOOMS OF MAY

Published in Love-Lyrics-1899.

p. 94 A SONG OF THE ROAD

p. 96 THE ENDURING

Printed in Scribner's Magazine, July, 1899; published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911. This poem is a memory of the old shoe-shop at Greenfield and its quaint English proprietor, Tom Snow, as he was familiarly called, who was an interesting character in the early days at Greenfield. His place was much frequented by the boys of the town because he was a fascinating talker. He was chiefly interested in establishing the first library at Greenfield. See Jim, Vol III, p. 365.

Mr. Riley has never read elsewhere the lines quoted from the old engraving, nor has he ever

learned their authorship.

p. 98 A HUMBLE SINGER

Written about September 2, 1899; printed in The Topeka State Journal (Kansas), September 15, 1899; published in Morning—1907, The Locker-Bie Book—1911. Eugene Ware's Old Kansas Veteran, which appeared in The Indianapolis Journal, September 2, 1899, inspired the writing of these lines. See note on The Rhymes of Ironquill, Vol. IV, p. 527, for further information about Eugene Ware.

p. 99 THE NOBLEST SERVICE

Written at the death of Dr. Wyckliffe Smith, of Delphi, Indiana, December 28, 1899, and dated December 29; published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911. Dr. Smith, one of the poet's best of friends, was killed at a railroad crossing while making a professional call in the country near Delphi. His daily life was filled with deeds of kindliness and service. For the story of

his friendship with Mr. Riley compare the following poems and their notes in Vol. III: Herr Weiser, p. 172; From Delphi to Camden, p. 174; On the Banks o' Deer Crick, p. 290.

p. 100 OLD MAN WHISKERY-WHEE-KUM-WHEEZE

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, February, 1900, with the four poems that follow under the general title, *The Hoosier Youngster*; published in THE BOOK OF JOYOUS CHILDREN—1902.

p. 102 LITTLE-GIRL-TWO-LITTLE-GIRLS

Printed in The Century Magazine, February, 1900, with the title, The Little Girl That Was Two Little Girls; published in THE BOOK OF JOYOUS CHILDREN—1902.

p. 103 THE PENALTY OF GENIUS

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, February, 1900; published in The Book of Joyous Children —1902.

p. 104 A PARENT REPRIMANDED

Printed in The Century Magazine, February, 1900; published in The Book of Joyous Children —1902.

p. 105 IN FERVENT PRAISE OF PICNICS

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, February, 1900; published in The Book of Joyous Children —1902.

p. 106 THE HOME-VOYAGE

Printed in The Indianapolis Journal, February 6, 1900; published in Home-Folks—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911. General Henry W. Lawton, a veteran of the Civil War, the Indian campaigns in the West, and the Spanish-American War, was born at Toledo, Ohio, March 17, 1843, and was killed by a shot fired from ambush at San Mateo, near Manila, P. I., December 18, 1899. His body was brought back to America and lay in state at Indianapolis, February 6, 1900, before being taken to its last resting place, the soldiers' national cemetery at Arlington. At the time of his death he was a great national hero.

p. 108 TO THE QUIET OBSERVER

Dated March, 1900, printed in the first issue of *The Quiet Observer*, a small magazine edited by Erasmus Wilson, May 3, 1900; hitherto unpublished in book form. See *Erasmus Wilson*, Vol. IV, p. 113.

p. 109 PROEM TO "HOME-FOLKS"

Published, without title, as the proem in Home-Folks—1900.

p. 110 OUR BOYHOOD HAUNTS

Published in Home-Folks—1900, Songs of Home—1910, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 112 UNCLE SIDNEY'S LOGIC

Published in Home-Folks-1900.

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p. 113

HIS LOVE OF HOME

Published in Home-Folks-1900.

p. 114 TO "UNCLE REMUS"

Published in Home-Folks—1900. Between Mr. Riley and Joel Chandler Harris there was an affectionate friendship. On Christmas day, 1904, the latter sent him his new book, *The Rhymes of Uncle Remus*, written at Mr. Riley's suggestion. In this volume Mr. Harris inscribed the following poem, in appreciation of that inspiration, and reminiscent of delightful companionship on summer evenings in Mr. Harris' home, Wren's Nest, near Atlanta, during Mr. Riley's visits. These verses are now published for the first time. The last stanza refers to the dedication of his novel of *Gabriel Tolliver* to Mr. Riley.

TO JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY

It's ho-my-Riley! kaze all thu my dreams
You er allers a-skippin' dat Jim-along-Jeems
Wid Jim-along-Joe twel it natchally seems
You er here sho 'nough, whar you oughter be,
A-bangin' aroun' an' a-loafin' wid me—
An' I wish you wuz—Yes-sir-eee!

Well, dish yer book, it b'longs ter you, Kaze you up'd an' tol' me what to do, An' when ter blow on my fil-a-ma-loo: An' I went an' done it, des ez you say, Sometimes in de night, sometimes in de day, An' when folks pestered, I had um sont away.

Now of Gabe Tolliver, he was a shame, A little too long, an' a little too tarne, An' dish yer's de book dat oughter have yo' name

p. 115 THE BALLADE OF THE COMING RAIN

Published in Home-Folks—1900, Songs of Summer—1908.

p. 116 TO THE JUDGE

Published in Home-Folks—1900, Songs of Home—1910, The Lockerbie Book—1911. The poem was intended for Mr. Riley's old friend, Judge Grandison Offut, of Greenfield.

Stanza 5, ll. 3-4: "Hans Breitmann," the pseudonym of Charles Godfrey Leland; Artemus Ward, Mark Twain, Robert J. Burdette, Edgar Wilson Nye, all favorite humorists of the two friends.

p. 118 A WHOLLY UNSCHOLASTIC OPINION

Published in Home-Folks-1900.

p. 119 A SHORT'NIN' BREAD SONG—PIECED OUT

Published in Home-Folks—1900. The chorus is adapted from an old negro song and fiddle tune.

p. 122 THE UNHEARD

Published in Home-Folks—1900, The Locker-BIE BOOK—1911.

p. 124 EQUITY—?

Published in Home-Folks-1900.

p. 127 THE EDGE OF THE WIND

Published in Home-Folks—1900, The Locker-BIE BOOK—1911.

p. 128 THE HIRED MAN'S FAITH IN CHILDREN

Published in Home-Folks—1900, Songs o' Cheer—1905, The Raggedy Man—1907. See The Raggedy Man, Vol. IV, p. 102.

p. 129 THE LOVELY HUSBAND

Published in Spirk and Wunk Rhymes, Rounds and Catches in The Flying Islands of the Night—1900. Stanza 1 of this poem first appeared in 1898 in the final revision of the poem, The Flying Islands of the Night, Vol. I, p. 287, ll. 3-14. At the same time appeared another stanza not included in this version of The Lovely Husband. [Cf. Vol. I, p. 302, l. 15 to p. 303, l. 2.] Neither the music nor stanzas 2 and 3 were produced until the 1900 edition of the volume, The Flying Islands of the Night, where they were published in the section called Spirk and Wunk Rhymes, Rounds and Catches.

p. 133 THREE SEVERAL BIRDS

Published in Spirk and Wunk Rhymes, Rounds and Catches in The Flying Islands of the Night—1900, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 137 THE BED

p. 140

HOME-FOLKS

Printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, October 28, 1900; published in Home-Folks—1900. The early version consisted of five stanzas only: 1, 2, 4, 8 and 10.

p. 142 AMERICA'S THANKSGIVING

Printed in *The World* (New York), November 25, 1900; hitherto unpublished in book form.

p. 144 TO EDMUND CLARENCE STEDMAN

Written for the reception to Edmund Clarence Stedman given by The Authors' Club in New York City, December 6, 1900; published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. Edmund Clarence, Stedman [1833-1908] journalist, scholar, poet, banker, was president of the National Institute of Arts and Letters, 1904-1905. There was a long and cordial friendship between him and Mr. Riley.

p. 146 WHEN WE FIRST PLAYED "SHOW"

Written early in January, 1901; published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902. Mr. Charles Vergil Tevis reports the following from an interview with Mr. Riley, in *The Indianapolis Sentinel*, June 28, 1903:—

habara ad a basama a abanyana a man who parada t

the folks laugh! Especially the ones that had been crying. And maybe I would be a clown who could ride a horse my own self; and then when all the people thought I couldn't ride, I would fool 'em, for that's a clown's business. I had it all planned out, exactly as a thousand other boys have planned it all. During the inception part of this epoch the five-pin-admission-fee-back-yard-circus was my training quarters. Where is the man who will be ignorant of my meaning?

p. 149 WILLIAM PINKNEY FISHBACK

Printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, January 17, 1901; hitherto unpublished in book form. With the poem appeared this notice:—

William P. Fishback died suddenly at his home in Indianapolis, January 15, 1901. He was one of the best-known lawyers in the state, a partner of General [Benjamin] Harrison and [Governor] Albert G. Porter.

Mr. Fishback, a man of remarkable wit and brilliance, was a close friend of Mr. Riley and, accompanied by Myron W. Reed, made a trip to England with him in the summer of 1901.

p. 151 A GOOD MAN

Written after the death of James A. Mount, January 16, 1901; printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, January 18, 1901, with the subtitle, *James A. Mount*; published in Morning—1907, Songs of Home—1910, The Lockerbie Book—1911. James A. Mount [1843-1901], farmer and orator, was twenty-fourth governor of Indiana.

p. 152 JOHN CLARK RIDPATH

This tribute, hitherto unpublished in book form, was prepared for the exercises held in memory

of Mr. Riley's friend, John Clark Ridpath, at De-Pauw University, January 20, 1901, on which occasion it was read by Miss Hope Erwin, in Mr. Riley's absence. Dr. Ridpath had died on the thirty-first day of the previous July. Writing to Mrs. Ridpath, February 26, 1901, Mr. Riley said:—

How little we can do for those we so deeply love, after they have gone from us! To me the loss—or, rather, the continued absence—of the doctor is deeply felt, and my world of friends is grown a small world indeed since his presence of old so filled and made it populous.

See Lines to Perfesser John Clark Ridpath, Vol. IV. p. 130, and note.

p. 154 HIS HEART OF CONSTANT YOUTH

Written at the death of Major Charles L. Holstein, January 22, 1901; printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, January 25, 1901; published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. Major Holstein [1843-1901], soldier, lawyer and student, was one of the poet's most congenial and helpful friends. In 1892 he invited Mr. Riley to make his home with him on Lockerbie Street, since which time the poet has resided there. The quotation beneath the title, not printed with the first version, is from Major Holstein's poem, *The Drums*.

p. 157 THE PATHS OF PEACE

Written February 15, 1901; printed in The Indianapolis News, February 21, 1901, with the title,

thor of Songs of Fair Weather, The Witchery of Archery, etc. For the greater part of his life he lived at Crawfordsville, Indiana. Mr. Riley admired and delighted in his poetry.

p. 159 THE TRIBUTE OF HIS HOME

Written following the death of President Benjamin Harrison at Indianapolis, March 13, 1901; published in Home-Folks (Homestead Edition)—1902, HIS PA'S ROMANCE—1903, THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911. At the time of Harrison's death, Mr. Riley gave the press a statement here partly quoted:—

My first meeting with General Harrison dates back to the time when he appeared as an attorney at the Greenfield bar. Among the members of that bar was my father, Reuben Riley, who was among his ardent admirers. So my affectionate admiration for General Harrison was fixed in my boyhood.

A man more universally esteemed than General Harrison will not be found within the boundaries of our common country. He was a man who inspired the deepest respect of all those with whom he came in contact, and particularly of those who knew him best here in his own home city, where his long life has been passed. We have nothing but praise, honor and affection for our great friend and fellow. This adds to the very distinguished greatness which he so justly earned by his upright, intellectual life.

See Benjamin Harrison, p. 430.

p. 160 AMERICA

Dated September 14, 1901, the day President McKinley died, and printed in The Chicago Eve-

With the title, The Messiah of Nations, the poem was set to music by John Philip Sousa, and sung by a chorus at the dedication of the Indianapolis Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument May 15, 1902. On May 10, 1902, the music was published with the poem in The Indianapolis News.

See the following poem and note.

p. 162 EVEN AS A CHILD

Written at the burial of President McKinley, September 19, 1901; published in Morning—1907, Lockerbie Book—1911. See preceding note and poem; also William McKinley, p. 409.

p. 163 THE HOOSIER IN EXILE

Read at a banquet of The Indiana Society of Chicago, December 17, 1901; printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, December 18, 1901; published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 165 THE QUEST OF THE FATHERS

Read by the author before the New England Society of Detroit, December 20, 1901; printed in *The Detroit Free Press* of the same date; published in MORNING—1907, THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911.

p. 168 TO THE MOTHER

p. 169 NEW YEAR'S NURSERY JINGLE

This poem was found on the back of an old envelope with the subheading, 1902; hitherto unpublished in book form.

p. 170 FOOL-YOUNGENS

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, January, 1902: published in The Book of Joyous Children —1902.

p. 172 A GUSTATORY ACHIEVEMENT

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, January, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children —1902.

p. 173 BILLY AND HIS DRUM

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, January, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children —1902.

p. 175 A DIVERTED TRAGEDY

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, January, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children —1902.

p. 176 THOMAS THE PRETENDER

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, January, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children —1902.

p. 178 TO MY SISTER

Written February 10, 1902, for Mrs. Henry Eitel; hitherto unpublished in book form.

NOTES

p. 179

THE SOLDIER

Read by the author at the dedicatory exercises of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument, Indianapolis, May 15, 1902, for which occasion the poem was written; printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, May 16; published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. See *A Monument to the Soldiers*, Vol. III, p. 148, and its note.

p. 182 A CHRISTMAS GLEE

Written in June, 1902, printed in *The Reader*, December, 1905; published in Morning—1907. Mr. Riley composed music for these verses and this accompanied the words when printed in *The Reader*.

p. 184 NO BOYS KNOWS

Mr. Riley completed this poem just prior to the exercises at Yale University, June 25, 1902, when the honorary degree of A. M. was conferred upon him, and read it that day at the Alumni Dinner; published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 186 HIS PA'S ROMANCE

Written during the summer of 1902, printed in

dated January 20, 1902, by A. C. Fishback, of Brazil, Indiana, who had read the story in the early eighties in a newspaper. He vouched for the fact of the incident, but could not recall where it happened.

p. 198 TO JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS

Published as a dedicatory poem in The Book of Joyous Children—1902, "gratefully and affectionately inscribed to Joel Chandler Harris." See To "Uncle Remus," p. 114, and note; and also Ef Uncle Remus Please ter 'Scusen Me, p. 360.

p. 199 THE BOOK OF JOYOUS CHILDREN

Introductory poem in The Book of Joyous Children—1902, published in The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 201 ELMER BROWN

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 203 THE RAMBO-TREE

Published in The Book of Joyous Children— 1902. The Rambo apple has an unusually delicious flavor.

p. 205 FIND THE FAVORITE

Dublished in Tru Dans on Torran Correspond

D. 208

THE BOY PATRIOT

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902, The Lockerbie Book—1911. These aspirations were vividly experienced by the boy Riley while his father was at the front in the sixties. Even more than saber and rifle, the drum appealed to him, as witness the interview with Charles Virgil Tevis, in *The Indianapolis Sentinel*, June 28, 1903:—

[One of my earliest aspirations] was to be the man who thumps the snare-drum in the band. I wanted to dangle my feet over the tail-board of the band wagon and beat that drum. In my dreams the wagon was all gold and pictures, like the one in the show parade. The man who puffed over the biggest horn didn't inspire such admiration and envy in my mind as did the snare-drummer. In time I realized this treasured ambition. I dangled my legs over the back of the band wagon and rattled noisy symphonies and abused the sheepskin to my heart's content, and the public's, too! But the reality somehow destroyed the inspiration of my dreams. After a while (a short time) I forgot that the consummate joy of living depended upon a tenor drum.

p. 210

EXTREMES

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 211 INTELLECTUAL LIMITATIONS

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 212 A MASQUE OF THE SEASONS

p. 215 LITTLE DICK AND THE CLOCK

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 217 THE KATYDIDS

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 219 THE NOBLE OLD ELM

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 220 EVENSONG

Published in The Book of Joyous Children— 1902, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 221 AN IMPROMPTU FAIRY-TALE

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 223 THE TWINS

Published in The Book of Joyous Children— 1902. The jargon of the refrain is from Burns' Verses on Captain Grose, beginning:—

Ken ye ought o' Captain Grose?
Igo and ago,
If he's amang his friends or foes?
Iram, coram, dago.

p. 225 THE LITTLE LADY

p. 227 "COMPANY MANNERS"

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 228 THE GOOD, OLD-FASHIONED PEOPLE

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 230 THE BEST TIMES

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 231 "HIK-TEE-DIK"

Published in The Book of Joyous Children— 1902. "Hik-tee-dik" was the youthful war-cry of "Billy" (Dr. William Morris Pierson), and "Buddy," the boy Riley. See Vol. I, p. 408.

p. 233 "OLD BOB WHITE"

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 234 A SESSION WITH UNCLE SIDNEY

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—

1902.

One of His Animal Stories: The poem is founded on fact. The incident was told the poet by his lecture manager, John Marcus Dickey, who related it as his own experience.

p. 236, l. 21: "Waumus," a knit coat.

The second stanza of Uncle Brightens Up, printed in The Century Magazine, February, 1900,

with the title, A Pet of Uncle Sidney's; the third stanza printed in The Century Magazine, January 1902, with the title, In the Kindergarten of Noble Sone.

And Another of Our Betsy, with the title, Our Betsy, published in His Pa's Romance (Greenfield Edition and Red Series only)—1903, While

THE HEART BEATS YOUNG-1906.

The Imperious Angler written in a letter to a little friend, Edith Thomas Medairy (called "Dory-Ann"), September 25, 1901.

p. 246 A SONG OF SINGING

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902, The Lockerbie Book—1911. Stanza 2, entitled Sing, appears in Home-Folks (Homestead Edition)—1900, where lines 3-4 read:—

Sing! robin on the garden-wall
Or redbird by the woodland spring.

p. 247 THE JAYBIRD

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 248 A BEAR FAMILY

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 251 SOME SONGS AFTER MASTER-SINGERS

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902, The Lockerbie Book—1911. The initials as sub-headings refer to the authors in whose fashion the verses were written: William Shakespeare,

Robert Herrick, William Wordsworth, Alfred Tennyson, Robert Browning, William Morris. See the third paragraph, on p. 548, Vol. II.

p. 257 CLIMATIC SORCERY

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902.

p. 258 THE TREASURE OF THE WISE MAN

Published in The Book of Joyous Children—1902, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 259 OLD GRANNY DUSK

Written September-October, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children—(second edition)—1902, His Pa's Romance—1903.

p. 260 FIRE AT NIGHT

Written September-October, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children (second edition)—1902, His Pa's Romance—1903.

p. 261 THE YOUNG OLD MAN

Written September-October, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children (second edition)—1902, His Pa's Romance—1903, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 263 SOME CHRISTMAS YOUNGSTERS

p. 266 TWILIGHT STORIES

Written September-October, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children (second edition)—1902, His Pa's Romance—1903.

p. 267 "GO READ YOUR BOOK!"

Written July-October, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children (second edition)—1902, His Pa's Romance—1903, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 269 WHEN UNCLE DOC WAS YOUNG

Written September-October, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children (second edition)—1902, His Pa's Romance—1903.

p. 271 THE LISPER

Written September-October, 1902; published in The Book of Joyous Children (second edition)—1902, His Pa's Romance—1903, When the Heart Beats Young—1906, Child-Verse—1908.

p. 273 A MOTTO

Written probably early in 1903; hitherto unpublished in book form. These lines were written in answer to a request from a college fraternity for a motto.

p. 274 A SIMPLE RECIPE

Man Out of the Right Kind of a Boy; printed in Collier's Weekly, February 28, 1903; published in HIS PA'S ROMANCE—1903. See Busch and Tommy, Vol. IV, p. 59, and its note.

p. 275 HER LONESOMENESS

Printed in The Youth's Companion, February 26, 1903; published in While the Heart Beats Young—1906, His Pa's Romance (Homestead Edition)—1908, Child-Verse—1908. Elizabeth, the little daughter of President Harrison, was the occasion of these verses. She said to her father one morning, "I get so lonesome about you."

In a lecture often delivered in the early eighties Mr. Riley made this comment on child utterance:—

There are unconscious poets all about us: men and women, who, in their most commonplace duties and avocations, are unconsciously sweetening their lives and our own with the poetic drippings of their melodious natures. And if we but analyze the incoherent lispings of the children—our own Paul Dombeys—how often may we find the virgin ore of poetic thought. I recall an instance of this character, furnished by a little fellow yet in dresses, who was caught staring absently from the window at the sky one day, and softly crooning over and over to himself the words: "Lonesome as a pale daylight moon—lonesome as a daylight moon!" And I know many ambitious writers of verse who would be proud to lay claim to that simple utterance; for it is poetry, so pure and perfect, in even technical construction, that it might have adorned the song of any master.

p. 279

THE TOY-BALLOON

Printed in The Ladies' Home Journal, March, 1903; published in HIS PA'S ROMANCE—1903.

p. 281

THE OLD DAYS

Written about April, 1903; printed in Collier's Weekly, December 5, 1903, with the title, Old Days; published in Morning—1907, Songs of Home—1910, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

The following, from an undated manuscript fragment, touches on the same theme in dialect:—

> In the old days 'at's past and gone, As dead as where yer walkin' on The graves of them you loved and lost In Spring o' life, afore the frost O' death set in—In the old days I face around and gaze and gaze.

p. 282 TO A POET ON HIS MARRIAGE

Written in June, 1903; hitherto unpublished in book form. Mr. Riley sent these lines to his good friend, Mr. Madison Cawein, on the occasion of the latter's marriage to Miss Gertrude McKelvey, at Louisville, June 4, 1903. See A Southern Singer, Vol. IV, p. 36; and note.

p. 283

LOCKERBIE FAIR

Written in June, 1903, for the second Lockerbie Street Fair held June 24-26; published in HIS PA'S ROMANCE—1903, THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911. The poem was sold in pamphlet form in one of the

p. 285 THE OLD MAN OF THE SEA

Printed in Collier's Weekly, September 26, 1903; published in His Pa's Romance—1903.

p. 287

PROSE OR VERSE?

Published in HIS PA'S ROMANCE—1903.

p. 288 BILLY MILLER'S CIRCUS-SHOW

Published in His Pa's Romance—1903, Songs o' Cheer—1905, The Orphant Annie Book—1908, Ef You Don't Watch Out—1911. See When We First Played "Show," p. 146, and its note.

p. 290

IT'S GOT TO BE

Printed in Success Magazine, December, 1903; published in Morning—1907, Songs of Home—1910.

p. 293 CHRISTMAS SEASON

Written for Christmas, 1903; published in HIS PA'S ROMANCE (Homestead Edition)—1908. The verses were sent in a Christmas letter to the poet, Miss Edith M. Thomas, and her niece, Miss Edith Thomas ("Dory-Ann") Medairy, with this addi-

ART AND POETRY

Written for The Press Artists' Exhibition held at the Claypool Hotel (Indianapolis) the last week in January, 1904; hitherto unpublished in book form. The lines were addressed to the famous cartoonist, Homer C. Davenport [1867-1912].

p. 296 THE CHILDREN OF THE CHILDLESS

Printed in Collier's Weekly, April 2, 1904; published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 298 HOOSIER SPRING-POETRY

Printed in *The Century Magazine*, June, 1904; published in Morning—1907, Songs of Summer—1908, A Summer's Day and Other Poems—1911.

p. 300 THE VOICE OF PEACE

Dated November 17, 1904, on which day the Independence Bell was exhibited in Indianapolis to the school children; printed in *The Reader*, July, 1905; published in MORNING—1907, THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911. For the early form of the lines see Vol. I, pp. 255-6.

p. 302 A DEFECTIVE SANTA CLAUS

Printed in Collier's Weekly, December 3, 1904 Dublished in A DEFECTIVE SANTA CLAUS—1904 HIS PA'S ROMANCE (Homestead Edition)—1908

p. 313 WHAT LITTLE SAUL GOT, CHRISTMAS

Printed in The Cosmopolitan, December, 1904; published in While the Heart Beats Young—1906, Morning—1907, The Runaway Boy—1908.

p. 315 GENERAL LEW WALLACE

Written at the death of General Lew Wallace, February 16, 1905; printed in Collier's Weekly, March 4, 1905; published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. General Lew Wallace was born at Brookville, Indiana, April 10, 1827, and served throughout the Civil War. At the unveiling of the Wallace monument in the Hall of Fame, Washington, January 11, 1910, Mr. Riley read this poem, preceded by the following four stanzas written for the occasion.

Even as his sculptured counterpart
Shall here endure through dateless time,
So lives he still, in soul and heart,
Heroic and sublime—
A kinsman of us all, and yet
A prince of high and heavenly strain,
The world's love as his coronet,
Throughout an endless reign.

Ay, still he lives—where harvests hum
And days of bounteous peace are ours;
Or at the sudden whirring drum
When battle tempest lowers—
He lives and moves, through war's alarm,
A sensate spirit, leading still
His legions with a wavering arm
And an unwavering will.

What heights of inspiration he

Who meets and smites the impious foe That strikes the banner we so love: It shields our every home below Or hope of home Above.

Shall ever, in the coming years,
The Spirit of the Soldier fail
To fire men's lips with answering cheers
And prayers while arms prevail?—
And shall not art forever shrine
Him living in her record thus,
And History, in glowing line,
Prolong his life for us!

p. 317 ON READING DR. HENRY VAN DYKE'S VOLUME OF POEMS—MUSIC

Printed in The Reader, March, 1905; published in MORNING—1907, THE LOCKERBE BOOK—1911. Mr. Riley's friend, Dr. Henry van Dyke, author and poet, and long an effective teacher at Princeton University, is now minister to The Hague. It may be interesting to know that he has written a tribute To James Whitcomb Riley, Gardener.

p. 319 HER SMILE OF CHEER AND VOICE OF SONG

Printed in *The Indianapolis News*, April 3, 1905, with the title, *Spring Fails*; published in Songs o' Cheer—1905. This poem is a tribute to Mrs. Anna Randall, written at the time of her death, March 30, 1905. Mrs. Randall was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lee O. Harris, and a schoolmate of Mr. Riley. See *To Annie*, Vol. I, p. 135, and its note.

p. 320

THINKIN' BACK

SIS RAPALYE

Printed in Collier's Weekly, April 15, 1905; published in MORNING—1907, THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911.

p. 324 TO BLISS CARMAN

Published as the dedicatory poem to Songs o' Cheer—1905, also published in The Lockerbie Book—1911. Mr. Carman has long been a friend of Mr. Riley's; and one evidence of his regard may be found in an appreciation of Mr. Riley's work written by him for *The Atlantic Monthly*, September, 1898.

p. 326 A SONG O' CHEER

Published as the proem to Songs o' Cheer—1905; published in His Pa's Romance (Homestead Edition)—1908.

p. 327 CHILD'S CHRISTMAS CAROL

Published in Songs o' Cheer—1905, His Pa's Romance (Homestead Edition)—1908, The Lock-erbie Book—1911.

p. 328 I' GOT TO FACE MOTHER TO-DAY!

Printed in *The Reader*, September, 1905; published in Morning—1907.

SOME IMITATIONS

The next poems in the order of composition are Pomona, The Passing of a Zephyr, and Ef Uncle Remus Please ter 'Scusen Me, all published in The Reader, October, 1905, and grouped with some later poems under the general heading, Some Imitations, in this volume, p. 357.

p. 332 HENRY IRVING

Written at the death of Sir Henry Irving, October 13, 1905; printed in Collier's Weekly, October 28, 1905; published in Morning-1907, The Lock-ERBIE BOOK-1911. Mr. Irving and Mr. Riley met many times, both in America and on the latter's visit to England in 1891. Through all his associations with the actor, the poet was never able to separate his real personality from the gentle character played by him when he first saw him on the stage. This was in the play Olivia, and the part was the kindly Vicar of Wakefield, whose character Irving lived throughout the play in an allperfect subtlety. Mr. Riley was impressed not alone with the great actor's art, but with his kindness to all about him and his consideration for even the humblest helper, in consequence of which he was loved and revered by every soul who knew him.

p. 333 LINCOLN—THE BOY

Printed in Collier's Weekly, February 10, 1906; published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. See Lincoln, Vol. III, p. 201.

p. 334 NICHOLAS OBERTING

Written just after February 25, 1906, at which time the item quoted below the title appeared in The Indianapolis Star; published in Morning—1907.

p. 337

RABBIT

Printed in *The Reader*, May, 1906; published in Morning—1907.

p. 339 A SPRING SONG AND A LATER

As indicated by the original manuscript, written late in August, 1906, with the title, *The Two Songs*; published in Morning—1907, Songs of Home—1910, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 340

OURS

As explained by the subheading, read at a banquet given Henry Watterson, December 8, 1906; published in MORNING—1907, THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911. In the original the following stanzas precede those of the present version:—

By more than his great State—By more than all the great United States, we rate
Our love for one
Whose home is anywhere
His hat's off and the air
Of heaven strokes his hair:
Our Watterson!

And even though he goes
To Spain—and finds, in rows,
His "castles"—grand as those
Of Cervantes.—

To his State, then, we do
Like loving homage to.—
It nurtured Boone; it grew
Us Prentice,—Clay;
The Crittendens (You know 'm!)
'Twas Lincoln's native loam—
Their "Old Kentucky Home"
The World's, to-day!

As all the glorious list
Swings back, through Fancy's mist,
We see the hands they kissed—
The maids—the wives—
The mothers—of a race
We meet here, face to face:
Their lives, by highest grace,
Heroic lives.

Henry Watterson is the editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, and a distinguished orator, writer and politician. The occasion of this poem gave the poet an opportunity to show appreciation for his friend's tribute to him before the Indiana State Teachers' Association, December 28, 1905, at Indianapolis.

p. 342 OLD INDIANY

Written early in December, 1906; hitherto unpublished in book form. In preparing these lines Mr. Riley had in contemplation a banquet of the Indiana Society of Chicago, December 11, 1906, but he did not use them. On this occasion Mr. George Ade, referred to in the last lines, was toast-master.

p. 345, l. 21: The quotation is adapted from Lowell.

p. 345 LONGFELLOW

Written for the centennial anniversary of Longfellow's birth, February 27, 1907; published in MORNING—1907; THE LOCKERBIE BOOK—1911. See Notes, Vol. I, p. 412; Longfellow's Love for the Children, Vol. III, p. 25; Longfellow, Vol. IV, p. 205.

p. 346 WITH A CHILD-BOOK

Written in March, 1907; published in HIS PA'S ROMANCE (Homestead Edition)—1908. These lines were written in a volume of *The Tailor of Gloucester* sent by Mr. Riley as a birthday gift to Mr. Madison Cawein's little son, Preston, March 18, 1907.

p. 347 THE DOCTOR

Printed in The Indianapolis Star, April 29, 1907; published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. Of this poem Dr. A. W. Brayton, of Indianapolis, said in The Indianapolis Medical Journal, May, 1911:—

And at last in the full ripeness of years Mr. Riley made his last and greatest tribute to the whole medical profession in full appreciation of the knowledge of the great progress in the sciences of chemistry and biology which physicians have applied to the curing and prevention of disease. For this purpose he took the occasion of the death of an old friend—the most romantic figure of his generation of physicians; a scientist, a soldier, a philanthropist, a combination of the scientific mind and the artistic temperament; a worker, a teacher, a helpful citizen, a loving father and brave soldier; one who knew not fear, cared not for tradition and was not deceived by names or phrases. Mr. Riley did not dwell upon science or philosophy; he saw the great field and purpose of medicine as expressed in and dominating the general practitioner and surgeon, rather than the man of science and so he "idealized the doctor some" in the poem, *The Doctor*, which appeared in *The Indianapolis Star* the morning of Dr. W. B. Fletcher's funeral and burial, April 29, 1907. Five stanzas there are—forty lines, each ringing clear and true as those in Kipling's Recessional, and like that poem which was the crowning and unexpected—even unasked for climax of the great English exhibit of her power and glory, calling the proud and haughty to the stern and essential things of natural life and duty, "lest we forget"—so this tribute to the doctor calls him to his great function of a minister to the minds and souls as well as to the bodies of his patients.

Two other stanzas to the doctor, both inscribed by Mr. Riley in books presented Dr. Joseph Eastman in the early eighties, are here given:—

Take the best man ever wuz

At Death's door, with Heaven in sight;
He don't want no Infinite.
He wants health, that's what he does,
And the doctor, and he's right.

This second inscription was afterward used by the family upon the monument over Dr. Eastman's grave:—

> First laureate of humanity, Lo, science is his poetry! With noblest master hand sweeps he The harp-strings of Anatomy.

p. 349 ABE MARTIN

Written in the spring of 1907; hitherto unpublished among Mr. Riley's works. This poem was used by Mr. F. Kinsey Hubbard (Kin Hubbard), whose cartoons appear in *The Indianapolis News*, as the introductory poem to his first book, *Abe Martin of Brown County*, *Indiana*, printed in 1907.

p. 351 MORNING

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

THE LOVELINESS

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 354

A PARTING GUEST

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

D. 355

"OUT OF REACH"

Published in Morning—1907, Songs of Home—1910, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 356

MY FOE

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 357

SOME IMITATIONS

Published in Morning—1907.

I POMONA

Printed in *The Reader*, October, 1905, with the pseudonym John Challing; published also in Songs of Summer—1908. See *A Southern Singer*, Vol. IV, p. 36; *To a Poet on His Marriage*, p. 282.

II THE PASSING OF A ZEPHYR

Printed in *The Reader*, October, 1905, under the pseudonym John Challing.

III EF UNCLE REMUS PLEASE TER 'SCUSEN ME

Printed in *The Reader*, October, 1905, under the pseudonym John Challing. The following clipping

from *The Indianapolis News* of July 14, 1903, the immediate inspiration of these verses, was sent to Joel Chandler Harris with the manuscript, which is reproduced in facsimile in this volume:—

FIGHTING RABBIT WAS DOG FOR A COMPANION

Shoals, Ind., July 14.—A familiar sight in the streets here is a white rabbit and white bird dog belonging to T. V. Allbright, which are inseparable companions. Occasionally the dog wanders away from the rabbit, and the rabbit then comes into the business portion of the town in search of the dog. The rabbit is a fighter, and has whipped several strange dogs that attacked it. It never runs from a dog; instead, it strikes its assailant so hard on the nose with its forefeet that the dog generally turns tail and flees. See To Joel Chandler Harris, p. 108, and its note.

V VAUDEVILLE SKITS

From old darky songs in general, but not from any particular ones.

p. 366

THE ROSE-LADY

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 367 A HOOSIER CALENDAR

Published in Morning—1907, as special edition, illustrated by Gustave Baumann, All the Year Round—1912. Stanza 2, 1. 6: Hosler Joe is a poem by Oscar Wild.

p. 372 THE LITTLE WOMAN

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

WHAT TITLE?

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. This is a tribute to Theodore Roosevelt.

p. 376 YOU MAY NOT REMEMBER

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. The three lines introducing this poem as though by quotation are Mr. Riley's own. The inspiration expressed itself in this form.

p. 378

THE REST

Published in Morning—1907, The Lockerbie Book—1911. The poem is written to a fancied character,—hence the initials.

p. 380

WE MUST BELIEVE

Published in Morning—1907, Songs of Home—1910, The Lockerbie Book—1911.

p. 382 THE HIRED MAN'S DOG-STORY

Published in Morning—1907. The poem is dedicated to Dr. James Newton Matthews. See the note, James Newton Matthews, Vol. IV, p. 537.

p. 389

200

PERVERSITY

Published in Morning-1907.

TIED DORT DDOTTED

GRAMPA'S CHOICE

Published in Morning-1907.

p. 393 A LITTLE LAME BOY'S VIEWS

Published in Morning-1907.

p. **3**95

A VERY TALL BOY

Published in Morning-1907.

p. 396 THE RAGGEDY MAN ON CHILDREN

Published in Morning—1907, The Raggedy Man—1907.

p. 397 'LIZABUTH-ANN ON BAKIN'-DAY

Published in Morning—1907, The Orphant Annie Book—1908, The Boy Lives on Our Farm —1911.

p. 398

GOLDIE GOODWIN

Published in Morning-1907.

p. 399

SYMPTOMS

Published in Morning—1907. Stanza 3, 1. 2: "Old Blue" river. There is a stream of this name near Greenfield.

p. 400

BUB SAYS

Published in Morning-1907.

p. 402

THE POOR STUDENT

Published in Morning-1907.

p. 404 UNCLE SIDNEY'S RHYMES

Published in Morning-1907.

p. 405 "BLUE-MONDAY" AT THE SHOE SHOP

Printed in Morning—1907. See the note on *Jim*, Vol. III, p. 365.

p. 407 THE THOUGHTS OF YOUTH

Published in Morning-1907.

p. 408

O. HENRY

Written August 15, 1907; hitherto unpublished in book form. Mr. Riley inscribed these lines in a set of his works presented to O. Henry [Sidney Porter (1867-1910)], the short-story writer. The subtitle refers to Sherrard Plummer, a character in A Madison Square Arabian Night [in The Trimmed Lamp], a story Mr. Riley took particular pleasure in.

p. 409 WILLIAM McKINLEY

Dated September 30, 1907, printed in *The Indianapolis Journal*, October 1, 1907; hitherto unpublished in book form. Mr. Rilev read this poem

p. 414 THE BOYS OF THE OLD GLEE CLUB

Printed in *The Reader*, November, 1907; published in a special edition, The Boys of the Old Glee Club—1907, His Pa's Romance (Homestead Edition)—1908. The poem is dedicated "To Newton Booth Tarkington." The *Indianapolis News* of November 2, 1907, said:—

James Whitcomb Riley's latest poem, The Boys of the Old Glee Club, appears in the November issue of The Reader Magazine. The glee club of which the Hoosier poet writes will be better known to residents of Indianapolis, and of Indiana, as the "Bald-Headed Glee Club." All its members, those who survive as well as those who have passed away, were personally acquainted with Mr. Riley and beloved by him. For years the singers appeared at various entertainments, giving freely of their services to assist in numerous worthy causes, singing at the reunions of old soldiers, at church fairs and sociables, for friends, for social gatherings, for their own amusement and for charity. The origin of the club can be traced to the first Harrison campaign in which it performed gallant service for the "favorite son" of Indiana. But it did not long remain a political glee club. Its members, all well known in the city and the State, found other calls for their talents, and to these responded freely and gladly.

As the years passed, however, age set its quaver upon their voices and it was not often that the old glee club could be mustered in strength to appear at public entertainments. Some of the younger members moved from the city and those of older years passed, one by one, to their long rest. As Mr. Riley recites, John Blake is no longer a resident of Indianapolis; Colonel Dan M. Ransdell is in Washington, sergeant-at-arms of the United States Senate; Macy and Weaver have both moved away; Bob Geiger lives in Georgia; Henry C. Adams, Mahlon Butler, David Wallace, Burgess Brown—these four alone remain. Sabold was the first to die, then came the deaths of John Slauson and Ward, and next Doctor Woodward and Edward P. Thompson followed those who had gone before. It was a cruel blow to those who had loved the men, as these old members of the old glee club had loved them, but it came with far less crushing weight than did the death of Col. Will Tarkington, the next to pass beyond the gate. "Ever' one," says Mr. Riley, "loved to love Will Tarkington."

The incident which the poet makes use of is no idle fiction of the romanticist. The phonograph record was taken, as Mr. Riley recites, and, at the home of John T. Brush, following the death of Mr. Tarkington, it was placed in the machine. The voices that came back to the old members of the club, now gray with age, holding dear the memories of the past, came to them as voices of the dead—

"Not the machine a-singin'—No,
Th' Old Glee Club o' long ago!
Seeming to call, with hail and cheer,
From Heaven's high seas down to us here."

p. 420, l. II: Dick Thompson, mentioned in Regardin' Terry Hut and its note, Vol. III, p. 325.

p. 425, l. 9: Rear Admiral George Brown [1835-1913], a Hoosier born, and a veteran of the Civil and Spanish-American Wars, who lived at Indian-

apolis after his retirement.

The songs mentioned in the poem are described as follows: Larboard Watch, an old sailors' song, music composed by T. Williams; Uncle Ned, a negro song, words and music by Stephen Foster; The Sword of Bunker Hill, words by William Ross Wallace, set to music by Covert; "Billy Magee-Magaw,"—Crow Song, an old college song, author and composer unknown (can be found in College Songs compiled by Henry Randall Waite); Tenting on the Old Camp Ground, words and music by Walter Kittredge; "A Thousand Years, My Own Columbia!",—Song of a Thousand Years, words

p. 425 "MONA MACHREE"

The manuscript, in a presentation volume, is dated May 20, 1908, with this inscription: "To T. A. Daly, Esq., with hale greetings of his old contemporary, James Whitcomb Riley"; hitherto unpublished in book form. Mona Machree is a poem by Mr. Daly which Mr. Riley greatly admires.

p. 426 SONG DISCORDANT

Published in HIS PA'S ROMANCE (Homestead Edition)—1908.

p. 427 LARRY NOOLAN'S NEW YEAR

Published in HIS PA'S ROMANCE (Homestead Edition)—1908.

p. 428 LISPING IN NUMBERS

Published in His Pa's Romance (Homestead Edition)—1908. The "little poetry-piece" here produced was preserved by Mr. Riley's sister, whose little son, Edmund H. Eitel, had written it.

p. 430 BENJAMIN HARRISON

Written for the unveiling of the Harrison monument at Indianapolis, October 27, 1908, when Mr. Riley read these two sonnets and the sonnet entitled *The Tribute of His Home*, p. 159; the three sonnets printed as one poem. with the title, *The Tribute of*

p. 432 LEE O. HARRIS—CHRISTMAS DAY, 1909

Written December 25, 1909; printed in The Indianapolis Star, December 27, 1909; hitherto unpublished in book form. Captain Lee O. Harris, the poet's old friend and teacher, died at Greenfield, December 23, 1909, aged seventy. The friendship that began when the boy Riley was his pupil deepened with the years as the latter came the better to understand and appreciate the fine qualities of his old master and the service he had rendered. They often counseled together over their poetical endeavors and always maintained the most affectionate friendship. See James Whitcomb Riley—A Sketch, Vol. I, pp. 370, 377; Three Singing Friends, Vol. IV, p. 272, and its note.

p. 434 TO BENJ. S. PARKER

Written on the day of the death of Benjamin S. Parker, March 14, 1911; printed in *The Indianapolis Star*, March 15, 1911; published in The Lockerbie Book—1911. When Mr. Riley wrote this poem he was himself very ill. The death of his old comrade, one of his first literary friends, moved him to disregard his physician's command to abstain from writing. The news of Parker's death was communicated to him about midday and during the afternoon he composed the poem.

See Three Singing Friends, Vol. IV, p. 272, and its note.

p. 435 THE HIGHEST GOOD

MY CONSCIENCE

Completed April 17, 1913; printed in The Century Magazine, July, 1913; hitherto unpublished in book form. This poem was begun about November, 1888, and the unfinished manuscript was lost to view until discovered in the work of preparing this edition. Mr. Riley completed and revised the verses on April 17, 1913.

TO THE CHILDREN

On September 29, 1913, Mr. Riley learned that the school children of Indianapolis had planned to honor him on his birthday, October 7, with exercises in the schools, a poetry shower, and a parade past his home. In appreciation he wrote the following stanza, which appeared on a souvenir he presented to the children on the occasion:—

O CHILDREN, so mild In pure worth, and so wild With delight, take the love of An "Elderly child."

The quotation in the last line is from Frederick Locker-Lampson.

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